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SAUCE.

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GETTING NEAR THE FIRING-LINE.

CARE FOR THE WOUNDED.

HOW CHINESE TROOPS ARE FED—AND PAID.

[This is the second of a series of three articles by Randall Gould, United Press manager
at Shanghai, on his recent trip to the Lunghai war front.]

KWEITHE (Eastern Hunan).—Two
early morning awakenings.

Yesterday (at Hsuehchow, junction
of the Tientsin-Pukow and the
Lunghai Railways, I peered out
from my car window through a
drizzling rain at a wounded soldier
on a stretcher. The stretcher lay
in a puddle of water on a cement
railway-platform, open to an unkind
heaven. Both it and its occupants
were drenched. But this soldier
was luckier than some of his fellows
about him on the platform, for he
held a paper-umbrella over his head
—the sort of umbrella which for-
eigners find one of the most subtly
ridiculous features of China's "joke
wars." Thus I, a foreigner, lay in
my comfortable berth, and gazed
out through a gray dawn at Hsueh-
chow—back of the front of a
Chinese war.

This morning here at Kweith I
awoke to the barking of military
commands and the pop-popping of
airplanes tuning up. Again I look-
ed out, this time to find a squad
of Chinese soldiers marching back
and forth on the ground beside the
train tracks. A mass of light rail-
way rails lay nearby, mute testi-
mony to the army supply depart-
ment's provision for sending up
food and ammunition by modern
methods. With a roar, a red fight-
ing-plane hurtled up and away from
the nearby flying field. The front
had moved nearer!

A Troop Train.

A few minutes later the front had
begun to roll up on itself like a
window-blind, for in came a troop-
train from the westward loaded with
returning troops. But they were
not coming back for rest and re-
creation; they were on their way
to Hsuehchow, where they would
transfer northward for the Shantung
front.

The word "loaded" in the fore-
going paragraph was ill-advised.
"Plastered" might have suited the
case better, at least as far as the
locomotive was concerned. Like
flies around a honey-pot the soldiers
clustered on cowcatcher, along the
boiler, on every conceivable ledge,
and even in the locomotive-cab and
up on the coal in the tender!

Back along the train there were
soldiers jammed into open coal-
cars so tightly that when a dozen
jumped off on the station platform
it was impossible to see where they
could have been among the re-
mainder! Every box-car and third-
class carriage was, of course,
similarly crum-full, and on the tops
of the cars—broiling in the sun at
mid-day—rode scores of others.

Riding the Rods.

The real aristocrats of the train
"rode the rods," not in the furtive
fashion of American hobos but open-
ly. They had rigged up to form
a species of hammock and had
lashed their boxes and pitiful pack-
ages of personal effects against the
bottoms of the cars. Even teapots
were in evidence. The special
desirability of such a location lay
in its relative coolness; the great
drawback lay in the drifting, all-
permeating yellow dust of this valley
which once was the bed of the
Yellow River until in a single night,
three-quarters of a century ago,
it bodily shifted its course hundreds
of miles to find an outlet on the
northern rather than the southern
side of the Shantung peninsula.

In the course of my inspection I
climbed up on the locomotive,
and it was immediately apparent
why the engineer and fireman
suffered incursions into their domain
with such patience. Rice wound-
ed men, dirty and bloody but all
bandaged after a fashion lying on
the comparatively smooth sur-
face of the coal cars, were fran-
tically to keep out of the way of the
engine crew.

Care for the Wounded.

To a new-comer to China this
might have seemed appalling. Cer-
tainly it could be no appetizer to
anyone, yet I had seen wars in
China before, and it seemed signifi-
cant that these men were getting
even the rough care which was their
lot thus far. In Hsuehchow they
would go either to a new and still
rather primitive army hospital or
to a more adequate and longer-
established institution, and in either
case they would receive care and,
from their point of view, relative
luxury. If their cases proved ob-
stinate and they could stand the
move, they would be sent to still
better hospitals at Nanking and
elsewhere.

Man-power in China is cheap.
Care of war wounded has not heret-
ofore been considered a profitable
investment. But times are chang-
ing in this as in other respects.
"We estimate that the National
Army has had 20,000 wounded in
the present campaign," one military
leader said, "the rebels have not
had so many on their records,
probably. The reason for this
difference in showing is that we
have sent back cases of even slight
wounds, although we are trying to
reduce this by providing better
facilities at the front. Certainly we

are trying to all we can to care
for wounded. Our provision is far
from perfect, but we are improv-
ing."

The Problem of Food Supply.

Care in another respect—the im-
portant matter of provisioning the
active fighting force—was described
by General Yui Fui Feng, Quarter-
master-General for the entire
National Army and a man of long
experience.

He is utilizing the light-railway
extensively in reaching remote
points of the front and insuring
adequate food supply. That the
provision problem is a real one is
shown by the estimated monthly
consumption of 100,000 bags of rice,
each bag weighing in the neigh-
bourhood of 200 pounds, and 300,000
bags of flour, each bag about 45
pounds, together with salt, tea and
other necessities.

Rice and Flour.

"We do not include the Chang-
sha area, for example, where food
can be purchased locally in abun-
dant, said General Yui. "We give
rice to the Southern troops—about
20 ounces a day is the ration—and
flour to the Northerners, about 20
ounces a day. If the troops are
mixed, we serve rations according
to the customs of the majority."

Some of the soldiers to be seen
about are very young, but none
are starving. It has been notice-
able, moreover, that their relations
with the townsfolk seem agreeable.
Soldiers get from \$10.50 to \$15 in
Chinese currency per month, and
while this amounts at present ex-
change to only about U.S.\$3.50 to
\$4.50 a month, it is a great deal for
a Chinese soldier accustomed to pay
ranging from nothing up. When
he does not get paid he loots, but
when he has money he prefers to
spend it lawfully and keep out of
trouble, which is agreeable to all
concerned.

The New Order.

Thus it is plain, even at the rear
and this fringe of the front, that
civil warfare in China has taken
on modern trimmings in the few
years which have elapsed since even
the Government's own soldiers took
their pay from the people direct,
wounded lay where they fell, and
the only strategic use of a railroad
was to provide private cars for
Generals and to run trains in one
direction, only—toward the front—
until the resultant snarl of rolling-
stock and failure of supplies brought
an automatic end to hostilities.

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- 2.—Cold Pickled Fish
- 3.—Veal and Ham Patties
- 4.—Chicken Pilau
- 5.—Roast Saddle of Lamb,
Mint Sauce
- 6.—Cold Bologna Sausage,
Potato Salad
- 7.—Roast Potatoes
- 8.—Cold Potatoes
- 9.—Green Peas
- 10.—Mixed Fruit Jelly
- 11.—Fruit 12.—Tea 13.—Coffee

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(July 17.)

Queen's Theatre: "7 Faces."
World Theatre: "Lady of Pave-
ments."
Star Theatre: "Jazz Singer"
and "Scenes of Hawaii."
Central Theatre: "The Studio
Murder Mystery."
Majestic Theatre: "Ladies of the
Mob."
European Mail:—Inward:
Europe via Suez (Rajputana).
Outward: Europe via Siberia (Raj-
putana), 5 p.m.
Tides: High, 2.24 a.m. and 12.45
p.m.; Low, 6.32 a.m. and 8.22 p.m.

Friday.

(July 18.)

Queen's Theatre: "7 Faces."
World Theatre: "Lady of Pave-
ments."
Star Theatre: "Jazz Singer"
and "Scenes of Hawaii."
Central Theatre: "The Studio
Murder Mystery."
Majestic Theatre: "Ladies of the
Mob."

St. Paul's College Bazaar, Lower
Albert Road, 4 p.m.

Lammert's Auction of Household
Furniture, Salesroom, 2.30 p.m.

Water Polo:—1st Div.: Kowloon
S.C. v. O.B.C.; 2nd Div.: 19th
Heavy Battery v. V.R.C.
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.

European Mail:—Inward:
Europe via Siberia (Morea). Out-
ward: Europe via Siberia (Rajpu-
tana), 8.30 a.m.
Tides: High, 2.54 a.m. and 1.40
a.m.; Low, 7.44 a.m. and 8.50 p.m.

Saturday.

(July 19.)

Queen's Theatre: "7 Faces."
World Theatre: "Lady of Pave-
ments."

Star Theatre: "Jazz Singer"
and "Scenes of Hawaii."
Central Theatre: "The Studio
Murder Mystery."
Majestic Theatre: "Ladies of the
Mob."

St. Paul's College Bazaar, Lower
Albert Road.

Golf: Bogey Pool, Fanling.

7th Ordinary Yearly Meeting,
Chinese Estates, Ltd., China Build-
ing.

Lawn Bowls:—1st Div.: O.S.C.C.
v. Kowloon Docks R.C., Recreation
C.C.C., K.C.C. v. Police R.C.,
Kowloon B.G.C. v. Taikeo R.C.,
2nd Div.: C.C.C. v. Recreation, H.K.
Electric R.C. v. C.S.C.C., Royal
H.K.Y.C. v. K.C.C., Taikeo R.C.
v. Kowloon B.G.C.

Tea Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 5
p.m.

Dinner Dance: Repulse Bay
Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

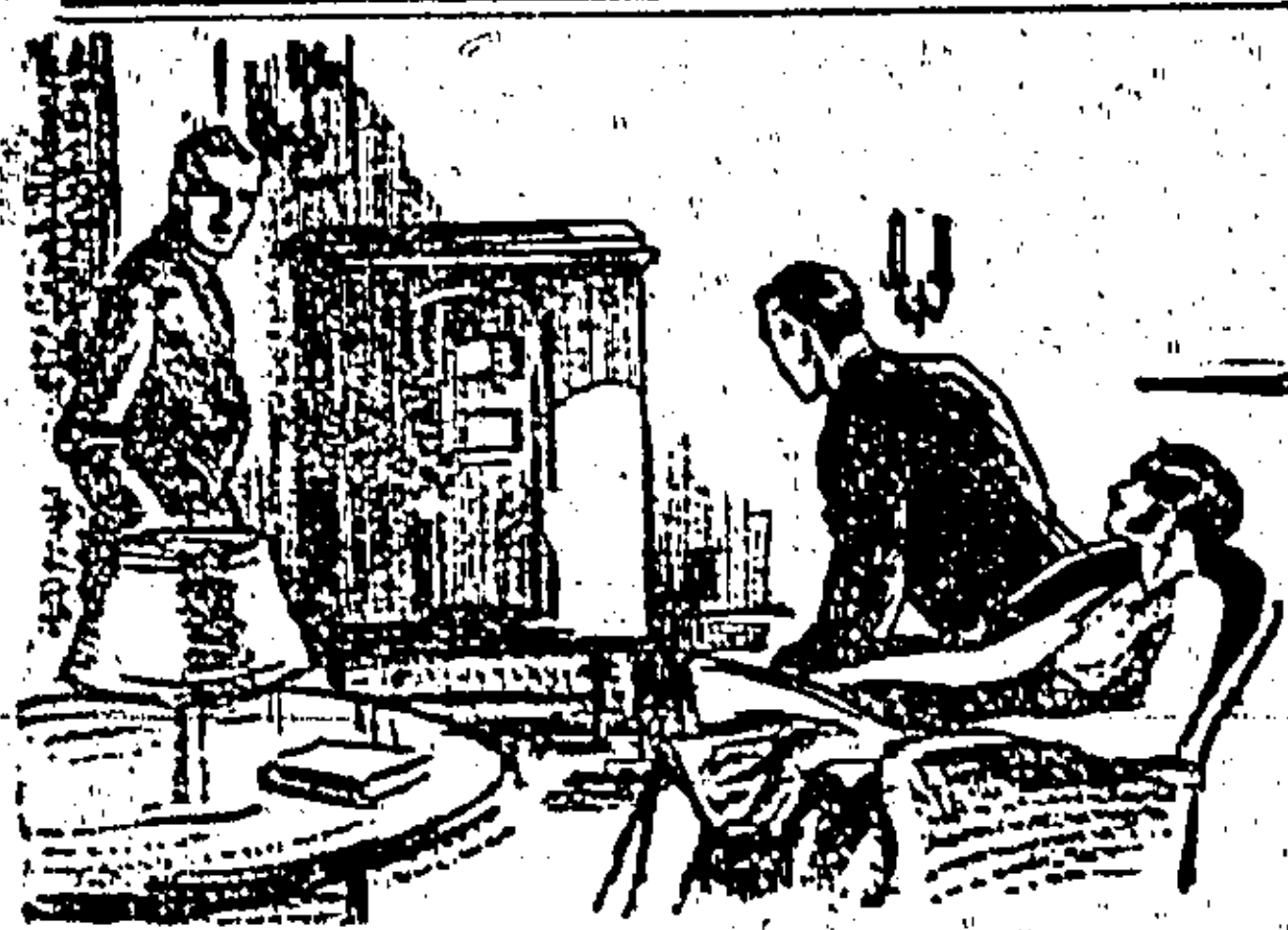
European Mail:—Outward:
Europe via Marseilles (Morea),
10.30 a.m.; Europe via Siberia
(Taiyo Maru), 6 p.m.

Tides: High, 2.24 a.m. and 2.54
p.m.; Low, 6.25 a.m. and 8.37 p.m.

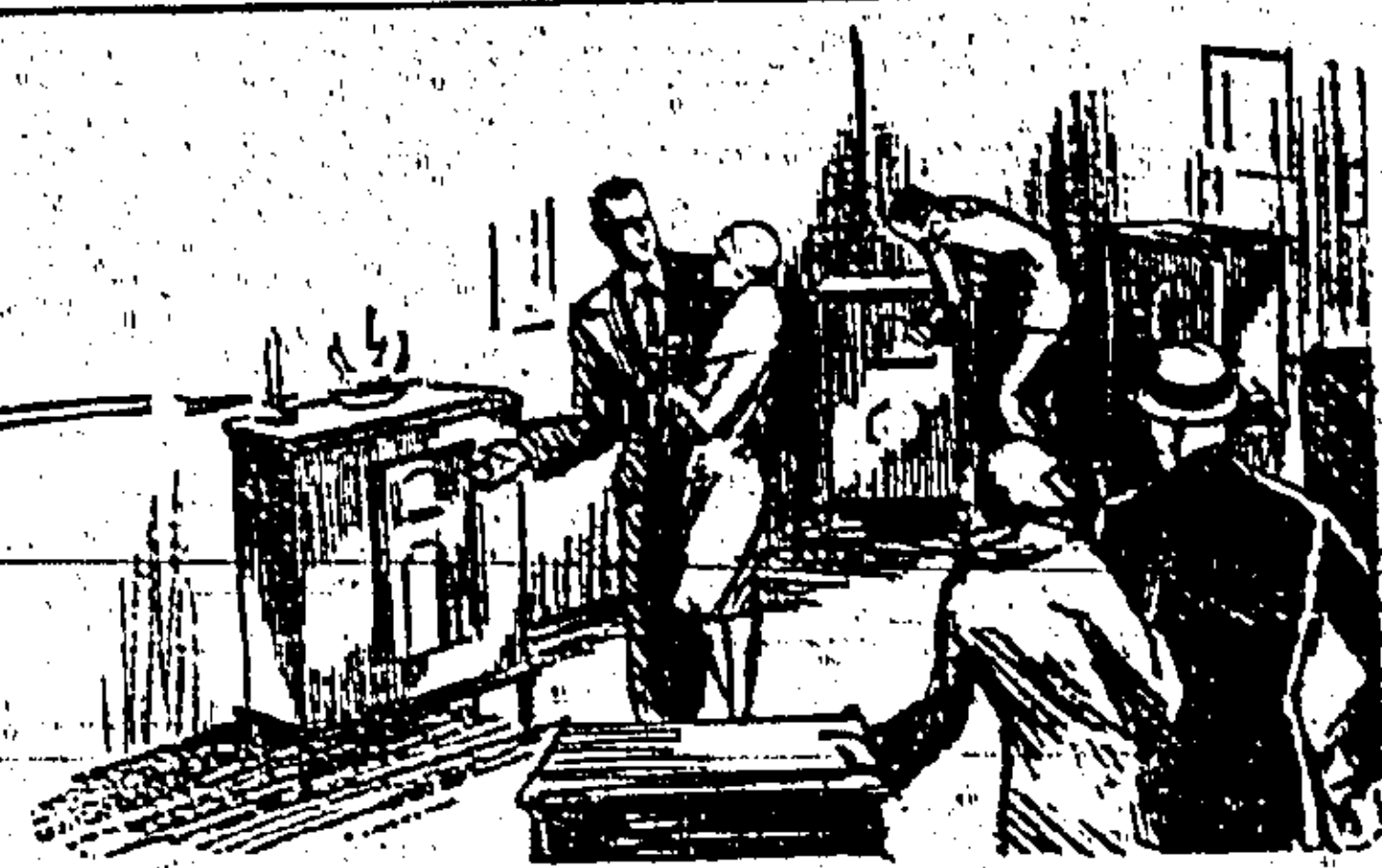
Sunday.

(July 20.)

Golf: Bogey Pool.
Tides: High, 4.10 a.m. and 4.39
p.m.; Low, 11.32 a.m. and 10.13
p.m.



RADIO FEATURES



CHOOSING A RECEIVER.

POINTS TO CONSIDER BEFORE INSTALLING.

(By "COHERER.")

The selection of a suitable receiver is apt to present something of a problem to those about to embark on radio entertainment for the first time. A few remarks as to the principal points to bear in mind when making a choice should be of interest to both, the "Old Hand" and the novice.

In Hong Kong we are remarkably fortunate in having almost as wide a field for selection as any town in Europe or America, and there are now on the local market sets to suit every need.

Home-Constructed Sets.

It is not proposed to discuss in this article kits of parts or circuits for home construction. Those who contemplate building their own sets undoubtedly do so with confidence in the design or which they are working.

The average requirements of those installing their first receiver are not very ambitious, and trouble-free reception of the local station is all that is usually asked.

Sets for Local Reception.

Sets answering these needs are obtainable locally from the simple one-valve head-phone set, costing not more than \$80, to an elaborate set of seven or eight valves costing \$200 or more.

When speaking of a trouble-free receiver one naturally brings to mind the all-mains set, whereby power is supplied by plugging in to any convenient electric-light socket, thereby dispensing with batteries and their attendant replacing and charging troubles.

One-Dial Tuning.

Simplicity of control is another point much sought where radio has no further interest than the music it can provide. One-dial tuning is now incorporated in the majority of manufactured sets where extreme range is not required, and for the ordinary broadcast range of 300 to 500 metres sufficient selectivity is possible with this method. A number of listeners, especially flat-dwellers, find it inconvenient to erect an outside aerial or earth. This need is very well catered for by several local dealers who stock quite efficient frame-aerials although, unless installed quite close to the transmitting station, a set of at least three valves will be found necessary for loud-speaker results.

Long-Distance Reception.

Those who seek programmes from further afield have many more points to consider, and unless one

has considerable patience and a degree of enthusiasm sufficient to transcend the etherial shortcomings in the way of interference, greater satisfaction from an entertainment point of view will result in confining one's activities to reception of the nearer stations.

Hong Kong is not very favourably placed for alternative programmes, and unless a good short wave set is employed very little short of Manila (under favourable conditions) is possible.

Short-Wave Sets.

For short-wave working the all-mains set must be ruled out of the realms of practicability. Fluctuations in mains supply and the action of the components employed for the rectification and smoothing of the current cause instability of tuning to an alarming extent where wave-lengths are calculated to the one-hundredth part of a metre.

A high-tension accumulator battery, with a trickle charger for home-charging, is the best possible source of supply for such a receiver, and an outside aerial of good height is essential.

The latest type of short-wave sets, embodying screened grid high-frequency amplification and screened-uhf stages are most efficient, and with a little practice the average amateur will find tuning a fairly simple matter. "Coherer" will be pleased to advise readers as to a suitable receiver on receipt of a letter addressed to him, c/o the Hong Kong Daily Press, stating briefly the requirements as to range and power.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 333 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.—Chinese programme.

12.30 to 1.30 p.m.—Mid-day European programme of Columbia records selected and supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.
1.30 p.m.—Weather report and local time. Mid-day programme continued.

2 p.m.—Close down.
6 to 6.30 p.m.—Children's programme. Auntie Pat, Uncle Dick and Uncle Jeff will entertain the children.

6.30 to 8 p.m.—Evening European programme of Columbia records selected and supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co. "The House That Jack Built," Ray Starita and his Ambassadors Band (with vocal chorus). "Bonny Was A Warrior; Johnny Boy" and "Tom's Gone To Hilo" Raymond Newell and Chorus with Piano.

"Song of the Waterfall" and "Scent of the Jasmine," J. H. Squire Celeste Octette.
"Cochran's 1930 Revue-Selection" and "Heads Up-Selection," Piano Solo by Billy Mayerl.
"Faust-Prelude" and "Faust-Valse," Milan Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Cav. Lorenzo Molajoli.
"Lighterman Tom" and "It's A Beautiful Day," Harry Dearth—Baritone, with piano.

"Lionel Monfeton Memories," Debroy Somers Band.
"Come Silver Moon" and "Love's Dream," Dora Labbott and Hubert Eisdell with J. H. Squire Celeste Octette.

"The Skaters-Waltz" and "Au Revoir—One Step," Ray Starita and his Ambassadors Band.
"Hold Your Glasses With Bottom Up," Bigger and Better Tunes, Ella Logan, Comedian.
"La Golondrina" (Serradell) and "La Paloma" (The Dove), Paul Whiteman and his Orch.
"To A Seagull" and "Brown Eyes I Love," Hubert Eisdell, Tenor, with piano.
"Lucky Girl-Selection," Jack Payne and the B.B.C. Dance Orchestra (with vocal trio).

8 p.m.—Weather report and local time. Chinese programme continued.
10 p.m.—Close down.

RADIO WONDERS.

TO SOLVE MYSTERY OF HEREAFTER.

Mr. E. T. Fisk, managing director of Amalgamated Wireless, Limited, addressing members of the Millions Club in Sydney last month, said that all the talk about wireless communication with Mars left him cold, but he was convinced that, in the distant future, it would probably be found that radio would solve the mysteries of the future world and of life after death.

The reason for this belief, he said, was that radio made use of ether waves that permeated infinite space, so far as present knowledge went, and it was probable that, by means of these ether waves, there would be constant and reliable communication between the future inhabitants of the earth and those who had passed over the border into another world.

Radio Motive Power.

That, however, was a matter for the far distant future. In the nearer future he was convinced it would be possible to use radio to propel aeroplanes and ships just as wireless telegraphy and telephony were carried on at present. Meanwhile, radio was proving of great assistance to navigation by means of direction-finding apparatus. It was no longer necessary for a ship to go blindly through a fog, as radio apparatus did for the navigator during fog what lighthouses did in clear weather. An Australian invention enabled the captain or officer of a ship not equipped with ordinary wireless to send out an S.O.S. signal giving the name of the ship and its approximate location.

300 Words a Minute.

There were great possibilities for the future of beam wireless, which was now the quickest and most effective means of communication between Australia and England. It was now possible simultaneously to send 300 words a minute each way between Sydney and London. The reason the stations were situated in Victoria was that they had to comply with certain technical and Defence Department requirements.

and the present sites were the only ones procurable that met both requirements satisfactorily. It was not at present possible to use the beam stations for wireless telephony, for, whilst the Australian stations could be so used, those in Britain could not. He was hopeful that there would be alterations in the equipment of the beam stations in Britain soon, so that there would be an additional avenue for radio telephony between Australia and Britain and Europe.

Wireless Telephony With N.Z.

It was now possible for the great majority of telephone subscribers in Australia to speak to 4,000,000 telephone subscribers in Great Britain, and to the majority of subscribers in 14 European countries. The next extension in radio telephony would be between Australia and New Zealand. When that was done the Australian stations would possibly be used to give telephonic connection between New Zealand and Great Britain. The present radio telephone system was the longest of its kind in the world, and the rates were one-third cheaper than those of the New York-London service.

Speaking of broadcasting, Mr. Fisk stated that, in the future, it would be possible for Australian listeners to hear the best artists singing in the world's great centres, such as London, Paris, and New York, and later also to be able to see the artists. Steady progress was being made with television experiments, but at present it was in its infancy. In Britain it was possible to receive television broadcasts with a powerful receiver costing about £150 at a distance not more than 30 miles from the transmitting station.

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PERFORMANCE

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but the coating
on it that
counts

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HAVE YOU HEARD THESE?

LONG-WAVE STATIONS.

Here are lists of long-wave and short-wave stations which should be picked up by anyone in Hong Kong who has a moderately good set suitable for receiving such signals. Success in picking up these stations also depends very largely upon favourable atmospheric conditions. Readers are invited to add to this list should they succeed in picking up any station not included in either of these lists.

Wave Length (Metres)	Station	Call Sign	Kilo cycle
260	Manila	K.Z.I.B.	1,153
277	Shanghai	K.S.M.S.	1,085
290	Tientsin	C.R.C.	1,070
310	Shanghai	K.R.C.	967
320	Peking	C.O.P.K.	945
345	Tokyo	J.O.A.K.	870
353	Hiroshima	J.O.F.K.	856
355	Hong Kong	Z.B.W.	846
357	Bombay	V.U.B.	840
361	Sapporo	J.O.I.K.	830
366	Keijo	J.O.D.K.	820
370	Nagoya	J.O.C.K.	810
370.4	Calcutta	V.U.C.	809.9
380	Kumamoto	J.O.G.K.	780
390	Sendai	J.O.H.K.	770
395	Dairen	J.D.A.K.	760
398	Rangoon	V.U.B.	754
400	Osaka	J.O.B.K.	750
410	Canton	C.M.B.	722
413	Manila	K.Z.B.M.	726

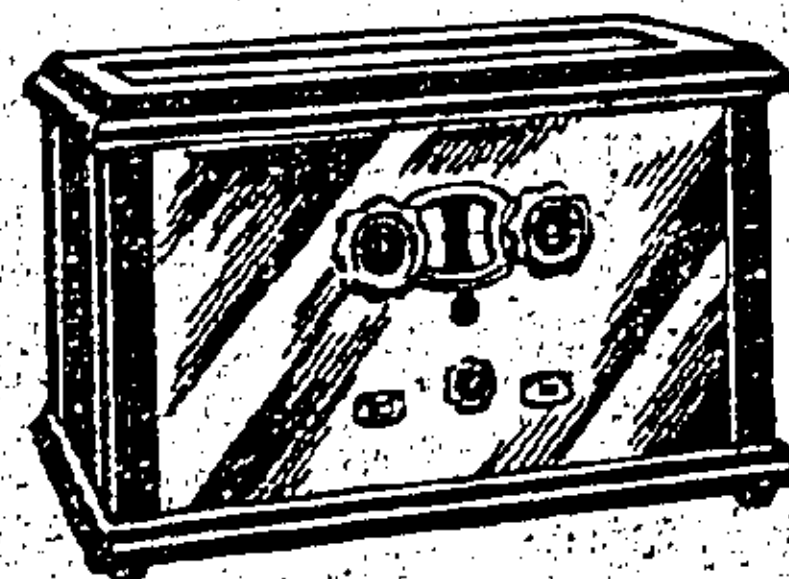
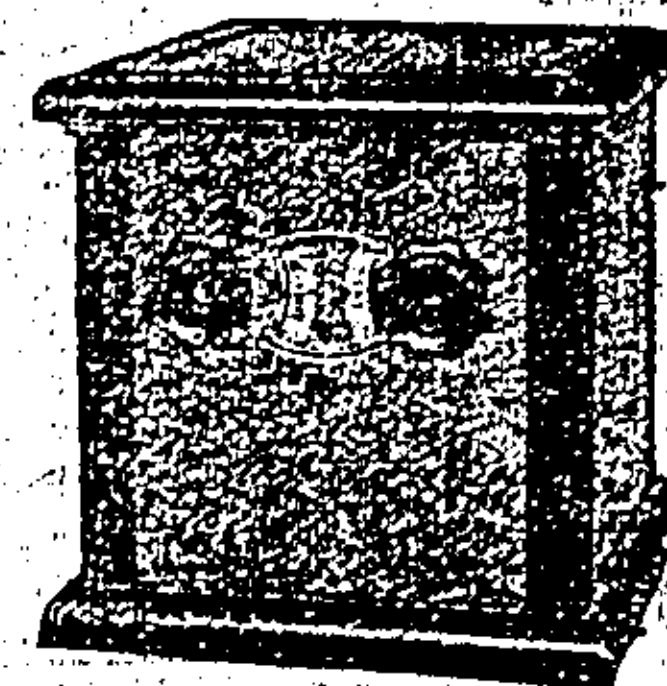
SHORT-WAVE STATIONS.

Wave Length (Metres)	Station	Call Sign	Kilo Cycle	Time (Hong Kong) or Working
67.05	Dobnitz (Germany)	A.F.K.	4,434	Mon., Wed. & Fri., 6 p.m. & 2 a.m.
60.12	Khabarovsk (Russia)	R.A.97	4,990	6—10 p.m.
55.7	Nauen	A.G.J.	5,291	Not regular
50.	Moscow	R.F.N.	6,000	Tues., Thurs., Sat., 8 p.m.
43.5	Rome	I.M.A.	6,909	Sunday midnight
42.	Perth	A.S.G.	7,142	Daily 6.30 p.m. & 11 p.m.
41.3	Singapore	V.S.I.A.B.	7,210	Not regular
39.8	Kootwijk (Holland)	P.C.L.	7,730	Daily 11 p.m.
37.	Bangkok (Siam)	H.S.A.P.J.	8,108	Tues. & Fri., 9 p.m.—1 a.m.
32.6	Sydney	S.B.L.	9,220	Not regular
31.55	Melbourne	S.L.O.	9,509	Not regular
31.48	Schenectady	W.X.A.F.	9,530	Daily 7 a.m.
31.30	Birmingham (Holland)	E.C.J.	9,580	Fri. 8 a.m., Sat. 3 a.m. & 10 a.m.
31.28	Sydney	T.F.C.	9,590	Not regular
31.	Nairobi (Kenya)	T.L.C.	9,577	Midnight daily
28.5	Sydney	S.M.E.	10,526	Not regular
27.5	Bandoeng	P.L.E.	11,020	Midnight—3 a.m. daily
25.53	Chelmsford (England)	S.B.W.	11,751	7.50 p.m. & 3 a.m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday
24.5	Manila	K.I.X.E.	12,240	Nightly
22.35	Schenectady	W.X.O.	12,850	4 a.m. Wed., Fri., Sat.
18.83	Bandoeng	P.L.G.	16,102	Daily 6.30 p.m. to midnight
17.4	Bandoeng	P.C.L.	16,804	Daily 7 p.m.
16.9	Bangkok	H.S.A.P.J.	17,701	Sundays 7 p.m. & midnight
16.88	Hulsen (Holland)	P.O.K.	17,768	Daily 10 p.m.
16.3	Kootwijk (Holland)	P.O.K.	18,404	Each afternoon
16.74	Bandoeng	P.L.E.	19,220	Daily 6.30—7 p.m.
15.5	Nancy (France)	—	19,201	Daily 8 a.m.
15.83	Fittsburg	W.S.X.K.	21,540	Not regular

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HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

The Professor: "Is this a free translation, do you know?"

Assistant: "No, sir, it costs eight and sixpence."

Host: "You know it is said that the mustard people make their money not by what is eaten, but by what is left on the plates."

Fair Guest: "Yes, but what puzzles me is how they collect it."

The French official was the essence of courtesy. When a plain-looking woman appeared for a passport, he could not hurt her feelings, despite a disfigurement, so he wrote: "Eyes—dark, beautiful, tender, expressive (but one missing)."

"How old are you?" demanded the American Judge of a negro woman in the witness-box.

"I'm seventy-three, Judge."

"Are you sure?"

"Yass, sub."

"Mandy, you don't look seventy-three."

A party of actors put up for the night in a primitive village. Next day one of them observed wearily to a colleague, as he rose about noon: "Where does one wash?"

"In the spring," replied the other.

"Laddie," said the first, "I said 'where,' not 'when.'"

She had been to a bridge party the previous night, and to her husband it seemed that she had had more than ordinary bad luck. At any rate, at breakfast next morning she was silent and depressed.

"Have a bad time last night?" asked the husband at last.

"Awful!" she snapped. "And it was your fault!"

"My fault?" he gasped. "Why, I wasn't playing."

"No, but you introduced me to the man who said was a famous bridge expert, and—"

"Well, so he is."

"Nonsense, he's nothing of the kind. He's only an engineer."

Teacher (to new scholar): "How does it happen that your name is Allen and your mother's name is Brown?"

Little Lad (after a moment's thought): "Well, you see, it's this way: she married again and I didn't."

A storekeeper had for some time displayed in his window a card inscribed, "Fishing Tackle."

A customer drew the proprietor's attention to the spelling.

"Has anyone told you of it before?" he asked.

"Hundreds," replied he dealer, "but whenever they drop in to tell me they always spend something."

George William Curtis (1824-1892), famous American traveler and lecturer, author of "Nile Notes of a Howadi," prided himself on being cosmopolitan. One day in London he was buying a hat. The shopkeeper observed:

"Beg pard'n, sir, you're an Hamerican gent, I hobsrve. Been in Hingland long?"

"Why do you take me for an American?" asked Mr. Curtis, somewhat surprised.

"Yes, sir, Beg pard'n, sir. I hobsrve that you said 'a hat.' Beg pard'n, sir, but in Lunnnon we commonly say 'han' 'at.'"

"Jack," she whispered tensely, "you must apologize to Mrs. Smythe instantly. Say something, for goodness sake!"

"I'm sorry, Mrs. Smythe," Jack said, sunnily to the hostess. "It's funny, but tough meat'll always do that!"

They had been invited out to dinner, and as there was no one to leave at home with Jack, their small son, it was necessary to take him to dinner, too.

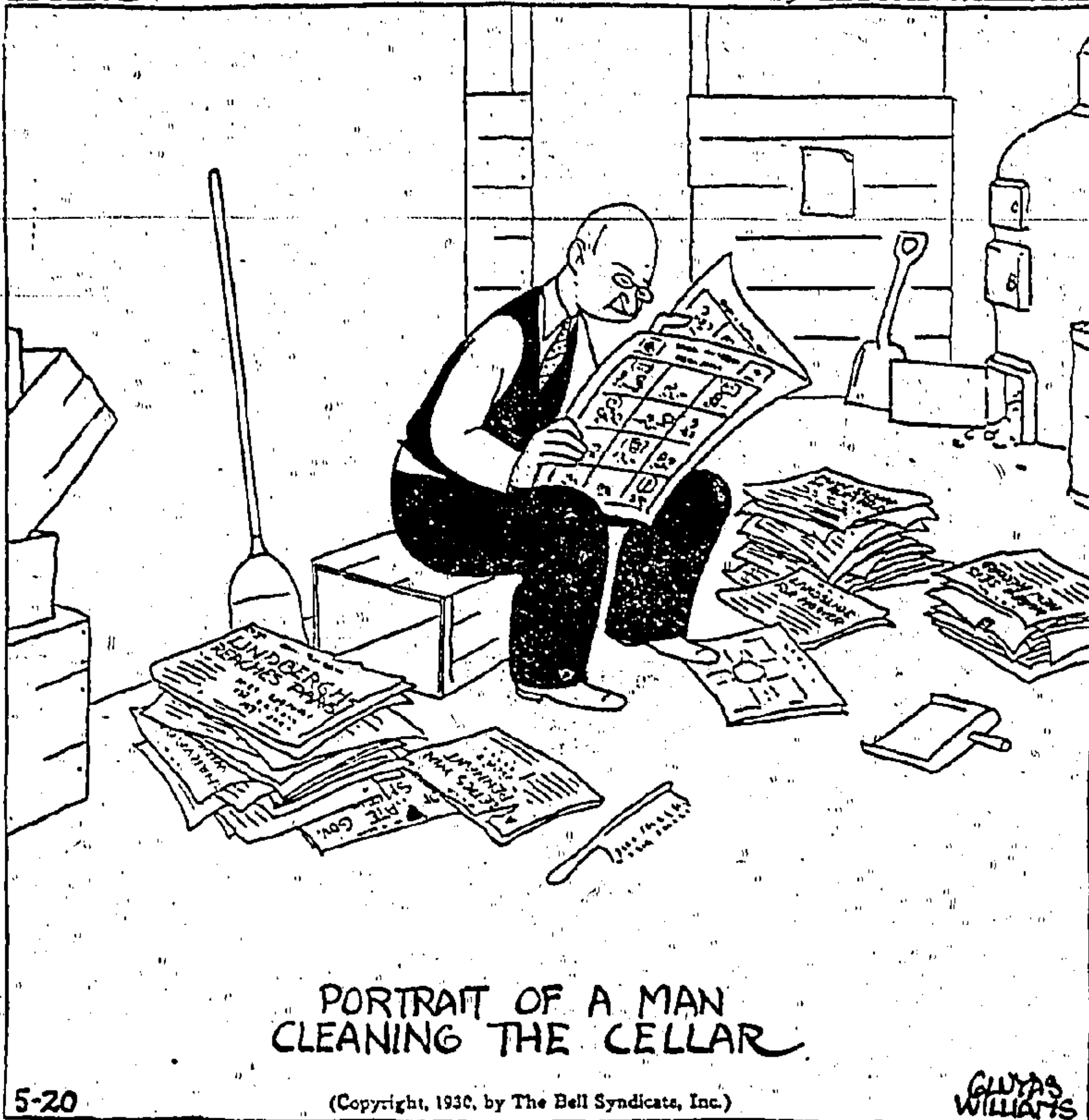
While Jack was trying to cut the meat on his plate it slipped onto the floor, and his mother's face flushed. She was painfully embarrassed.

"Jack," she whispered tensely, "you must apologize to Mrs. Smythe instantly. Say something, for goodness sake!"

"I'm sorry, Mrs. Smythe," Jack said, sunnily to the hostess. "It's funny, but tough meat'll always do that!"

SPRING

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



5-20
PORTRAIT OF A MAN
CLEANING THE CELLAR

(Copyright, 1930, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

CAN WE RADIO TO MARS?

NEW USE FOR ULTRA-SHORT WAVES.

The possibility of communicating with Mars by means of wireless signals has once more come up for scientific discussion.

It is a fascinating speculation, and one with so many sides to it that it is not surprising that it should constantly be recurring in one form or another as it has done for something like half a century.

Radio research shows that wireless waves can be made to go twice round the earth, their second journey having been verified beyond the possibility of doubt by delicate recording instruments. Can they not be so directed as to reach our nearest planet?

Various expedients for attracting the attention of the Martians, if any such persons exist, have been suggested from time to time, but most of them have been found to be impracticable.

Heavyside Layer.

The solution of the problem seems, therefore, to have been left to the radio engineer.

(The first difficulty in the way is that apparently impenetrable belt of the earth's atmosphere which is known as the Heavyside layer. All experiments hitherto made show that however powerful may be the wave sent out into space, it is reflected back to earth again by this ionized layer.)

Dr. John Thomson, M.A., B.Sc., who is Lecturer in Physics to the University of Reading, discusses this problem at considerable length in the recent issue of *Discovery*, and points to a possible means of overcoming the obstacles presented by this Heavyside layer.

Extraordinary progress has been made of late years in the study of short waves. We know that medium and long waves are deflected or refracted to the earth, but it is found that the short wave, and especially the ultra-short wave, is much less susceptible to this bending influence.

It seems also to have been demonstrated that ultra-long waves have this same characteristic. We are confronted, therefore, with two possibilities—the experiments with waves of the order of ten metres, or less, and with waves of ten thousand metres, or more.

Call Signs.

Theoretically both these ultra bands should be less liable to diffusion and deviation than any of an intermediate character. Dr. Thomson, considering the problem in all its bearings, decides in favour of the ultra-short wave transmitted in the form of a beam.

Radio engineers, it may be assumed, are quite capable of producing a beam of the required intensity for the penetration of the Heavyside layer. That they have not done so up to now is due to the fact that the need has not arisen.

The next question is the form which the signal should take. If there is sentient life on Mars we must not too hurriedly assume that it has developed on lines similar to our own. The character of the signal, therefore, should be of the fundamental type, and Dr. Thomson suggests a systematic series of three distinct impulses.

If Mars replies with four or with two distinct impulses, then we shall have realized, at least one dream of the astronomers, and have established interplanetary call-signs.

THE SILVER SCREEN.

"STUDIO MURDER MYSTERY."

An all-star cast, with every member in it picked for type and suitability to character, acts Paramount's newest all-talking thriller, "The Studio Murder Mystery." This exciting melodrama is one of the most gripping ever shown on the screen. The Central Theatre will feature this attraction from today.

Paramount's success with the recent s.s. Van Dine story, "The Canary Murder Case," started studio executives on a search for something even more hair-raising and pleasantly thrilling in the line of detective stories. This hunt culminated in "The Studio Murder Mystery," which, in dialogue, action and interesting detail, really takes its place with the new masterpieces that the talking screen has brought to the motion picture public.

The action takes place almost entirely within the guarded gates of a big Hollywood motion picture studio. For the first time the sounds and sights of a talking motion picture in the making are revealed to the theatre-going public. It deals with the hunt, in this interesting environment, for a double-killer whose canny ability to cover up his tracks sets Hollywood in an uproar. Six persons are suspected of the crime which he committed, and the audience is left in mystifying suspense until the final chapter.

Neil Hamilton, Warner Oland, Frederic March, Florence Eldridge and Doris Hill compose the stellar cast.

Clara Bow in "Crock" Tale.

A great many dramas of the underworld have been flashed upon the screen, but it has taken Clara Bow, to give the public the most stirring of all. The Paramount star accomplishes this in "Ladies of the Mob," a thrilling story of gangsters and their loves, something which is rarely taken into consideration when the police reports are read.

It is an entirely different Clara Bow, who at the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon, throws off the wiles of the flapper and plunges herself into a powerful portrayal of a terror-stricken wife of a gangster. It is by far the heaviest bit of acting Miss Bow has attempted since her work in "Wings," and she proves that she can handle drama as well as the lighter roles which have made her so popular.

The story, which was written by Earnest Booth, is a tale of a young couple of the underworld, the husband a crook and the wife attempting at all times to keep him straight. The climax produces a dramatic scene and is surrounded by police, Mrs. Bow takes the most drastic method imaginable to keep "her man" on the straight and narrow path.

Another interesting thing in the production is the weird photographic effects obtained by Henry Gerrard, cameraman, under the direction of William Wellman, youthful director.

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CLARA BOW
IN
"LADIES OF THE MOB"
WITH
RICHARD ARLEN
A Paramount Picture

the Red Head
with IT as a gunman's
gal—oh, man!

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SHIP'S CADETS CHARGED.

ALLEGED RAIDS AT SEA
ON CARGO.

East Ham magistrates recently
decided to seek the advice of the
Director of Public Prosecutions
(Mr. E. H. Tindal Atkinson) in
a case in which four cadet apprentices
in a steamship were charged
with pilfering from the cargo.

The four cadets—Jack Miller,
Martin, Croydon; Gilbert
Hugo Gordon Coventry, Paignton,
Devon; Frank Victor Small, Bristol;
and Edward Croft Davies,
North Wales—were charged with
stealing articles worth £27 19s., in-
cluding 6500 cigarettes and 24 flasks
of whisky.

Mr. F. Peregrine (prosecuting)
said the cadets were four of 40
cadets in the Northumbria, be-
longing to the Federal Steam
Navigation Co.

Pilfering from the cargo was de-
tected during a voyage from New
Zealand.

"There should be a bond of af-
fection between a ship's apprentice
and the master," said Mr. Peregrine.
"The owners are anxious
not to have the law, and whatever
happens their careers
at sea are already seriously affect-
ed."

Each lad wished to cancel the ar-
ticles of apprenticeship, and in
view of that he did not offer any
evidence.

The lads were released on bail.

POSTAGE STAMPS.

WEEKLY NOTES FOR COLLECTORS.

THE EARLY HONG KONG ISSUES.

[By "W.S."]

Resuming the review of the
Colony's early postal history, we
find that the 1c., 2c., and 3c.
stamps were issued in accordance
with "Post Office Notification"
dated August 16, 1863, and were
found to have been printed on
paper similar in texture to that of
the first issue, but watermarked
with a Crown over the letters CC.
(Crown Colonies). The colours of
the stamps were grey, lilac, and
vermillion respectively, and the
perforation, 14. With regard to
the design, the same remarks apply
as in the case of the first issue,
already described in a previous
article.

"Smuggling" Letters.

In view of every effort being
made to meet the requirements of
the community, one would expect
the records to indicate appreciation,
and a proper recognition of
postal regulations, but this is not
so, as in the Annual Report of the
Post Office Department for the year
1896 it was pointed out that the
unsatisfactory result of the year's
working was not only due to trade
depression, but to the illicit con-
veyance of letters by vessels run-
ning on the coast of China and
Japan, and chiefly to Shanghai,
where they were deposited at the
local Post Office to the detriment
of the Colonial Revenue.

That the practice was taking
serious proportions is obvious from
the following Post Office Notifica-
tion, dated November 16, 1897:
"It having come to the knowledge
of the undersigned that a practice
prevails of merchants and others
sending their letters, or a portion
of them, on board the steamers of
the Pacific Mail Company, and
otherwise, instead of by the regular
channel of this Department, in con-
travention of the Postal Laws of
this Colony as well as those of the
United States, it is hereby notified
that the Special Agents of the
United States Post Office have
received the strictest instructions
to use every effort to detect per-
sons so offending, and to put an
end to the practice, and that it is
intended to levy postage at double
the ordinary rates upon all cor-
respondence received from Hong
Kong by the Packets in question
in the United States or otherwise
than through the medium of the
Hong Kong Post Office, whether
the same bear the postage stamps
of the United States or not." This
was signed by F. W. Mitchell,
Postmaster-General.

Chinese and Spanish Offenders.

The following Post Office Notifi-
cations will give an idea of the
difficulties encountered in dealing
with the practice, since so many
methods were adopted for the pur-
pose of evading the regular Post
Office procedure. Dated July 16,
1870: "A practice having been
adopted by the Chinese residents
of this Colony of sending their
letters for San Francisco to the
office of the Pacific Mail Steam-
ship Company, for transmission to
their destination otherwise than
through the Post Office, and as
this practice is contrary to the laws
of the Colony as well as those of
the United States of America,
Chinese and Spanish offenders
are warned that persons so offend-
ing will be dealt with as the law directs."

Another notification, dated Decem-
ber 3, 1870, reads: "The
Spanish Consul having represented
the annoyance arising from letters
being, contrary to the law, sent on
board the Spanish Men of War
which leave the Colony fortnightly
with the mails for Manila, it is
hereby notified that henceforward,
all letters except such as are re-
ceived in the Mails of this Depart-
ment, will be refused on board
these vessels."

A Change of Colour.

On August 14, 1871, the colour of
the 30 cent stamp was changed
from vermillion to mauve, the
following Post Office Notification
having been posted on August 10
drawing notice to the change: "It
having been found necessary to
change the colour of the 30 cent
postage stamp, it is hereby notified
that the new colour stamp will be
brought into use on the 14th inst-
ant. The stamps of the old colour
already issued will, of course, be
available for payment of postage,
but no further issue of the old 30
cent stamps will be made from this
Office after the 14th instant, or
from the Postal Agencies at the
Ports of China and Japan after the
31st instant."

Specialists are always keen on
knowing the why and wherefore of
changes of this kind, and as the
above notification does not include
any reason for this change of
colour, the following is very in-
teresting and worth a special men-
tion:—Paragraph 14 of the Annual
Postal Report, 1871:—"On account
of a change in the rates of postage
on letters addressed to the United
Kingdom from 32 to 30 cents per
half-ounce, the colour of the 30
cent stamp has been altered be-
cause the colour of the old stamp

assimilated so closely to the colour
of the 8 cent stamp as to make the
one liable to be mistaken for the
other in gas-light."

Ten-Dollar Stamps.

As higher values than those pro-
vided in the ordinary postage-
stamps were frequently required,
permission was given for fiscal
stamps of specified values to be
used in the payment of postage.
Paragraph 10 of the Annual Postal
Report for 1874 states:—"The
use of Stamp Duty Adhesive
Stamps, of Two, Three, and Ten
Dollars each, which are in disuse
for the payment of Stamp Duty,
has been authorized for the pay-
ment of postage."

Providing one has sufficient know-
ledge to enable him to avoid the pit-
falls so often met with in the realm
of Philately, it will be admitted that,
particularly in the case of Hong
Kong stamps, where a common de-
sign has been used throughout the
departure, from a spectacular point
of view, is a pleasing one. The
stamps, as in the case of postage-
stamps proper, were engraved and
printed by Messrs. De La Rue &
Company. Although the designs
differ on each value, the Queen's
head is common to the three; the
diadem consists of a jewelled band,
surmounted by the rose, shamrock
and thistle, and the work of en-
graving the dies has been carefully
and well done. It might be stated,
as a warning to collectors, that
these stamps are printed in fugitive
inks, and special care is necessary
to protect them from moisture.
The paper used varies in thickness,
and is watermarked with a Crown
over the letters CC. The colours
are, olive-green, dull violet and
rose-carmine, respectively, and the
perforations gauge, 15, horizontal,
and 15, vertical.

A 4d. Western Australia "invert-
ed swan" was recently sold in
London for £550. As this amount
is much below the price generally
paid for the rarity, it is most likely
that its condition was not so good
as in the case of other copies.

The current 1 cent green New-
foundland, Dickinson print, has
been found doubly printed.

The new series predicted for
Southern Rhodesia will not be on
sale until April, 1931. In the mean-
time collectors should watch for the
current set, perfed 12 instead of
14.

The American Philatelic Society
proposes in future to brand all
forgeries appearing in their ex-
change sheets, as such. The brand
will be applied in such a way that
the stamp, though not disfigured,
can never be offered as genuine
again.

Many collectors are under the
impression that the 3d. Australian
air stamp is only used for postage
on Aerial mail. This, however, is
not the case. There is a Post
Office order to the effect that when
mail matter is franked by these
stamps, it must be treated as paid,
and no tax levied.

A recent issue in Australia is in
the shape of the "Sturt Centen-
ary" dated 1830-1930. How the
centenary is arrived at would be
interesting to know, since Sturt
was the English explorer in Aus-
tralia who discovered the Darling
River in 1828 and the Murray River
and Lake Alexandrina later, also
conducting an expedition into the
interior in 1844-45. Mount Sturt
in the Gawler Range, South Aus-
tralia, is named after him.

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- 5.—Chicken a la Meringo
- 6.—Roast Sirloin of Beef
- 7.—Cold York Ham
- 8.—Orange Jelly
- 9.—Cheese
- 10.—Dessert
- 11.—Tea or Coffee

Cold TIFFIN 75 cts.

- Cold Roast Beef or Mutton
- Cold Boiled York Ham
- Cold Roast Chicken
- Potato Salad and Mayonnaise
- Ice Cream
- Fruits
- Ice Tea

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A LARGE QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Comprising:—

Teak Hatstands, Glass Cabinets,
Chesterfield Couches and Armchairs,
Desks, Gramophones and Records,
Pictures, Ornaments, Curios, Electric
Table Fans, Carpets, Rugs, Pianos,
Wardrobe Trunks, etc., etc.

Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs,
Sideboards, with Bevelled Mirrors,
Dinner Waggons, Ice Chests, Dinner
Crockery, Glass Ware, Kitchen Utensils,
Stoves, etc., etc.

Teak and Brass Bedsteads, Ward-
robes with Bevelled Mirrors, Dressing
Tables, Chest of Drawers, Enamelled
Bath, Porcelain Basin, Bookcases,
etc., etc.

and

A QUANTITY OF BLACK- WOOD FURNITURE

Including:—

Joss Tables, Curio Cabinets, Tea
Poya, Jardiniere, Chairs, Opium
Stools, Desks, Overmantel, etc., etc.

also

17-SEATER STUDEBAKER LIMOUSINE.

On View From THURSDAY, the
17th JULY, 1930.

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

BY ORDER OF THE
LIQUIDATOR.

PUBLIC AUCTION of the following VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at MA TAU KOK, KOWLOON
in the Colony of Hong Kong, being—
All That Piece or Parcel of Ground
Registered in the LAND OFFICE as
KOWLOON INLAND LOT No. 60,
(Area 84,500 Square Feet. Crown Rent
\$374.00) and All That Piece or Parcel
of Ground Registered in the LAND OFFICE
as KOWLOON INLAND LOT No.
1287 (Area 16,401 Square Feet. Crown
Rent \$132.00) Together with the
Erections and Buildings erected thereon
respectively and previously used as a
Tannery and together with the Machin-
ery, Steam, Gas and Water Pipes in and
upon the said Premises.

To be Sold

IN ONE LOT

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 23rd Day of JULY, 1930,

At 3 o'clock P.M.

by

Messrs. LAMMERT BROS.

at their

AUCTION ROOMS,
DUDDELL STREET, VICTORIA,
HONG KONG.

For Further Particulars and Condi-
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Apply to:

Messrs. JORNSON STOKES &
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Princher's BUILDING, HONG KONG,
Solicitors for the Vendor,

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Messrs. LAMMERT BROS.,
The Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, 9th July, 1930.

Dance the Month Away With These

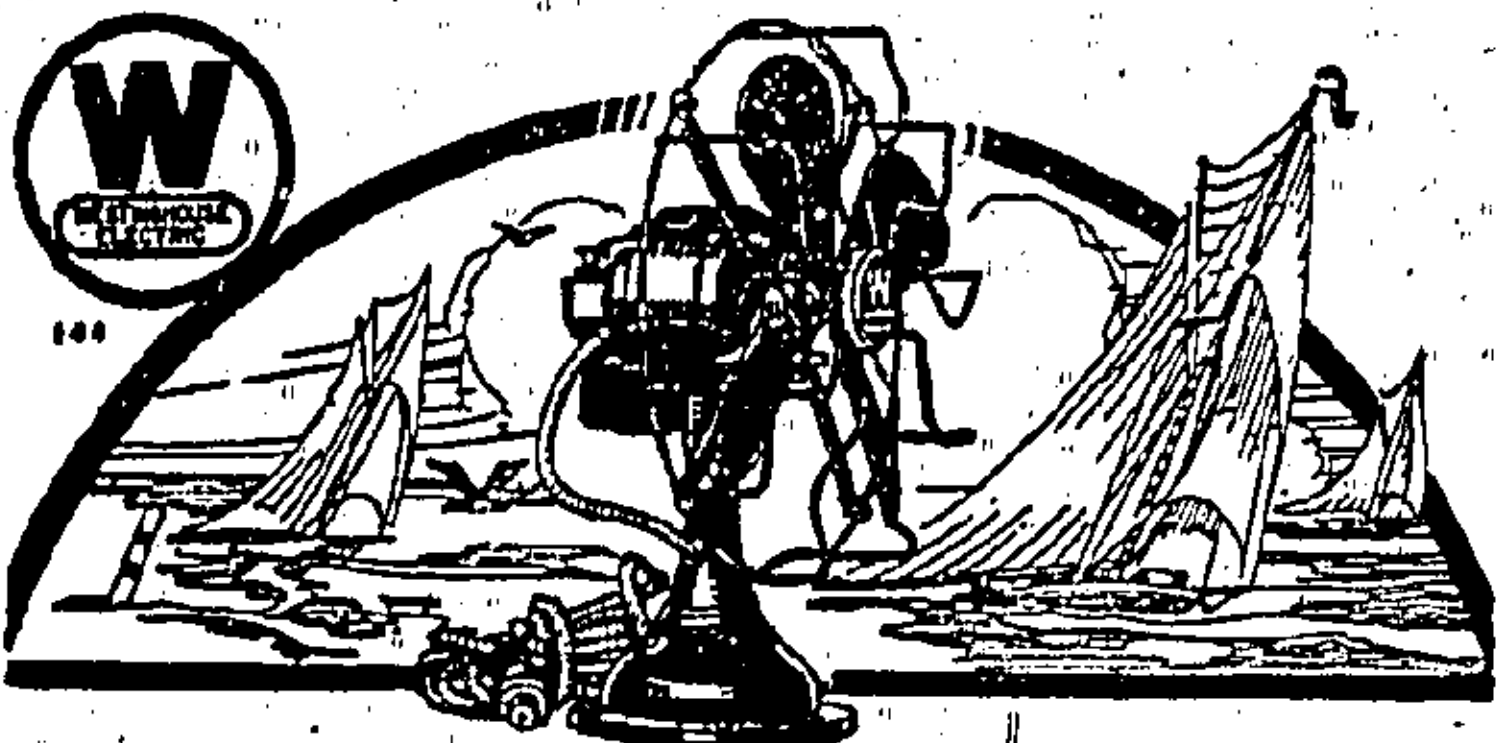
They do something to your feet . . . these snappy and infectious tunes. You just can't keep still. All the leading dance orchestras as usual doing their stuff for Victor. Listen to the records listed here and a'll dance . . . dance . . . dance. Shall we play them for you? Come in.

Anchors Aweigh—March-Fox Trot (The Song of the Navy)
The Mug Song—March-Fox Trot THE HIGH HATTERS
No. 22424, 10-inch.
Kitty from Kansas City—Fox Trot RUDY VALLEE AND HIS
If I Had a Girl Like You—Fox Trot CONNECTICUT YANKEES
No. 22419, 10-inch.
Kiss Me With Your Eyes—Fox Trot
No. 22420, 10-inch.
Ho-Bo-Rollin' Along—Fox Trot
No. 22421, 10-inch.
You Brought a New Kind of Love to Me—Fox Trot
No. 22422, 10-inch.
Livin' in the Sunlight—Lovin' in the Moonlight—Fox
Trot BERNIE CUMMINS AND HIS NEW YORKER HOTEL ORCHESTRA
No. 22423, 10-inch.
Tap Dance VICTOR NOVELTY
The Daughter of Rosie O'Grady—Waltz Clog ORCHESTRA
No. 22424, 10-inch.
Singing a Song to the Stars—Fox Trot
No. 22425, 10-inch.
Ragamuffin Romeo—Fox Trot
No. 22426, 10-inch.
Rollin' Down the River—Fox Trot LEO REISMAN
Mia Cara (My Dear)—Fox Trot AND HIS ORCHESTRA
No. 22427, 10-inch.
The Song Without a Name—Fox Trot
No. 22428, 10-inch.
My Heart Belongs to the Girl Who Belongs to
Somebody Else—Waltz RUDY VALLEE AND
Give Yourself a Pat On the Back—Fox Trot HIS CONNECTICUT YANKEES
When the Organ Played at Twilight—Waltz
No. 22429, 10-inch.
'Leven-Thirty Saturday Night—Fox Trot FESS WILLIAMS
I'm Feelin' Devilish AND HIS ROYAL FLUSH ORCHESTRA
No. V-58131, 10-inch.
I Was Made to Love You—Fox Trot
No. V-58132, 10-inch.
My Gal is Good for Nothing But Love—Fox Trot
DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS COTTON CLUB ORCHESTRA
No. V-58133, 10-inch.

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
(Victor Distributors),
Chater Road.

ALL THE MUSIC YOU WANT
WHEN YOU WANT IT
on

VICTOR RECORDS



Cooling Comfort within Your Reach on the Hottest Day

THE Electric Fan has contributed possibly as much to man's comfort as any single electrical unit.

Westinghouse, ever in the lead of things electrical, has spent years in perfecting Electric Fans until today the mark of Westinghouse identifies an Electric Fan that is electrically and mechanically perfect. When purchasing electric fans keep Westinghouse in mind.

Sole Distributors:
REISS, MASSEY & CO.,
7, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONG KONG.

Westinghouse

THE HON. TREASURER,
HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,
525, THE PEAK.

Enclosed please find cheque for twelve dollars being subscription to your Society for the current year.

TROTSKY AND HIS ENEMIES.

A BITTER LETTER.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Leon Trotsky's autobiography, in which he attacks Stalin and other present Soviet leaders, has at last been "reviewed" in the Soviet Press.

The "review" took the form of a virulent open letter addressed to "Mister Trotsky" by a German writer, Egon Kish, and published in the Communist *Fourth Pravda*.

A cartoon illustrating this letter strikes the keynote of the attack. It shows Trotsky excitedly crossing out the names of Lenin and Karl Marx, and writing in his own instead.

A Great Actor.

"You love posing," Kish exclaims at one point. "You are a great actor. You surpass in this art even that great babler, Kerensky. Having abandoned the stage of revolution you perform as a trickster in the circus of Europe."

"You gave him a lot of space on the pages of history. You handed him many shares of the Loan of Fame. He is Lenin's teacher. There is not a single blot of error upon him. He leads history, sitting on the horseback of revolution. True, he was knocked out of the saddle, but he is certain it is not for long. It is only a vacation. Summits of power, laurels of glory are ahead of him."

Self-Praise.

"Who is the man? Oh, of course, you yourself, Leo Davidovich. You ring the bells of self-praise, beat the drum of self-advertisement and are being deafened by the noise you make. We know all this costs less than the paper on which your books are printed. Something else is important; the fact that you choose the colour of lies for your bright book. You paint your own figure in loud colours and us in black only."

The letter accuses Trotsky of having sunk to the level of "capitalist correspondents" in pouncing upon Soviet failures and overlooking achievements.

"This very revolution of ours—the hope of all oppressed nations—you consider doomed and sing a funeral dirge for it," Kish declares. "Wonderful performance! All the petty bourgeois of the world rushed for your book like a swarm of locusts. You found a new way to revive bourgeois hopes. You say that Socialism is rotting at the roots. You flatter the world capitalists."

"But you are a forger. You are wrong. Lenin's party and its old guard are one family. It became more powerful once it extracted the Trotsky splinter. It was Trotsky who changed, not the proletariat. Trotsky was bankrupt and wrecked, but not the great October revolution. Don't scare us, Mister Trotsky!"

A Prophecy Recalled.

"We might recall that in the darkest days you said: 'If we go out we shall bang the doors so hard that the windows of Europe will be smashed to bits.' The Party did not go out and does not intend to. It was Trotsky, the hero of the phrase, who left."

"Your articles bloom in the bourgeois Press, like yellow lilies in a swamp. You are among the gang of correspondents who attack the Soviet Union with lies and insinuations. Your position forces you to pounce on every one of our failures as a certain animal pounces on a bone."

"Rejoice, we have difficulties with supplies. There are queues for cigarettes and kvass. Rejoice, Leon Davidovich. There are many difficulties ahead of us—nothing is born without pain."

"But since you are made joyous by our failures, perhaps our successes will make you gloomy. If so, you have many reasons to sorrow."

Sighing, this attack about four closely printed columns of it appeared on the very day when the Sixteenth congress of the Communist Party convened in Moscow. It was its predecessor, the Fifteenth congress, which had cut short Trotsky's Soviet career by expelling him from the Communist ranks.

NAVAL MEN TO BECOME ACTORS.

PREPARING FOR THE GREAT TATTOO.

MYSTERY WORKERS.

Portsmouth has "Tattooitis," and for some weeks there has been an air of subdued excitement on Whale Island, the Portsmouth Naval Gunney School, known the world over as H.M.S. Excellent.

The excitement occasionally bubbles over, and for a few hours gun sheds and barrack rooms are deserted, and the vast green recreation space in the centre of the island is filled with, strangely-clad figures performing incredibly weird evolutions.

The atmosphere of the establishment is subtly changing—even the language is losing its nautical flavour. Parade grounds no longer resound to stentorian "avasts" or "belays," and drill sheds, instead of echoing to the clash and clatter of gunnery drill, have become quiet meeting-places of mysterious people who talk of "times" and "spotlights" and "black-outs" and "closeups."

Vast Natural Stage.

Green baize notice-boards, formerly the select preserve of efficient buff forms and fleet orders, flutter frantically with a miscellany of multicoloured notices ordering rehearsals and exhorting actors to be there "on the top line."

The Navy is preparing for its first tattoo, and when the Navy tackles a job of work it does it thoroughly.

Great secrecy is being preserved about the actual details of production, but it will be presented at Whale Island from July 24 to 30—the occasion of the gunnery school centenary celebrations. Even so, little bits of back-staged gossip have leaked out, and all Portsmouth is talking and wondering about the great event.

The recreation ground has been made into a vast natural stage. Tier on tier of seats rise on three sides, and, behind these, three towering platforms support three batteries of searchlights—the "times" and "spotlights" for this gigantic stage. Painters, carpenters, sail-makers, and handy men are busy on the fourth side constructing scenery, every set of which is an exact replica of the original.

Naval Battles.

Mysterious canvas-covered shapes arrive and are hauled into position—more props. There is a full-scale model of the old Sallyport from which Nelson sailed, a model of Queen Anne's royal barge, and set of wonderful scenery. There is in one corner half a hundred men-of-war fully rigged and complete with guns, powder and shot. These will take part in a pageant portraying one of the most famous naval battles in history.

The tattoo will tell the story of warfare at sea in some twenty pageants, each more thrilling than the last, from the archers of King Edward the Second and their cloth-yard shafts to Drake and the Armada, Nelson and Trafalgar, and finally the climax of modern naval warfare.

The band of the Queen's Royal Regiment will lend a hand with the musical part of the programme—an unprecedented honour, and due to the fact that the "Queens" were serving as sea soldiers aboard the Queen Charlotte when, on the glorious 1st of June, 1794, Admiral Lord Howe won his great victory off Ushant.

The first international bridge contest—between Britain and America—is to take place in London in September, when 300 hands will be played in "duplicate" between two teams of four. Almsack's, the "mixed" club, in Upper Grosvenor Street, is the place chosen. Britain's guests will be made, honorary members for the duration of the tournament. "Bystanders" will be permitted to watch, and after allotment of places to friends of the American team members of the club will ballot for accommodation for themselves and their friends. Two rooms will be set apart for the match. Every hand played by the English pair against the Americans in one room will be sent up to the other room to be played by the American pair there against the other English pair. The American team will be Mrs. Ely Culbertson, Theodore Lightner, Baron von Zedwitz, and Mr. George Reith, chairman of the Knickerbocker Whist Club of New York. All are considered representative of America's best players. No final decision with regard to the composition of the British team has yet been made.

DEATH OF MRS. ROSSELET.

It is with regret that we have to announce the death of Mrs. Charles S. Rosselet, the wife of the secretary of the Hong Kong Amusement, Ltd., who passed away at the new Tung Wah Hospital, Sookunpo, at nine o'clock yesterday morning.

The deceased, who had been ill for about a year, was in her twenty-seventh year and leaves three children.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at the Protestant Cemetery, Happy Valley, and was attended by a large number of friends and relatives.

The following is a list of friends and others who sent wreaths:—Sorrowing Husband, Your loving children, Rene, George and Dickie; Allen and Lucy, Mether, Doreen and Family, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. MacKenzie, David C. Wilson, J. Landon and family, R. C. Hansom and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fox, Aunt Mamsie and children, Mr. and Mrs. Elias, N. Saenger, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Noronha, J. H. Backhouse, J. S. Gubbay, Lo Kan, Lo Wai Son, Mr. and Mrs. E. Mow Fung, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Neves, R. Bass, J. E. Noronha, Theatre Equipment Co., Advertising Department, H.K.A., Ltd., Electrical Research Prod. Inc., Staff Film Dept., H.K.A., Ltd., Office Staff, H.K.A., Ltd., C. Mak, Staff, Queen's Theatre, Albert Printing Press, Ma Shan Sing, Staff, Taiyat Theatre, Lo Shiu Leung, S. Asis, Staff, Ming Sing Theatre, Cheng Wai Tong, Wong Hoi Soy, Lau Kai, Woo Hoi, Loo Kan, Staff, Cheong Lok Theatre, Staff, Grand Theatre, Staff, World Theatre, Mr. and Mrs. Shi Yu Man, Misses K. and M. Gross, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Way, Mrs. and Misses White, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Y. Abbasi, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. R. Souza, I. Adwee and E. Carvalho, Miss Assumpcao, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Kew, A. V. Young, Mr. W. Ward, E. Ford, Pagoda Store, The Members of the Guild of Martha and Mary, Mr. W. Allen, and Capt. and Mrs. Prigent.

TRACED TO MACAO.

BANGKOK DEBTOR
ABSCONDS.

It is reported that a Chinese merchant who disappeared some time ago from Bangkok and in whose affairs, several European firms were involved has been traced to Macao.

It is understood that an offer on the basis of 15 per cent. was made to the largest creditor, but this was refused.

A REAL DRINK "BOAR'S HEAD" BRAND

GUINNESS

FOREIGN
EXTRA



STOUT

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.,

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING, ICE HOUSE STREET.

DIAL 20135.

HONG KONG.

HONGKONG SMOKELESS EGGS COAL

FOR

HOUSEHOLD USE.

KEEP THE HOUSE CLEAN AND NEAT!

NOTE CHEAP PRICES:—

In lots of not less than half-ton; delivered to:—

Peak District (above Bowen Road) ... \$23.00
Bowen Road and Lower Levels ... \$21.00
Pokfulam Road ... \$23.00
Kowloon ... \$19.00

Orders should be sent in writing, not by Telephone, at least 24 hours before the coal is required, and orders must be accompanied by cash, cheque, or compradors order payable to SZE WAI & CO.

Please apply for prices of other descriptions of coal for bunker, factory, and other purposes.

TELEPHONE No. 25009.

SZE WAI & CO.

42, BONHAM STRAND WEST, HONG KONG.
(CANTON BRANCH:—SZE WAI & CO., LOU YU SUM ROAD, CANTON
PHONE No. 12850.)

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Three Storied HOUSE, No. 18, STRATH ROAD, House Area about 2,000 sq. ft. with Garden 6,000 sq. ft. Ten Sitting and Bed Rooms, Garage, Servants' Quarters, Bath Room and Water Closets, Cold and Hot Water, and Electric Installation fitted, etc.—Please apply to THE OLIVE OSBORNE ADVERTISING SERVICE, RUTTON BUILDING (1st Floor), 7, DUNDRELL STREET. [675]

SITUATION WANTED.

YOUNG LADY-DOCTOR (British), at present in ENGLAND is desirous of taking up a POST in the FAR EAST or TRAVELLING. Has knowledge of FRENCH and can drive Car. Excellent References.—Apply Box No. 9641, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [964]

SHOP TO LET.

TO LET, on Lease, SHOP in the Most Central Position of Hong Kong, Facing on Two Main Roads. Early Occupation could be arranged. Rent: Reasonable.—Apply Box No. 9242, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [9242]

GODOWN TO LET.

TO LET.—GODOWN at DUNDRELL STREET, Mongkok.—Water Frontage and use of pier. Area: 50 ft. x 24 ft.—Apply Box 9301, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [9301]

APARTMENTS TO LET

ATTRACTIVE Three Roomed FLATS in HUMPHREYS BUILDINGS, KOWLOON. All Modern Conveniences. Also SHOP in NATHAN ROAD. Excellent Business Locality.—Apply HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [9473]

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.—Bowen Road Level. Comfortably furnished. Bed-Sitting Rooms with own Verandah and Bathroom. Quiet and Airy. Overlooking the Harbour.—Write Box No. 676, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [676]

TO LET From 1st AUGUST, 1930, Second Floor, No. 3, CANBAY BUILDINGS (No. 302 Nathan Road), Kowloon.—Apply to: CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT, 4th Floor, FRENCH BANK BUILDING. [9699]

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted.

All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender.

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of One Dollar for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Please insert.....		Enclosed.....		In payment.....	
Signature.....		Address.....			

Address:—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press"
11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1.

Probably some rain—
to-day or perhaps to-morrow!



Get a raincoat now—

Light Weight
WEATHERMAC

\$21.00

"MACNOVA"

\$39.50

Proofed Gaberdine

AQUASCUTUM

\$75.00

All Prices Less 10% Discount for Cash.

Mackintosh's



M.S. "TERUKUNI MARU."
M.S. "YASUKUNI MARU"

ORIENT TO
EUROPE

Of all the links
Twixt the East and West
The N.Y.K. is far the best.

These two new modern-equipped passenger
motor ships add speed and strength to
the fortnightly service between the
Far East and Europe.

N.Y.K.

**LATEST
GRAMOPHONE
RECORDS**

are obtainable at

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

(Music Department).

BEFORE YOU

FORGET

Send your Overseas Address to 11, Ice
House Street, and order the *Weekly
Press* to be sent to you for.

Three Months \$ 3.75

Six Months \$ 7.50

Twelve Months \$15.00

CHINA PROVIDENT CAPITAL.

INCREASE SANCTIONED BY SHAREHOLDERS.

TO PLACE COMPANY ON SOUND FINANCIAL BASIS.

Speaking at the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the China Provident Loan and Mortgage Company, Limited, which was held yesterday at the company board room at Alexandra Building, Mr. C. A. da Rosa, the Chairman, said that the resolutions relating to the increase of capital from \$3,000,000 to \$4,500,000 had been proposed, as it was thought that by doing so the Company would be taking another step towards establishing itself on a financial basis. He expressed the hope that with the adoption of the resolution, the Company would be in a position to pay dividends, which it has not been possible to do since 1925. Since that year, continued the Chairman, a great deal had been done in the liquidation of loans, and liabilities had been reduced to \$1,500,000 as compared with \$3,250,000 which was the figure previous to the management being taken over by the Board.

The two resolutions put before the meeting were—
(1). To increase the capital of the company from \$3,000,000 to \$4,500,000 by the creation of 300,000 shares of \$5 each, each to rank for dividend and in all other respects *pari passu* with the existing shares of the company.

(2). That the shares be offered in the first instance to existing shareholders on the register of the company as at the 16th day of July, 1930, rateably in the proportion of one share for every two shares held by the shareholders, and in the event of the 294,789 shares not being taken up by the shareholders within the time specified, the board of directors, allot them as they may deem expedient in the interest of the company.

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen—Before putting the resolutions to the meeting for which purpose we meet to-day I think shareholders would like to be informed of the reasons, which have actuated your board in placing the proposal for the increase in capital.

In short, gentlemen, it is another step towards placing your company on a financial basis enabling it to pay dividends which it has not been possible for the company to do since 1925. A great deal has been done since that year in the liquidation of loans made by the Company and the sums so realised have been applied towards payment of liabilities. In illustration of this, I might state that the liabilities of the company stood at over \$3,250,000 when the management was taken over by the board, but to-day they have been reduced, in round figures, to the sum of 1½ million.

We have still a few loans to liquidate, but these are secured on properties which, although difficult to realise at present, retain possibilities of a satisfactory realisation on an improvement in property values, signs of which have appeared during the last few months.

Company Under-Capitalised.

But, however favourable these realisations may be in the future, they cannot be expected to provide the necessary funds with which to extinguish all liabilities which I have just placed at \$1,500,000 at which figure it is considered the company is at present under-capitalised. I think the fact that we are working largely on borrowed capital will be better appreciated when I state that against a sum closely bordering on \$3,000,000 employed in assets, necessary to a large extent for the working of the Company, the capital is not \$3,000,000. That is to say 75 per cent. of the under-capitalisation, or \$1,500,000, is borrowed money on which we paid almost \$130,000 in interest last year.

It must be abundantly clear, gentlemen, that we cannot carry this load and also meet the legitimate demand from shareholders for a return on their investment, unless there should be a boom in trade, in staple commodities for the storage of which we specially cater at West Point, enabling us to pay a dividend after providing for interest on borrowed monies.

Reorganising the Capital.

Your Board has, therefore, taken the present favourable opportunity to reorganise the capital of the Company by bringing it into line with the value of the Company's fixed assets. To this end, two resolutions, which have been given full publicity, will be put before you shortly.

The first is of a formal character to comply with our Articles which require the consent of the Company in general meeting to an increase in the capital. It is proposed to increase the capital to \$4,500,000 by the creation of 300,000 new shares, of \$5 each, and by resolution No. 2, 294,789 of such shares will be offered to shareholders in the ratio of one new share to every two shares now held.

A Call of \$2.50 Per Share.

There are difficulties in the way of the immediate repayment of our mortgage loans. It is not, therefore, intended to call up at the moment more than half the value of the shares offered to shareholders. The proposal is to call up \$2½ per share forthwith. We are advised that an amendment to Resolution 2 is desirable, and an amendment to the resolution will be submitted to you accordingly.

When you have accepted these resolutions, gentlemen, the unissued capital will consist of 15,633 shares which it is not intended to issue at present.

I might add, gentlemen, that your Board has entered into an underwriting agreement in connection with this new issue of capital whereby the additional capital will be assured to the Company, the consideration being a commission of 1½ per cent. of such portion of the capital as may be subscribed by the shareholders and a commission of 2½ per cent. on the balance subject to a minimum commission of \$25,000.

The first resolution, proposed by the Chairman, was seconded by Mr. Morley, and passed.

An Amendment.

Mr. S. M. Churn, in proposing an amendment to the second resolution, said: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I desire to propose an amendment to Resolution No. 2. As foreshadowed in the speech from the Chair, and with a view to meeting a request from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, I propose the following amendment to Resolution No. 2.

"In the event of the resolution being passed, 294,789 shares shall be issued and offered in the first instance by the Directors at par to existing shareholders on the register of the Company as at from August 9, of which \$2.50 per share shall be payable on acceptance, subject to a further \$2.50 payable at such time or times as the Directors may by call or calls think fit rateably in the proportion of one share for every two shares held by such shareholders. In the event of the said 294,789 shares not being taken up by shareholders within the time stipulated, the Board shall be empowered to allot or dispose of them as they in their discretion think fit."

After the amendment was put to the meeting, the Chairman declared that the Board was prepared to accept the amendment which only meant a change as to date on which shares had to be offered to shareholders, namely on August 9 instead of July 16.

The amendment, seconded by Mr. Ellis, was then put to the vote and unanimously carried.

Attending the meeting were: Mr. C. A. da Rosa (Chairman), Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, Messrs. A. L. Alves, N. V. A. Croucher, S. M. Churn, and P. M. Hodgson (Directors), Mr. D. L. King (Secretary), Messrs. W. Morley, F. M. Ellis, H. J. Figueiredo, Fung Yam Zimmern, A. J. Edgar, A. C. Rendall, Li Fat Choi, A. P. Samy, any F. A. Xavier (shareholders).

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 12 every Tuesday by "KUFAN." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by the coupon appearing below, bearing the writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "KUFAN," care of the Editor, "Hong Kong Daily Press."

"KUFAN" COUPON.

Name

Address

Nom de plume

H.D.P.1]

CEMENT COMPANY MEETING.

NEW ARTICLES APPROVED.

OLDER AND INCONVENIENT SET DISCARDED.

A meeting of shareholders of the Green Island Cement Company was held yesterday when a set of new Articles of Association was adopted.

Mr. J. Scott Harston presided, and others present were:—Sir Robert Ho Tung, Mr. Li Tse Fong, Mr. C. A. da Rosa, Mr. R. G. Shewan and Mr. C. F. Mendham (Directors), A. Keith (Secretary), and Messrs. R. A. Wadson, A. L. Shields, Mr. A. Figueiredo, A. Edgar and S. T. Bagram (shareholders).

Addressing the meeting, the Chairman said:—

Gentlemen,—As indicated in the notice which has just been read by the secretary of the company, this meeting has been convened for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving the draft new articles of the company which are being submitted to the meeting.

Copies of the draft new articles have been open for inspection by shareholders at the company's registered office and at the office of the company's solicitors, Messrs. Deacons, since the 30th of last month. There are also copies of the draft new articles on this table, and if any shareholder desires to inspect same he may do so.

In recommending the adoption of the new articles the Directors have in mind the facts that the existing articles, which date from the year 1913, are not only old, but are also out of date for practical purposes, and that it has been found increasingly difficult to carry on the management of the company under them. The new articles, if adopted, will substitute a new fuller set of regulations for an older and less convenient set.

The circular letter which accompanied the notice convening the extraordinary general meetings in the above relation, and which was sent to all shareholders, pointed out that most of the proposed changes are formal and necessary to bring the articles into line with modern practice. The circular letter also set out in detail the more important points of difference between the proposed new articles and the old, and for that reason I refrain from dealing further therewith. Copies of the circular letter are available at this meeting, and any shareholder who has not acquainted himself with its contents can do so now.

I do not think there is anything more with which I need deal at this meeting, but if any shareholder would like to ask any questions or seek any explanation, I shall be pleased to endeavour to answer such questions, and give such explanation to the best of my ability.

If no questions are asked or explanation sought, I shall assume that you have considered and approved of the draft new articles as presented, and I will thereupon propose the resolution regarding the same which is set out in the notice convening this meeting.

There were no questions by any of those present.

The Chairman:—There being no questions or desire for explanation, I now beg to propose the following resolution as an extraordinary resolution, namely:—

"That the new articles already approved by this meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be approved and adopted as the articles of association of the company in substitution for and to the exclusion of, all the existing articles thereof."

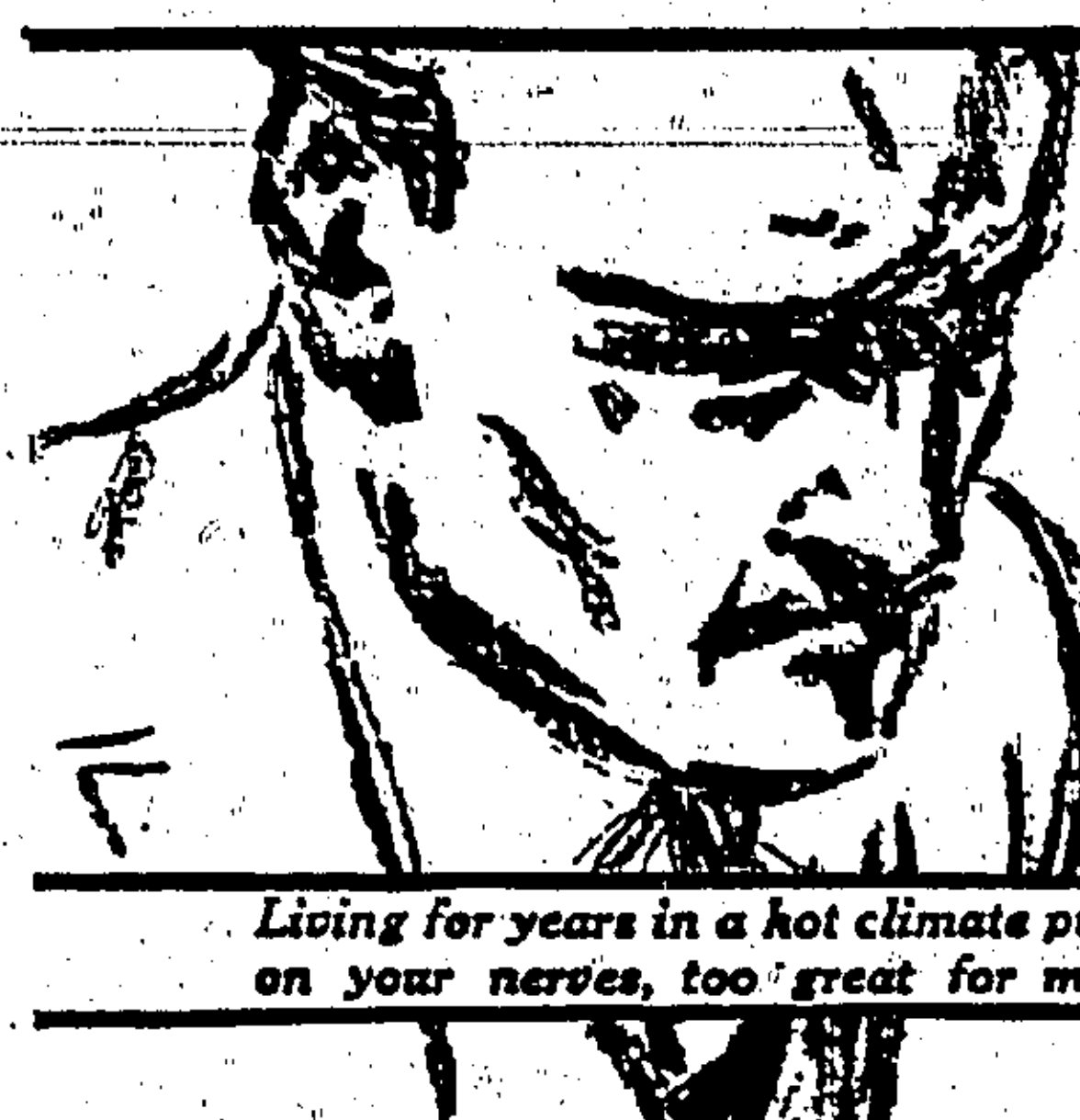
and I shall be glad if some shareholders will kindly second that.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. A. L. Shields and was carried unanimously.

The Chairman, Gentlemen,—That concludes the business for which this meeting was convened, and I thank you for your attendance.

As you are aware, the notice convening this meeting also convenes a second extraordinary general meeting for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at this meeting. It is a usual resolution that the resolution which has just been passed at this meeting as an extraordinary resolution. This second meeting will, as indicated, in the said notice, be held here on Wednesday the 17th day of August, 1930, at 11.30 a.m., and I shall be glad if you will kindly attend it.

"All in"?



Living for years in a hot climate puts a strain on your nerves, too great for most people.

THAT feeling of being "dead-tired" shows clearly that you are using up the last reserves of strength and energy. You are nearing the danger-zone, you are unnecessarily risking a serious break-down.

The energy you get from your regular diet is apparently not sufficient to pull you through the day without fatigue, or nervous over-exertion. You must have either more rest, or an extra infusion of strength.

Start taking Sanatogen. Every particle of this strengthening food—containing albumin and phosphorus—creates energy and vitality. A few spoonfuls after each meal, will nearly double the amount of energy-giving elements absorbed into your system.

When you use Sanatogen you will be able to work better and to enjoy your life to the full again. You will no longer be "all-in" after the day's work.

Slowly but surely your vitality will increase, your nervous resistance will be strengthened. Sanatogen will have given you a new reserve of strength filling you with youthful vitality and vigour.

SANATOGEN
The True Tonic-Food

Obtainable at all Chemists & Stores

POACHING ON THE ETHER.

RADIO OWNERS SUMMONED

SET CONFISCATED: \$100 FINE.

Mr. L. R. Andrewes, Assistant Crown Solicitor, prosecuted yesterday in three cases where Chinese were summoned for possession of radio sets without licences.

In the course of the three cases, Mr. Andrewes stated that he wanted to bring to the notice of the public that the penalties imposed under Section 6 of Ordinance No. 11 of 1928. The section reads:—

1.—Every person who contravenes any provision of this Ordinance or of any regulation made thereunder and every person who fails to comply with any condition of any licence issued under this Ordinance, shall upon summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding 12 months.

2.—It shall be lawful for a Magistrate to order to be forfeited to the Crown any apparatus with respect to which any offence against this Ordinance has been committed, whether any person shall have been charged with or shall have been convicted of such offence or not.

In the first case the defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$5. It was stated that he had a set at 39, Wong Nei Chong Road. When the authorities found the set a woman in the house stated that she did not know the whereabouts of the owner, but later the defendant went to the Radio Office to take out a licence and to claim his set.

Gave Wrong Name.

In connection with the second case, the defendant owned a set at 3, Tin Lok Lane. On being interrogated he stated that he had a licence when he lived at 6, Saifoe Terrace. He gave his name as Sanh.

A visit was paid to No. 6, Saifoe Terrace, and it was found that Mr. and Mrs. Sanh were in possession of a licence and that they were living at the address. The authorities then went again to the address in Tin Lok Lane and the set was seized.

At about 3.10 p.m. on July 14 the defendant went to the Radio Office for a licence, but was taken to the Police Station where he admitted he had given a wrong name and that his previous statements were untrue.

A fine of \$500 was imposed and the set was confiscated. In the third case a Chinese was prosecuted for possession of a crystal set, but he claimed that he did not have a completed set. An adjournment was granted in his case to enable further inquiries to be made.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE RETRENCHMENT INQUIRY.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—I congratulate you on your leader concerning "The Affairs of Messrs. Hong Kong & Co." It is sound and to the point. An important appointment like the Retrenchment Commission without a doubt calls for local experts each in his respective sphere, and anything short of this qualification will be perfunctory, ending merely in statement or *vacuo*, as many a Commission had ended in the past.

In the selection of personnel, neither wealth, privileged position, nor smattering of knowledge can "cut any ice" in the arduous task of investigating the merits and demerits of a huge Governmental organization like the Civil Service, which, decidedly requires expert knowledge as well as the fine delicacy of mind of a genuine expert to grapple with the maze of technicalities.

Then, too, it seems hardly logical to put an official to preside over a Board of Enquiry to look into Governmental affairs. It may be a long established precedent but not in keeping with out modern thinking.—Yours, etc.,

ENQUIRER.

Hong Kong, July 16.

SHOT BY FRIEND.

MEMBER OF PIG-HUNTING PARTY KILLED.

Mr. Kam Kok Lin was accidentally shot dead by a companion when he was out pig shooting with a party from Ipoh at Lengcong on July 7.

When the party reached the jungle each member took up his position to await the wild boars which were being driven by dogs and hunters.

Anticipating a pig breaking cover Mr. O. K. Krishnan levelled his gun, fired, missed the board and struck Mr. Kam Kok Lin, who, it is said, had moved his position. Friends rushed immediately to the victim and did everything possible, but he died within a minute.

Later the body was brought to Kuala Kangsar where a post-mortem was held. Mr. Kam Kok Lin was the eldest son of Mr. Kam Sek Chuan, who retired from the post of station superintendent a few months ago. He was employed by the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank. Krishnan is a teacher at the Gopeng English school.

KWANGTUNG LOAN FLOTATION.**TEN PER CENT. INTEREST. REDEMPTION VAGUE.**

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, July 16.

The Provincial Government of Kwangtung decided to-day to float another loan of \$15,000,000 for the rehabilitation of the depreciated Central Bank of China notes and for the redemption of the short-term military bonds issued last year.

No mention has been made as to how the loan will be distributed. Most likely each merchant and landlord throughout the Province will be compelled to take up an amount commensurate to his investment. Government employees and teachers in Government schools will in all probability be forced to take up bonds to the extent of a month's salary. The property owner in Canton and elsewhere will again have to give one or two months' rental to the Government in return for bonds. These have been the former methods of the Government to exact money from the people for military and other purposes.

In a set of regulations the Government states that the loan is secured on the regular revenue of Kwangtung, and that it will be paid back to the subscribers in silver in due course. Bonds are being printed in denominations of \$100, \$50, \$10, \$5, and \$1, and will be forced upon the public sometime in August of this year. The loan will bear interest of 10 per cent. per annum, payable at the end of every six months. These bonds may be sold or purchased in the market, there being no restrictions attached to them. They will also be acceptable as security money deposited with the Government by the banks. But a severe penalty will be imposed upon anyone found forging, altering, or in any way defacing these bonds.

The Government, in order to stimulate the people to take up its latest loan as early as possible, has decided to accept 50 per cent. in Central Bank of China notes if payment is made before the end of August. If payment is made in September, only 30 per cent. in these depreciated bank notes will be acceptable, and only 20 per cent. will be accepted in the month following. After October only silver will be accepted. The Government believes that these inducements will speedily raise the value of the bank notes, which are now quoted at about 79 or 80 per cent. The Government hopes that such an enormous loan forced upon the people will readily replenish its empty coffers in the Central Bank of China, and at the same time restore the value of its bank notes to parity.

No mention has been made as to when the Government will begin to redeem these bonds.

JUNK PIRACY.**MASTER AND PASSENGERS CAPTIVE.**

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, July 16.

Another junk was pirated early this week on the East River.

A group of pirates, disguised as passengers boarded the Wo Ki, on the Waichow-Poklow run, and when the junk was nearing a lone spot on the East River, the bandits drew their revolvers and other weapons and pointed them at the passengers, crew and guards.

It was a most unexpected affair, and everyone was caught unaware. No resistance was offered.

The pirates systematically ransomed the passengers, taking everything of value.

The master of the junk, together with the better-dressed passengers, was taken captive.

The value of the cargo is estimated at several thousand dollars. A force to recover the lost cargo and the release of the captives is being prepared.

THREAT TO TSINAN.**BIG EFFORT BY NANKING.****ALL QUIET ELSEWHERE.**

Chinese Press reports from Shanghai state that large numbers of

Nanking troops are pouring in on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway front, where Nanking has been striking northward to recapture Tsinan ever since the recent crushing defeat of the Shansi forces, who have withdrawn to the south of Tsinan.

Marshal Chiang Kai Shek has again instructed his troops to recapture Tsinan within the shortest possible time, and has dispatched his chief of staff, General Yang Kit, to direct military operations.

While the situation on this sector is tense, every thing appears to be quiet on all the other fronts. Han Fu Chu's troops on the Kinchow-Tsinan Railway have been instructed by Marshal Chiang to defend their positions at any cost.

On the Lungai front, the lull continues. The Nanking forces on the Peiping-Hankow Railway are heading for Hsuehchun; they claim to have disarmed three regiments of the Kuomintang forces recently.

A communiqué has been published by the Nanking military headquarters to the effect that an understanding has been reached between Chiang Kai Shek and Chang Hsueh Liang, whereby the latter has promised to mobilize his troops to assist the Government forces when the latter recapture Tschow in Northern Shantung.

According to astute observers, it is very doubtful whether Chang will fulfill his promise in view of the opposition of the senior leaders of Manchuria to participate in the fighting. His verbal loyalty to Nanking is of little value.

Chang's Efforts at Truce.

It will be remembered that Chang Hsueh Liang declared recently that he would ask for a truce, and that he would resort to military force to stop the fighting should his appeal be ignored. So far, however, he has not done so. Judging from the present situation there appear practically no prospects of a peaceful settlement.

According to a report from Peiping, it has been decided by Yen Hsi Shao to inaugurate the new Government after the settlement of Kuomintang affairs. Yen is exploiting the Kuomintang in the formation of his government although he has really little or no sympathy with the Party.

It is not expected that Kuomintang affairs will be settled in the near future, as the dispute between the Reorganizationists, headed by Mr. Wang Ching Wei, and the Saltsan or Western Hill Clique over the question of the unification of the Party is still keen. The former complain that the latter are using the plenary session of the Central Executive Council of the Kuomintang for their own ends. The fact that Mr. Wang Ching Wei has declined to go North is an indication of the unsettled condition of the Kuomintang.

COLONY'S WATER SUPPLY.**SLIGHT INCREASE IN KOWLOON.**

The total storage in the island reservoirs in the morning on Monday, July 14, amounted to 1,128.35 million gallons, showing a decrease of 23.12 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams was 31.20 million gallons.

The week's consumption amounted to 75.92 million gallons, which includes 21.60 million gallons from the Shing Mun Supply.

Kowloon Water Supply.

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs in the morning on Monday, July 14, amounted to 390.87 million gallons showing an increase of 1.10 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption, not including Hong Kong supplies and 1.39 million gallons delivered to water boats at Lai Chi Kok, amounted to 32.54 million gallons.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week was 59.57 million gallons.

A PLUCKY COOK.**FIERCE STRUGGLE FOR CHOPPERS.****MORE LIGHT ON BANK MURDER CASE.**

Much interest was taken by Chinese of the middle class at the second day's hearing yesterday of the Criminal Sessions case in which Li Man Pun is charged with murder. There were many ladies among the spectators who occupied all the seats, while others watched proceedings from the corridors of the Court room.

An important witness was a cook, who described a struggle he had with the prisoner for possession of a chopper with which he intended to cut his own throat.

Accused is charged with the murder of one of the inmates at the Hung Tak Bank in the early morning of May 24. The employees were asleep at the time of the attack and five of them lost their lives.

The case is being heard before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp, K.C.) and a jury. Mr. Somerset Fitzroy conducting the Crown case and Mr. Leo d'Almada, jnr., defending.

More than six employees of the bank gave evidence in the course of the day. The prisoner was stated to have had his evening meal with the other employees and there was nothing in his demeanour to show that he was depressed in any way. One witness stated, however, that between 11 o'clock and midnight he saw the prisoner sitting on his bed in a melancholy attitude and muttering something. When he was questioned by witness, the prisoner replied that nothing was wrong with him.

Cook's Graphic Story.

The cook of the establishment stated that he was sleeping on the third floor and was awakened by cries for help from the floors below. A little later he saw the prisoner come up to the floor and enter the kitchen. Witness followed and saw the prisoner slash his throat with a chopper. The weapon was snatched away from him.

There were two other choppers on the shelf which witness quickly snatched away, when a struggle ensued between him and the prisoner for possession of the weapons. They rolled on the ground in the course of the struggle, and witness had his singlet saturated with blood flowing from a cut in the prisoner's neck. Witness said that he eventually succeeded in slipping the choppers to the lower floor through the openings in the banisters. He then went to the first floor where prisoner also arrived a little later and collapsed.

Describing the entry of the police, witness said that a constable pointed a revolver at him. Witness immediately threw up his hands and told the constable not to shoot as he was not the culprit. He then nodded in the direction of the prisoner and the constable lowered his weapon.

The Court adjourned at this stage until this morning.

MOSQUITOES FOR GOLD FISH.**A KOWLOON TONG BREEDER.**

Admitting that he had allowed mosquitoes to breed in earthenware pots for the purpose of feeding gold fish, a Chinese residing at No. 9 Cumberland Road, Kowloon Tong, was fined \$30 by Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Sanitary Inspector Frost told his Worship that on June 19 he inspected all the houses in Kowloon Tong, and found in defendant's garden mosquito larvae breeding in tins, kongs, and flower pots. He warned defendant to have the nuisance abated on June 19 and 24.

Senior Sanitary Inspector Taylor stated that there had been many complaints about mosquito breeding by residents of Kowloon Tong, and strange to say, in some cases the complainants had allowed mosquitoes to breed in their own back yards.

GLOUCESTER BLDG. TRAGEDY.**FURTHER EVIDENCE AT CORONER'S INQUIRY.****AMBULANCE DELAY ALLEGED.**

The inquiry into the tragedy at Gloucester Building which resulted in the death of three workmen on June 28 last, was continued at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

In the course of the case one of the workmen who was on the steel framework on the fourth storey said that in all six persons, including the dead men, were responsible for the erection of the derrick. No particular one was in charge.

This witness said that at the moment of the accident he was standing on a plank. He was thrown inwards and as he reached the third floor he managed to hold on to one of the wire guy ropes, which probably saved his life.

The contractor who supplied the planks claimed that he had dealt in planks for over twenty years. The part where the break occurred, said this witness, was quite sound, although it had a rotten spot at another place.

Practically Experts.

Mr. G. G. Wood, civil engineer of Messrs. Leigh & Orange, said that as architects his firm would see that the work was properly done and finished, but they were not concerned with how the result was achieved. The riggers employed on the steel framework, said witness, were practically experts at their jobs and interference with their work was out of the question.

Witness went on to say that before the accident stanchions weighing about seven and a half tons had been hoisted on these derricks. The one that was being hoisted when the accident occurred was only two and a half tons.

As to the cause of the accident, witness stated that it was possible that one of the planks was fouled by a guide rope attached to the hoist.

A European Sergeant, who was the first policeman on the scene, stated that on approaching the scene at about 10.15 a.m. he saw two men on Des Vaux Road, both injured but conscious. He saw other men inside the boarding.

Remarkable Allegations.

Witness said he went to Messrs. Lane, Crawford's to telephone for the ambulance. He found a European there who said he had been unsuccessful in trying to get through to the Fire Station. Witness dialed No. 39 and could get no reply. At 10.35, he went to the telephone again but he could neither get the fire station nor the Tung Wah Hospital. He telephoned No. 90 to complain and to ask to be put through to the Fire Station at all costs, but was told that there was no reply from the Fire Station as apparently there was no one to answer the call. Witness then telephoned the charge room of the Central Station and was told that the Fire Station and Tung Wah Hospital had both been informed.

The Tung Wah Hospital ambulance arrived at 11.05 a.m. and the Fire Brigade ambulance about 10 minutes later.

ARMS HAUL ON FRENCH MAIL.**SUSPECT ESCAPES; WARRANT ISSUED.**

As a result of a raid carried out by revenue officers on board the D'Artagnan on Tuesday, 168 automatic pistols and 10,000 rounds of ammunition were found in the workshop over the port engine.

Revenue Officer Grimmit, who headed the raid, applied for its confiscation at the Central Magistracy yesterday, and stated that after finding the ammunition and pistols, he summoned the whole staff and interrogated them. During the interrogation, the No. 1 fireman knocked down a Chinese revenue officer and made his escape.

The confiscation order was granted, and subsequently a warrant for the arrest of the fireman was issued.

MAGISTRATE STILL UNDECIDED.**AN OBSTINATE GUARDIAN.****PREFERS GAOL SENTENCE FOR WARD.**

The grandmother of a Chinese girl who had been twice convicted of stealing, again presented an obstacle to Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. Appearing in Court for the fourth time, the old woman still insisted that her grand-daughter should serve six months in gaol rather than go to the Salvation Army Home.

In view of the fact that the girl had been cautioned in her first offence and had refused to enter the Home, his Worship had no alternative but to sentenced her to six months' imprisonment. The Magistrate, however, ordered that the girl be brought before him again, after she had served one week's sentence, and the girl accordingly appeared at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

His Worship (to the girl): You have been almost a week in gaol and I am sure you have not found it very pleasant. Would you not much rather be at the Salvation Army home where you have girls to speak to and play with?

Miss Raines, of the Salvation Army, intimated that the girl would be allowed opportunities of going out, and further the grand-mother could take the girl back in six months' time. Miss Raines mentioned that the Home would do her a lot of good.

His Worship asked the grand-mother what was the reason for not allowing the girl to enter the Home. The woman replied that the girl deserved to get some work in the prison as punishment.

His Worship (to the woman): I think you deserve much more punishment than she does!

His Worship remarked that according to the law of England it did not follow that if a child's parents died, that child's grand-mother or grandfather could be the guardian. That might be the custom with the Chinese people.

His Worship ordered the girl to be remanded in gaol for another week. In the meantime he would go into the question of guardianship.

The girl burst into tears, when she heard the Magistrate's decision.

GOVERNOR AT THE SPORTS CLUB.**INFORMAL TIFFIN PARTY.**

His Excellency the Governor, Sir William Peel, C.M.G., K.B.E., accompanied by his A.D.C., was present at an informal tiffin party at the Sports Club yesterday. The function proved to be a very convivial nature. His Excellency chatted with several of the members and showed great interest in some of the matters concerning the club.

Mr. Ho Leung and Mr. H. H. Priestley supported His Excellency the Governor. Other guests present included Sir Robert Ho Tung, Hon. Mr. H. T. Cressy, Mr. P. Jacks, Mr. Ho Kom Tong, Mr. Chow Yue Ting, Mr. E. Abraham, Mr. T. P. Tong, Mr. U. Sze Wing, Mr. A. J. P. Heard and Mr. G. U. da Roza.

OPIUM FOR AMERICA.**CONCEALED IN FALSE TRUNK.**

A Chinese was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy yesterday for the unlawful possession of 110 taels of illicit opium.

Revenue Officer Grimmit told his Worship that the defendant was arrested on the ground floor of 96, Connaught Road West and the opium was found cunningly concealed in a false bottom of a trunk.

Accused admitted that he had booked a passage on the President Pierce for the purpose of taking the opium to America.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$10,000 or nine months' hard labour.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHINA COAST OFFICERS' GUILD
AND
MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD
OF CHINA.

A COMBINED MEETING will be held at the GUILD OFFICES, 67, Des Voeux Road, CENTRAL (DAVEY HOUSE), TO-DAY, THURSDAY, 17th JULY, 1930, at FIVE O'CLOCK P.M.
All Members are requested to attend.
T. T. LAURENSEN,
Branch Secretary.

9660]

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Shamshing, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1896, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.									
No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.			
1	No. 1238.	Chung Shu Wan Road.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	\$	\$			
					As per sale plan.	70			
						170.4			

[9649]

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Prince Edward Road, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.									
No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.			
2	No. 2361.	Adjoining Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2360, Prince Edward Road.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	\$	\$			
					As per sale plan.	110			
						1,000			

[9645]

G. E.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT is prepared to receive TENDERS for the Purchase of QUANTITIES of OLD MATERIALS comprising Metal Scrap, Old Motor Tyres, Empty Drums, Lidgerwood Piling Engine, Various Quantities of Glass, Survey Instruments, &c., &c.
For Form of Tender and further particulars apply at the Office of SUPERINTENDENT OF ACCOUNTS & STORES, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

[9644]

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

For Reasons given to Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, held on 7th May, 1930, the Directors have decided to CANCEL all the Existing Share Certificates and to REPLACE them by New Share Certificates of a different Colour.
All Shareholders are therefore requested to send their Share Certificates to the Registered Office of the Company at ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, 40, Des Voeux Road, Kowloon, forthwith so that the New Share Certificates may be prepared and issued to them in lieu of the Certificates now held by them which will be Cancelled.

By Order of the Board,
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hong Kong, 20th June, 1930.

[9621]

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AGENTS—

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

NOTICE.

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate No. 12933 for 50 Shares Nos. 391629/391678 issued in the Name of MOK KING TAK has been declared LOST and should the same not be produced before the 22nd JULY, 1930, it shall be deemed CANCELLED and of NO EFFECT.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 7th July, 1930. [9625]

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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.25 p.m., stated:—

The typhoon is situated near Oshima, moving north-east. The depression remains to the north-west of Hong Kong.

Local Forecast:—S. and S.W. winds; fresh; squally; overcast; generally rain.

TYPHOON WARNINGS.

The following typhoon warnings have been received by the American Consulate-General from the Manila Observatory:—

Manila, July 16, 9 a.m.—Cyclone or typhoon S. of Naha, moving E.N.E.

Manila, July 16, 5 p.m.—Typhoon or cyclone over or near Naha, moving N.N.E. or N.E.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

Hong Kong, July 17, 1930.

LORDS KILL THE COAL BILL.

AFTER being before Parliament for six months, the Coal Bill has been killed by the House of Lords. The measure has not been at all popular, but it is one upon which an elected Legislature has passed a favourable opinion, and an unelected Chamber refuses to endorse it. If the Coal Bill were as bad a measure as its critics in the House of Commons represented it to be, the House of Lords should have acted drastically long ago. Instead, they amended the Bill—mutilated, others call it—by weakening the clauses upon which the Labour and Liberal members of the lower House were most insistent. The House of Lords includes among its number some great coalowners who are as keenly alive to their interests as are the miners' representatives in the House of Commons. Complaints were made that Lord MELCHETT had made a most mischievous speech in the "Upper Chamber" in which he asserted that negotiations were going on in South Wales between the mine-owners and the miners in regard to the "spread-over." This statement was emphatically denied by the Executive of the Miners' Federation, who declared that there was absolute unanimity among the men in opposition to any calculation of working hours other than by the day.

It is on this question of "spread-over" that the House of Lords has defined public opinion—as represented by an elected Chamber—by insisting upon an amendment to the Coal Bill in regard to working hours. The House of Lords proposes that the 7½-hour working day, plus one winding-time, may be spread over a fortnight of 90 hours. The House of Commons insists that there be no alternative to a definite 7½-hour day. Advocates of the "spread-over" say that rigid recognition of the legal working day will mean increasing the cost of coal by 10 per cent., whereas by the "spread-over" system the increase in cost of production will be very much less. Whether this is so or not is an arguable proposition, but the known and definite fact is that the Miners' Federation, and the Government, are opposed to the "spread-over," while the House of Lords insists upon it.

Critics of the Labour Government have regretted that it did not take the opportunity—when framing the Bill of introducing methods of calculating miners' hours which would have been closer to the more logical and fairer Continental systems, and would have made agreement on a common European standard easier to reach. The Government and the miners, however, acted strictly on precedent, and the coal-owners very foolishly

waited too long before they suggested a compromise on the first proposals. When they finally moved they suggested that hours should be taken on a fortnightly basis, which means that allowing for the short shift on Saturdays or the holiday on alternate Saturdays, men may still work an eight-hour day as at present but average only seven and a half hours a day over the fortnight. This sounds rather too good to be true, and the miners are intensely sceptical about it. The House of Lords, by insisting upon the "spread-over" amendment, has put the Labour Government in an embarrassing position, and the political reaction to its killing of the Coal Bill is likely to be lively.

COMING DICTATORSHIP IN GERMANY?

The news from Germany appearing in cables elsewhere, although sensational enough, is not really surprising. The BRUNING Government has long been recognised as one which has no real friends in the country. Moreover, German politics lately have shown a very unfortunate tendency toward physical violence, and well-informed observers of German affairs have long ago declared that the only reason why the Reichstag has not been dissolved is the certainty that a general election would be accompanied by bloodshed. The Berlin correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* has described the patience of the German public in the face of the political hooliganism, everywhere, as pathetic. It is rarely that anything ever happens to a National Socialist, as the German Fascists call themselves (except when a Communist gets hold of him). Even when caught by the police these hooligans get off lightly. As a rule German justice is slow and lenient. Assault and battery are treated with very mild sentences. What would be considered murder in England is usually considered manslaughter in Germany. Even a Communist when he has killed a National Socialist usually gets off with only three or four years' imprisonment, while a National Socialist who kills a Communist usually gets off with two or three years. Carrying arms without a licence is a luxury that costs no more than a small fine. Libel and slander, the chief means by which many persons are incited to violence in Germany, are treated almost with benevolence by German Judges. A newspaper can call almost anyone a scoundrel, a liar, a thief, a spy, a traitor, or a paid agent and get off with a fine of a few pounds. There have been some public demands for more drastic penalties (the success with which hooliganism is stamped out in England has been the subject of a good deal of envious comment in Berlin), but so far at least nothing has been done to stop Germany from continuing to be what it is—a paradise for hooligans.

The Fascists in Germany have become a public plague. Some of them are well-meaning, but the movement as a whole is so charged with the dread felt by a bourgeoisie that is being depressed to the economic level of the proletariat—with the bank clerks, the shopkeepers, the students' horror not only of poverty but also of losing caste—that it continually overflows with a terrible savagery, and, being without guiding ideas or any programme other than a kind of romanticism, it can find no outlet save in high-sounding phrases and general turbulence. It is natural that such a movement should attract those who love rowdiness for its own sake as well. The movement has, indeed, become a problem not so much for the politician as for the policeman. The outrages committed by the German Fascists cause bruises, wounds, or even death almost every day. It is quite likely that if the number of those killed and injured in the fights and outbreaks of the German political factions during the last twelve months were compared with the number of those killed and injured in the Indian troubles during the same period, it would

be found that, relatively to the population, the German losses would prove the heavier.

A general election is, therefore, a thing all the parties who have any sense of responsibility left would avoid as long as they can. But it is also becoming more and more evident that the present state of barbarism, disillusionment, and uncertainty in German politics is desired by German Reaction, particularly by the Right Wing of the People's party, which, although represented in the Government Coalition, has done more than any other party to make the work of the Government impossible. More menacing than for many years is the movement for a veiled semi-dictatorship in Germany, or for exploiting the possibilities of Article 48 of the Constitution, which permits Government by decree in any emergency. There is no emergency, but the violence of the Fascists (and although not quite so much, of the Communists), the almost daily bloodshed, the helplessness of a Government that has not a friend left in the country, the immense but lethargic and sullen resentment of the working class, and the general pessimism, gives reaction its great opportunity. Whether the danger is averted or not will depend mainly upon the strongest of all the German parties, the Socialists. The last Cabinet was, at least, broadly representative. Its financial policy was (as events since then have proved) on the whole right, and at least it did not have any excessive pretension to strength of will, quickness of resolve, and other manly qualities. It was rather easy-going, and did its best without much pose, fuss or cant. It was not exactly popular, but it certainly did not achieve the intense unpopularity of the present Government—an unpopularity which now appears to have reached a most critical stage.

The romance of a political conversion was recalled by the announcement that Lady Noel-Buxton, wife of the ex-Minister of Agriculture, had been adopted as Labour candidate for North Norfolk, where a by-election caused by the elevation of her husband to the peerage. When Mr. Noel-Buxton first contested the division as a Liberal twenty years ago his most ardent opponent was Miss Pelham-Burn, a young Conservative who led a march of young women round the constituency by hand a banner bearing the legend, "No Noel for North Norfolk." Mr. Buxton was attracted rather than repelled by the political ardour of his fair antagonist, and sought an acquaintance, which culminated in their marriage in 1914. Lady Noel-Buxton at first declined nomination in the by-election, but local pressure induced her to alter her decision, and—as Reuters told us a few days ago—she was successful.

The Directors of The Hong Kong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd. have declared an interim dividend of \$2 per share, payable on August 6.

Pleading guilty to a charge of riding his bicycle in a reckless manner, a Chinese youth was fined \$5 by Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy. It was stated that the defendant rode the machine with one hand off the handle.

On account of the inclement weather, the open-air band concert arranged by the Kowloon Residents Association, which was to have been held on the Kowloon Football Club ground last night, was postponed. It will take place on Wednesday next, weather permitting.

The timely arrival of the police yesterday prevented a would-be Communist demonstration from taking place at Queen's Road near the Central Market. The police took into custody two persons who were said to be just about to start a demonstration. It is believed that on the persons of the detained men were found a red flag and a quantity of communistic pamphlets.

★ News and Views ★

An extraordinary rumour was current in London last month that the object of the visit of Count Bethlen to London was to offer the Hungarian throne to the Duke of Gloucester. There was no confirmation in authoritative quarters. When Mr. Malone asked the Prime Minister why Count Bethlen had been invited to be the guest of his Majesty's Government, Mr. MacDonald replied: "His Majesty's Government had always declined to say why Government hospitality was or was not offered, and he was afraid he must adhere to this rule in the present instance." An authority in close touch with Hungarian affairs in England afterwards declared that there was no truth in the report.

A toy balloon released at Caterham, Surrey, on May 21, has been returned by post from the United States. The envelope has the New York stamp and is dated June 4. With the balloon was a postcard which stated that the balloon was picked up on a roof in New York, and that the finder was M. J. Israel, of 107, West Eighty-sixth Street, New York.

Is the world to be shortly freed from the most common source of danger to human life—coal gas poisoning? Dr. Bertelsmann, the chemical expert of the Berlin gas-works, declared in a lecture at the World Power Conference in Berlin recently that at the experimental gas institute at Gossen, near Berlin, a process had been perfected for the elimination of the dangerous carbon elements from ordinary gas fuel without deteriorating its heating qualities or making it more expensive. It was hoped, he said, that in the near future it would be possible to introduce the new poisonless gas into Germany. First of all, however, certain adjustments had to be made which would obviate any alteration in the design of the millions of gas stoves and meters.

Fifty-four American bricklayers and other building workers have arrived in Moscow with the announced intention of assisting Soviet citizenship and assisting in industrialization work. Some of these Americans, it is understood, are of Russian origin. They have been assigned to work on the automobile factory which is being built in Nijni-Novgorod for the construction of Ford automobiles.

A special workshop for the restoration of priceless tapestries in the Vatican is to be set up in the new Palace of Fine Arts that is now under construction in the Vatican City. The first tapestry to be restored will be that of Raphael portraying the blinding of Magus Enas from which practically all the threads of gold were removed at the time of the sack of Rome. Raphael's original sketches for these tapestries are in the Victoria and Albert Museum, and are the property of the British Crown, and before the restoration is undertaken an expert is to be sent to London from the Vatican to study the pictures there. Other tapestries of Raphael are subsequently to be restored.

★ Local Notes and Events ★

Among the passengers arriving by the Empress of Russia from Shanghai was Mr. C. G. Mey, representing Messrs. L. Rondon & Co., Ltd. Mr. Mey in making a stay of about two weeks in the Colony.

"Seven Faces," Fox Movietone all-talking picture, coming to the Queen's Theatre to-day, will prove a delight to those who find a fascination in waxwork exhibits; and because of its dramatic qualities it will prove equally attractive to those who are fond of novel situations. The action centres about the Musée Patrouchy, a Parisian waxworks. Paul Muni, Marguerite Churchill and Lester Lonergan are featured. Others prominent in the cast include Russell Gleason, Gustav von Seyffertitz, Eugénie Besserer and Walter Rogers, under Berthold Viertel's direction.

Looking Back 25 Years.

For some time past the soldiers stationed at Murray Barracks have been missing stores from their larder, but it is only once in a while they are able to pounce upon the culprits—barracks coolies. Of late bread has been disappearing in a remarkable manner, and if a "Tommy" chanced to go to breakfast a little late, he generally found that his share had vanished. On Sunday, the sentry on duty at the

A bicycle-works, built under the technical supervision of the well-known English firm "B.S.A.", will be opened in Moscow next October. It is constructed entirely on the English model, and will produce annually 250,000 bicycles of the English type.

A new airplane propeller of revolutionary design is offered by a convict at the State penitentiary in Joliet, Illinois in return for his release. He has refused various financial offers for his invention, insisting that the only price he will consider is freedom. He has been at the penitentiary for 15 years and has 13 more to serve. The propeller is constructed to use every ounce of horsepower. It consists of four blades, each connected separately to a hollow central shaft. As the outer shaft revolves, the blades move back and forth along the length of the shaft. The man, who says the idea came to him in a dream, has never seen a modern airplane except in distant flight.

Cambridge is awaiting with amused speculation the final verdict of the Chinese Tripos this year. There was only one candidate, and there is only one among the dons sufficiently learned to examine. The complication is that the tripos is in two parts, and by evil fortune the candidate prepared one section, while the examiner made ready for him in the other. Consequently he has done no papers. Will he be given a degree?

Miss Isabel MacDonald, the Premier's daughter, had an alarming experience during her brief stay at Looismouth. While "boating" with her father and several friends on Spynie Loch, near Elgin, the boat struck a submerged tree root and threw Miss Isabel overboard. Fortunately the mishap occurred at a shallow part of the loch. Miss Isabel was helped back to the boat and she suffered no ill-effects from her immersion. Miss Isabel said that she was standing up when the boat struck. "It was nothing," she stated. "The mishap might have happened to anybody on holiday. I didn't think anything of it at all, and I am none the worse."

Cupid has found out Bebe Daniels, who is no longer Hollywood's bachelor girl. The dauntless star of "Rio Rita" went meekly to the altar recently with Ben Lyon, the talkie actor. Her bridesmaids were Marion Davies, Lila Lee, Betty Compson, Adela Rogers, Constance Talmadge, Diana Fittmaurice, Marie Mosquini, and Mae Sundry.

The King of Spain recently signed a decree creating a dukedom for Don Gabriel Maura, the eldest son of Don Antonio Maura, as a posthumous honour to the memory of the former Prime Minister. Usually a dukedom is created only in the case of the descendants of Prime Ministers who had been assassinated, such as Prim, Cánovas, Canalejas, and Dato. Don Antonio Maura died of cerebro-haemorrhage in 1926, but he had been wounded on two occasions by would-be assassins and these circumstances have been taken into account.

Barracks was surprised to see a couple of leaves of bread shooting through the air and landing in a secluded spot in the yard. Getting into hiding, he decided to await results, and had not been watching long when he saw a coolie go and pick up the bread, with which he was marching off when the sentry detained him and handed him over to the police. Charged before Mr. G. N. Orme at the police-court yesterday with stealing 2lbs. of bread the coolie was convicted, and sentenced to three weeks' hard labour. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 17, 1930.

Looking Back 50 Years.

A disgraceful scene amongst the coolies occurred on Paddan's Wharf yesterday morning at about a quarter past six o'clock. A European gentleman was coming ashore from the French steamer *Tangis* in a sampan, having with him two portmanteaus. When the boat got alongside the wharf about a dozen coolies rushed from the Praya on to the wharf, down the steps and into the boat, all but cooping it and nearly precipitating the gentleman into the water. As it was, he had to drop a hat which he was carrying in order to save himself. All this time, a Sikh constable, No. 578, was standing on the wharf with his back against one of the bamboos supporting the shed, talking to one of the new Sikh constables, and not attempting to exert himself in the least until his attention was drawn to the case by another European. The gentleman, who was in the sampan made a remark that a similar thing happened to him the last time he came to Hong Kong. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 17, 1930.

NATIONAL ARMIES' DECISIVE VICTORY.

NORTHERN TROOPS' DISORDERLY RETREAT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. It is officially learned from Hsu-chowfu that the Government troops gained a decisive victory over the Kuomintang troops in the vicinity of Houcheng, north of the Lunghai Railway, on the 13th inst., after a battle which lasted twelve hours, when the Northern troops retreated in disorder.

The casualties were heavy on both sides. Chiang Kai Shek personally directed the operations of the Government troops.

Government Troops Advance Swiftly.

Another communiqué from Hsu-chowfu states that the Government troops along the Kiao-chow-Tsianan Railway reached a point ten miles eastward of Tsianan.

The swift advance of the Government troops is due to the defeat and retreat of the Shansi troops.

Tsianan to be Besieged.

The main units of the Government forces are now rushing from Chowtsun to reinforce the Government vanguards preparatory to a siege of Tsianan.

Ho Yao Tsu, the Government Commander-in-Chief on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway front, who returned to Hsu-chowfu from the front yesterday with Yang Chieh, Chiang Kai Shek's Chief of Staff, declared that the railway region south of Tsianan is now clear of the enemy.

SHANGHAI MILL WORKERS ROWDY.

CHINESE CLASH WITH FOREIGN EMPLOYEES.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. A diminutive group of Ewo Cotton Mill workers attacked trams, buses, private automobiles and smashed windows, and eventually clashed with the foreign mill employees following a curtailment of work, due to the trade depression. The police restored order.

TIKANDI ARRIVES AT SHANGHAI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. The Java-China-Japan Line s.s. Tikandi, which went ashore between Shanghai and Foochow, arrived here to-day. The water in Nos. 1 and 2 holds is being pumped out.

COMMUNAL RIOTING CONTINUES.

MOSLEMS KILL TEN HINDUS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MYMENSINGH, July 15. There was a recurrence of communal rioting in certain villages in the Kishoreganj sub-division yesterday. The police were obliged to fire with the result that four rioters were killed and two wounded. Fifty-three arrests were made. Up to the present the Moslems have killed 10 Hindus.

FEDERATED EUROPE

GERMANY'S REPLY TO MEMORANDUM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, July 15. The German Government has replied to M. Briand's Pan-European memorandum accepting the proposal to discuss the European problem, in the solution of which it is prepared to co-operate in the next session of the League of Nations.

PEACE SPIRIT AMONG NATIONS.

INTER-PARLIAMENTARY UNION CONFERENCE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 16. Five hundred delegates representing 31 Parliaments throughout the world, including Prince Tokugawa, are attending the twenty-sixth Conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, which has opened in the House of Lords. The Duke of Sutherland presided.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the course of a speech of welcome, said that the Government were looking to the Conference to promote a peace spirit among the nations.

Lord Hugh Cecil, in an address, said that while there was a general movement towards peace, important leaders of opinion of more than one country were preaching the hoary falsehood that preparation for war was the best guarantee for peace. He declared that the Naval Disarmament Conference was conducted in a war atmosphere.

Lord Hugh Cecil, in urging disarmament, said he welcomed M. Briand's scheme for European co-operation.

TOEG DIVORCE VERDICT.

JUDGE DECLINES TO GRANT DECREE.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. Judge King declined to grant a divorce decree in the Toeg case, inasmuch as the interests of the child or the public would not be served thereby, though misconduct had been proved on both sides.

Mrs. David Toeg, the wife of a prominent broker, petitioned in the British Court for divorce, saying that she had already obtained a decree from the Court at Reno, Nevada. Mrs. Toeg accused her husband of misconduct, while admitting indiscretion at Harbin once. The petition hinged on the custody of a child of the marriage. Madame Helen Piper, Shanghai, a palmist, testified that the petitioner was capable of assuming custody of the child.

COLONIAL SERVICE UNIFICATION.

CONFERENCE APPROVES IDEA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 15. Lord Passfield, presiding at the session of the Colonial Office Conference, expressed the hope that the delegates recognised the difficulties of a central administration dealing with the complex problems of the present day.

Unified Agricultural Service. He said he did not doubt that practical results would follow the conference, and he hoped that the Conference had taken a practical step in the direction of a unified agricultural service which would enable each Colony to use specialists in the solution of its problems. As regards the unification of the Colonial service, generally, Lord Passfield said the Conference had approved the idea and had left it to the Secretary of State to work out the plan.

He recognised, however, that the Conference had already done much towards an agreement in this connection.

Broadcast Service Throughout the Empire.

LATER. All aspects of Colonial administration are handled in the report of the Colonial Conference, which approves of the institution of a special broadcast service throughout the Empire. The British Broadcasting Corporation. The report urges that Colonial Governments should purchase a complete unit of travelling cinema apparatus for educational purposes, and favour a unified agricultural service, and improvements in Colonial health and forestry.

BRITISH WARSHIPS FOR EGYPT.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT WARNED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 16. In the House of Commons, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister, announced that two warships had been sent to Egypt, and that the Egyptian Government had been warned by the High Commissioner on behalf of His Majesty's Government.

ALEXANDRIA QUIET.

SEVENTEEN RIOTERS KILLED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ALEXANDRIA, July 15. At 5.30 in the evening it was reported that the position was quiet.

Two senior police officers were wounded in the day's rioting, including the Commandant, and also many other ranks from the police and soldiers.

It is understood that 17 rioters were killed and 130 injured.

Two Europeans Killed and Twelve Wounded.

ALEXANDRIA, July 16. Two Europeans were killed and 12 wounded in yesterday's rioting in Alexandria, according to the newspaper *Al Ahram*, which also reports that the Government have decided to suspend three Waif party newspapers.

Suppression of Newspapers.

CAIRO, July 16. A communiqué regarding the suppression of the three Waif newspapers says that the Alexandria riots were the culmination of incidents due to the rift being encouraged to mutiny against the authorities by the manner in which certain newspapers reported incidents and praised the participants. The Minister of the Interior has been empowered to suppress any other paper attempting to replace those suppressed.

Casualty List.

ALEXANDRIA, July 16. It is officially announced that the casualties in yesterday's rioting were one Italian dead, and eight other Europeans wounded.

A post-mortem examination showed that the Italian had died of heart failure, though he had been knocked on the head.

Thirteen natives were killed, 48 were wounded and conveyed to hospital, and 68 were slightly wounded.

Ten men of the Government forces were conveyed to hospital, and 39 were slightly wounded.

There were 147 arrests, most of whom belonged to the rift-raft, and some boys, except one educated Egyptian.

All is quiet at present. Many of the shops are closed.

Police and soldiers are stationed at strategic points.

BARON MEMORIAL.

UNVEILED BY H.R.H. DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, July 15. H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, to-day unveiled the memorial to the late Mr. Bernard Baron, philanthropist.

During the years he spent in England, his adopted country, Mr. Baron gave over £2,000,000 to charity.

COMMOTION IN SHANGHAI.

CHINESE TROOPS IN MUNICIPAL TERRITORY.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. There was considerable excitement in Brennan Road on Tuesday night, when hostile crowds stoned the Municipal police.

The presence of Chinese troops in municipal territory attracted a crowd, and this emboldened the mob to hurl missiles at the police.

A noteworthy feature was that the Chinese troops wore British army steel helmets and carried fixed bayonets. Later the Chinese troops withdrew to Jessfield village, after which the commotion subsided.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN GERMANY.

CHANCELLOR TO DEFEY REICHSTAG.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, July 15. Following his announcement that he would not participate in the Rhineland evacuation celebrations, President Hindenburg has created a further political sensation by authorising the Chancellor, Herr Brüning, if necessary, to defy the Reichstag in connexion with the Government's financial proposals, the adoption of which the Government considers essential in order to cover the Budget deficit.

If Financial Measures Are Not Adopted.

Herr Brüning to-day told the Reichstag that if the financial proposals are not adopted, the Government, without consulting the Reichstag, would make them law under Article 48 of the Constitution, empowering the President to "take necessary measures to maintain public security when it is seriously endangered." Such measures, however, must be annulled if the Reichstag demands it.

Government's Only Alternative.

The Socialists and Nationalists have announced the definite rejection of the financial programme; hence there seems no alternative for the Government but to apply Article 48.

Reichstag Dissolution Probable.

The Reichstag will then probably vote for the cancellation of any measures which President Hindenburg might authorise, and this would mean the dissolution of the Reichstag and a General Election before the end of the year.

Government Hopes for Solution.

The Government is hoping that a solution will be found by some of the Opposition refraining from voting, thus giving the Government a scanty majority on the second reading of the financial programme Bill, which began to-day.

LABOUR'S COAL MINES' BILL.

GOVERNMENT FACE ANOTHER CRISIS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 15. The Government faced another crisis to-day when its Coal Mines Bill, the text of which was issued on December 12, was returned to the House of Lords for the third time for a reconsideration of the compromise modifications of the Bill made in the House of Commons, and especially the House of Commons' objections to the so-called "spread over" amendment of the House of Lords, namely, a permissive 90-hour fortnight instead of a seven and a half hour day as proposed in the Bill.

Lord Salisbury, leader of the Conservative Opposition in the House of Lords, which was crowded, fore-shadowed acceptance of the minor House of Commons amendments, but firmly adhered to the "spread over" proposal.

The Lord Chancellor said that the Government was unable to accept the "spread over" and the House of Commons to a man was opposed to it.

This means that the Bill is dead unless the Government insist on a "spread over."

The House of Lords insisted upon the "spread over" amendment, the division resulting:

For 168
Against 36
Majority 132

"ANTI-WAR DAY" AT SHANGHAI.

POLICE ARREST THIRTY-TWO AGITATORS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, July 16. This morning, about 300 students and labourers demonstrated at the corner of Nanking Road and Tibet Road, shouting anti-Government, anti-Kuomintang, anti-Imperialistic and pro-Soviet slogans in connection with the local "Anti-War Day."

The police, who anticipated trouble and were amply prepared, quickly dispersed the crowds and arrested eight of the demonstrators.

Later in the day, in Nanking Road, in the vicinity of Shensi Road, a mob stoned a tram-car and motor-car, inflicting very slight damage.

Another demonstration on the Bund, in the vicinity of Soochow Road, was quickly dispersed, the police arresting 19, making altogether 32 arrests, of whom two were discharged.

Numerous handbills broadcast in the streets show that the demonstrations were aimed against the civil war and were pro-Communist in character.

COMMUNIST TROOPS ON YANGTSE.

[Wah Tai Yat Pao.]

HANKOW, July 16. The Communist troops on the upper reaches of the Yangtze are menacing Kunguan.

Troops have been rushed to deal with them.

Shasi, which was recently threatened by the Communist marauders, has remained unmolested.

Troops of the 10th Division are now quartered there.

According to a Changsha report, the Communists have captured Po-lo in Hunan.

BRITISH LEGATION IN PEIPING.

BRANCH LEGATION TO BE OPENED AT NANKING.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

PEIPING, July 15. In the House of Commons, this afternoon, Mr. Arthur Henderson, Foreign Secretary, replying to a question, said there were serious physical and other difficulties in the way of removing the British Legation as a whole from Peiping to Nanking. Steps had, however, been taken to lease such premises as were available at Nanking, and to establish a branch of the Legation there.

The question whether any further arrangements could be made to improve the contact between the British representatives and the Nanking Government was now under consideration.

FOREIGN MINISTRY'S WEEKLY STATEMENT.

[Wah Tai Yat Pao.]

NANKING, July 16. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has made the following weekly statement:

Sino-Annam Commercial Treaty.

The text of the commercial treaty between China and Annam has been approved by both sides. A date is being considered for the publication of the text of the treaty.

Detained Chinese in Russia.

Some of the Chinese merchants and residents in Russia detained by the Soviet Government during the C.E.R. dispute have not yet been released. The Ministry has instructed the Chinese Consul at Vladivostok to investigate the matter.

Tong Ka Wan.

The Ministry has notified the respective foreign diplomatic representatives and Chinese Ministers abroad regarding the opening of Tong Ka Wan in Chungshan as a duty-free port.

BAD LUCK, AUSTRALIA!

THIRD TEST MATCH ENDS IN A DRAW.

HOBBS AND SUTCLIFFE BARRACKED: CROWD JEER AT APPEALS AGAINST LIGHT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 15. The third Test match, which was played at Leeds, ended in a draw, and so the two leading cricketing countries of the world are now on equal terms (for the present series), each side having won a game.

Dismissed for 391 runs in their first knock, England were 173 runs behind, so Woodfull forced a follow on.

Hobbs and Sutcliffe went out to start the Old Country's innings, and when the former had made the unlucky thirteen he was run out, a brilliant throw-in by Bradman at mid-off effecting his dismissal. Hammond then joined Sutcliffe, and together they brought the score to 63 for 1 wicket, when the adjournment for tea was called.

Both batsmen played with the greatest caution, and neither took any risks whatever. Hammond made 33 runs before he was caught by Oldfield off Grimmett in attempting a late cut; incidentally he completed his 1,000 runs in Test matches. His partnership with Sutcliffe extended over an hour, and the score was brought to 74 for 2 when Duleepsinghi came in. He had scored ten when he gave Grimmett a "sitter" at cover point, and the googly bowler made no mistake with the catch—94-3-10.

Crowd Jeers at Sutcliffe's Appeals.

The next man in was Maurice Leyland, and he had made only one run when Sutcliffe appealed against the light. This was upheld by the umpires after a consultation, but the crowd jeered at the appeals. They had booed Hobbs and Sutcliffe earlier on and yelled, "What are you afraid of?" when they played carefully.

Thus the match ended in a draw, which was fortunate indeed for England, and it was indeed hard on the Australians that *Jupiter Pluvius* should take a hand when they were so well placed.

Describing the end of England's first innings, Reuter says that the wicket was helping the spin bowlers, Chapman being bowled round the legs after battling valiantly for seventy-five minutes. Tate was out in the same over, being caught at long-on, while Tyldesley gave an easy catch to first-slip off Grimmett immediately after sending the same bowler over the ropes for a sixer.

The full scores were:—
Australia, 1st innings 566
England, 1st innings 391

ENGLAND, SECOND INNINGS.

J. B. Hobbs, run out 13
H. W. Sutcliffe, not out 23
W. B. Hammond, c Oldfield, b Grimmett 35
K. S. Duleepsinghi, c Grimmett, b Hornibrook 10
M. Leyland, not out 1
Extras 8

Total (for 3 wickets) 95

G. Geary, G. Duckworth, A. P. F. Chapman, M. W. Tate, H. Larwood, and R. Tyldesley did not bat.

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	10	3	20	0
a'Beckett	11	4	19	0
Grimmett	17	3	33	1
Hornibrook	11.5	5	14	1
McCabe	2	1	1	0

RUSSIAN HUMOUR.

GRIM POLITICAL JESTS.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Russia is a great country for contraband political humour. The newest jokes spread like wildfire. You hear the same anecdote, with perhaps slightly different trimmings, a dozen times in a single day. Even the most orthodox Communists, in fact, are not averse to indulging in a little of this anecdotal relief from a hard-working life.

At the core of most of these popular unpublished jokes there is usually a grain of concentrated truth, pungent, bitter, hard. Take, for instance, one that is just now making the rounds. Ludicrous and overdrawn, yet it manages to convey the monumental fact of the enormous patience of the long-suffering Russians.

Fun About Food Shortage.

The sharpened shortage of food is stimulating a new crop of anecdotes. One of them takes the form of a political conundrum which ought to find a pleasant audience in Turkey.

"What is the difference between Trotsky and Stalin?"
"Trotsky put the proletariat on horseback. Stalin put the proletariat on horse-meat."

Another is based on the fact that co-operative shops, lacking real supplies, often decorate their shelves with empty cans. A simple work-

ing woman came into such a shop and asked to buy some "canned goods, pointing to the full shelves."

"My dear woman," the clerk explained, "these are only embellishments."

"Well, well," sighed the woman, "give me two cans of that. We take what we can get these days!"

But when the crowd approached they began to distinguish the banners: "Through whipping to Socialism!" "Whip harder for our revolution!" and so on. Crest-fallen, the Kremlin leaders realized that their scheme had failed.

Just then there was a commotion. Out of the parade a smaller excited group detached itself. It rushed towards the Kremlin walls, and the hopes of the Politburo for trouble were revived. The group waved aloft a banner which read:—

"We of the engineering corps, because of our strategic importance to industry, demand to be whipped out of turn!"

"Our Achievements."

The magazine *Our Achievements*, edited by Maxim Gorki, is the butt of a good many jokes. The favourite one describes the food ration booklets as "supplements to *Our Achievements*." Another goes this way:—

"Why hasn't the last issue of *Our Achievements* appeared?"
"Because there wasn't paper enough to print it."

Fun About Food Shortage.

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"Well, well," sighed the woman, "give me two cans of that. We take what we can get these days!"

Sports News

HONOURS STILL EASY.

R. ABBIT REVIEWS THIRD TEST.

THE GAME FROM DAY TO DAY.

The third Test Match was drawn at Leeds on Tuesday, and it must be admitted that the draw was really in Australia's favour. Rain over the week-end greatly curtailed the hours of play on Monday, but that was not altogether in England's favour, as the wicket might easily turn into a glue-pot at any time, given an hour or so of bright sun. Apparently, however, it remained slow to the end.

Out in Hong Kong where the difference of time prevents the arrival of yesterday's score at to-day's breakfast table, we perhaps get even more fun and excitement than the people at home, those that is to say, that do not actually see the match. And the Sunday interval gives us a regular half-way house as it were. I have jotted down my feelings at the receipt of each day's cables, and my readers may find it interesting to review the various stages of the game.

That Terrible First Day.

After the first day one felt definitely depressed. We had as good a bowling side out as we could—pace the men of Kent—and young Master Bradman did as he liked with the whole of the English attack. It seemed that they would bat serenely most of the next day, and declare about tea time, leaving a tired side to bat a couple of hours. There seemed no reason why Bradman should not make four hundred.

A Ray of Hope.

The next stage, however, was when the lunch time scores arrived and we knew that the later Australian batsmen had failed, and that they were all out for 568. No doubt several wickets were thrown away in forcing the game, but still anything under six hundred was all to the good, especially as Hobbs and Sutcliffe had survived the awkward few minutes before lunch.

But the next stage was not so good. Five good wickets down for 215 runs—and one of them thrown away in a run-out. It looked bad for England.

And Then, the Rain.

The announcement that there was no play up to tiffin on Monday, and that it was doubtful how soon it could be resumed cut both ways. It might save us. Or it might mean a really bad wicket on which we could hardly hope to hold out for a day and a half.

And then came the news that there had been but fifty-five minutes cricket, and we had lost no further wicket in adding thirty runs. As gallant a piece of defence as you could wish to have. Soon then, however, it was touch and go. They could hardly hope to get our last five wickets, and then put the whole side out again in a single day unless! That wicket again! With Grimmett!

An Anti-Climax.

The last day's cricket, or at all events the latter part of it, seems

to have been an anti-climax. Our last five wickets did their duty nobly and we were only 175 runs behind. Then came showers and bad light, and a dull and uninspiring finish. It can only have been the disappointment at losing the sight of a fighting finish that caused the crowd to give way to such a lamentable exhibition of bad manners as to hoot the home batsmen. It was utterly unjustified (even granting barracking could be justifiable, which I don't!) as there was no hope of winning and the English batsmen by playing to the gallery might have started a collapse similar to that which overtook Oxford this year at Lord's. The only excuse for the Yorkshire crowd—who usually are the best of sportsmen and very knowledgeable on the finer points of the game—that I can think of is that they were trying to make the Australians feel at home.

The English Team.

As regards the changes in the English team, it is a bit hard to draw any conclusion as regards Greary. He was run out before he scored, after getting one wicket for ninety-five in thirty-five overs. But Larwood only got one for a hundred and thirty-nine in two overs less! The wicket-keeping question has settled itself. Ames could have done no better, and Duckworth has proved that his excellent performance in Australia was no fluke. Hammond justified the faith of the Selection Committee, but anyway his bowling and fielding made him a certainty. Leyland did not get a wicket, but with scores of 44 and 1 not out he seems to have justified his place. On the whole I shall be surprised if any changes are made unless any weaknesses in the field occurred. Reuter did not mention any.

The Australians.

My own impression is that taking it by and large we are a better side than Australia, on a poor or bad wicket. On a good one they are perhaps a more dangerous side with the bat, though not so well-balanced, and they have Grimmett. The fact remains that none of our crack batsmen seem to play him with any confidence and he nearly always gets Hammond.

Bradman just now is on a peak of excellence that probably no other batsman has ever attained over the space of two and a half months' cricket. Hammond's performance in Australia comes near it. I heard several people arguing the other day that he was the greatest bat in the world. But you cannot claim that title in a couple of months on plumb pitches. He probably is the finest bat going at present on a plumb pitch. We have yet to see what he is like on a glue-pot wicket. The only definite time I can trace when he was batting under difficult conditions was against Cambridge when a high wind made the ball swing a lot and he was taken in the slips off a Human for a comparatively small score. But he is amazing at all events. One awaits him in the last two games.

R. ABBIT.

WATER POLO.

V.R.C. BEAT CHINA ATHLETIC.

SOMERSET JUNIORS WIN.

In spite of the rain, a large crowd turned up at the V.R.C. Bath yesterday to witness the water polo game between the V.R.C. and the China Athletic.

The game was an interesting one, and the home team drew first blood through Lawrence after five minutes' play.

The China Athletic missed two good chances with only the goal to beat on both occasions. V.R.C. then continued their success through Pereira, who was afterwards ordered out of the bath for ducking.

At the interval the V.R.C. was leading by two goals to nil.

At the end of the game the V.R.C., though being handicapped by the loss of Pereira, added two more goals and brought the final scores to: V.R.C. 4, China Athletic 0.

V.R.C.—Knight, Well, Soares, Stewart, Pereira, Gittins and Lawrence.

China Athletic.—S. P. Chan, F. S. Kwok, K. W. Fung, S. L. Chan. (Continued of foot of next column.)

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, July 15.

The following are the results of the baseball matches played in the National and American Leagues to-day:

National League.			
New York	8	Cincinnati	14
Brooklyn	5	Pittsburgh	0
Boston	3	Chicago	5
Philadelphia	0	St. Louis	7
American League.			
Cleveland	4	Boston	13
St. Louis	6	Philadelphia	11
Chicago	5	New York	9
Detroit	0	Washington	3

K. C. Chan, C. K. Tam and C. L. Choy.

In the second division, the Somersetets defeated the Kowloon S.C. by three goals to nil after a poor game.

Somerets:—Skinner, Bolton, Lilly, Parks, Hill, Sprouting and Palmer.

Kowloon S.C.:—Angus, Clark, Spiers, Birkenhead, Pagett, Murphy and Stoker.

HOME CRICKET SCORES.

FOUR DOUBLE CENTURIES SCORED BY COUNTY PLAYERS.

SOMERSETSHIRE GAIN THEIR FIRST STRAIGHT VICTORY OF THE SEASON.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 15.

County cricket teams were more fortunate from the point of view of the weather than their colleagues fighting at Leeds for the "Ashes." The majority of the matches, however, had to be decided on the first innings scores, while one had to be abandoned with each side taking four points. Somersetshire were fortunate in that they secured the only out-right win, and incidentally this was their first victory of the season.

There were several outstanding batting performances. Four batsmen made their mark with double centuries. Bowlers were not so prominent, but a few successes were recorded. Freeman, Kent's trundler, proved expensive on this occasion.

SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS.

Essex v. Middlesex.			
Essex beat Middlesex on the first innings by six runs at Leyton.			
Essex	263	Middlesex	257
(2 wickets)	60		
	323		257
Kent v. Surrey.			
Surrey beat Kent on the first innings by 58 runs at Blackheath.			
Kent	317	Surrey	375
(1 wicket)	131		
	448		375
Sussex v. Hampshire.			
Sussex beat Hampshire on the first innings by 283 runs at Brighton.			
Sussex	537	Hants	254
		(2 wickets)	63
	537		337
Somerset v. Gloucester.			
Somerset beat Gloucestershire by eight wickets at Taunton.			
Gloucester	250	Somerset (9 wickets, dec.)	439
	231	(2 wickets)	55
	490		494
Notts v. Derbyshire.			
Notts beat Derbyshire on the first innings by 15 runs at Nottingham.			
Derby	236	Notts	301
(6 wickets)	252		
	533		301
Worcester v. Gloucester.			
Worcester divided the points at home with Gloucester, the match having to be abandoned.			
Gloucester	489	Worcester (1 wicket)	70
Glamorgan v. Yorkshire.			
Glamorgan beat Yorkshire on the first innings by 54 runs at Swansea.			
Glamorgan	292	Yorks	208
	113	(no wickets)	110
	375		318
Lancashire v. Warwick.			
Lancashire beat Warwick on the first innings by 345 runs at Manchester.			
Lancs (5 wickets, declared)	504	Warwick	159
		(7 wickets)	184
	504		313
Batting.			
Cook (Sussex)	278	White (Somerset)	5 for 61
E. Tyldesley (Lancs), not out	256	Verity (Yorks)	5 for 61
Dacre (Gloucester)	223	Bowley (Sussex)	5 for 60
Longrigg (Somerset)	205	Arthur Staples (Notts)	5 for 75
Squires (Surrey)	117	Ryan (Glamorgan)	5 for 81
Peach (Surrey)	111	Macdonald (Lancs)	5 for 77
Woolley (Kent)	110	Peebles (Middlesex)	5 for 118
Smith (Derby)	105	Nichols (Essex)	5 for 118
Iddon (Lancs)	101	Freeman (Kent)	5 for 160
Dawson (Leicester)	98		
Bowling.			
The principal feature in the match was the brilliant batting of T. E. Cook. He contributed 278 runs for Sussex before he was beaten. His highest previous score was 163 against Gloucester in 1927.			
Sussex, 1st innings	537		
Cook, 278			
Hants, 1st innings	254		
Bowley, 5 for 60			
Hants, 2nd innings (2 wickets)	83		
SOMERSET v. LEICESTER.			
LONGRIGG SCORES 205.			
At Taunton, Somerset broke their monotonous record of defeats by taking full points for the first time by eight wickets. Their victims were Leicester, against whose bowling Longrigg gathered 205 runs to place Somerset in a position to close their innings with a wicket in hand and knock off a small number of runs required to win when they went to the wickets a second time.			
White was prominent in Somerset's victory with a fine bowling feat. He took five wickets in each innings and, by a coincidence, the cost in each case was 61 runs.			
White, 5 for 61.			
Somerset, 1st innings (9 wickets, declared)	439		
Longrigg, 205			
Leicester, 2nd innings	231		
Dawson, 98			
White, 5 for 61.			
Somerset, 2nd innings (2 wickets)	55		

NOTTS v. DERBYSHIRE.

FIRST INNINGS WIN.

At Nottingham, the home County took the greater number of points from Derbyshire on first innings scores which provided a difference of 15 runs.

Arthur Staples was strong in his attack against Derbyshire, while Smith scored a century for the latter in their unfinished second innings.

Derby, 1st innings 236
Arthur Staples, 5 for 75.
Notts, 1st innings 301
Derby, 2nd innings (9 wickets) 252
Smith, 105.

WORCESTER v. GLOUCESTER.

MATCH ABANDONED.

At Worcester, the home County shared the eight points with Gloucester owing to the match having to be abandoned in consequence of rain. Dacre scored a double century for the visitors.

Gloucester, 1st innings 489
Dacre, 223.
Worcester, 1st innings (1 wicket) 70

GLAMORGAN v. YORCS.

VERITY BOWLS WELL.

At Swansea, Glamorgan won on the first innings against Yorkshire in a low scoring match which provided a majority of 64 runs for the home team.

Glamorgan, 1st innings 262
Yorks, 1st innings 208
Ryan, 5 for 85.
Glamorgan, 2nd innings 113
Verity, 9 for 80.
Yorks, 2nd innings (no wickets) 110

LANCS v. WARWICK.

AN UNFINISHED 255.

At Manchester, Lancashire took the major points from Warwick after a big lead on the first innings scores. Time saved Warwick from losing all the points, as they were left in a hopeless position at the close.

Ernest Tyldesley came into prominence with the remarkable score of 256 not out, while Iddon worried the bowlers until he had passed his century by one run.

Lancs, 1st innings (5 wickets, declared) 504
Ernest Tyldesley, 256 not out.
Iddon, 101.

Warwick, 1st innings 159
Macdonald, 6 for 81.
Warwick, 2nd innings (7 wickets) 154

CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE.

	P.	W.	L.	W. L.	Res.	Pts.
Lancashire	16	7	0	3	5	80
Yorkshire	16	8	2	3	2	89
Notts	16	6	1	3	3	86
Kent	17	9	5	2	1	85
Sussex	18	6	3	3	6	81
Gloucester	18	8	3	0	4	80
Surrey	18	2	1	8	4	72
Essex	16	3	3	4	4	72
Derbyshire	18	8	4	1	4	69
Leicester	18	4	5	2	0	69
Worcester	17	9	5	3	4	62
Warwick	17	2	5	8	4	59
Glamorgan	16	3	6	5	2	53
Northants	17	3	9	2	2	45
Hampshire	15	3	0	6	0	44
Middlesex	17	0	7	1	7	24
Somerset	15	1	10	3	1	0

MATCHES IN PROGRESS.

The following matches are now in progress:—

Surrey v. Somerset at the Oval.
Gloucester v. Yorks at Bristol.
Glamorgan v. Sussex at Pontypriid.
Northants v. Essex at Northampton.
Worcester v. Leicester at Worcester.
Lancs v. Minor Counties at Manchester.
Scotland v. Australians at Edinburgh.

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BISLEY RIFLE MEETING.

BRITAIN'S NARROW WIN IN KOLAPORE CUP.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 13.
At the Bisley Rifle Meeting this afternoon, Great Britain won the Kolapore Cup from Canada by seven points, after an exciting match.

The scores were:—
Great Britain 1,122
Canada 1,115
Rhodesia 1,111
India 1,093
Jersey was fifth and Guernsey sixth.

This was the 35th contest for the Cup. Britain has now won it 35 times, and Canada, the only other country to enter every year, 13 times.

Falkland Islands Win Junior Kolapore Trophy.

The Junior Kolapore Imperial Trophy was won yesterday by a team representing the Falkland Islands, the members of which travelled 8,000 miles to compete. They won with 516 points, which was two points more than Nigeria.

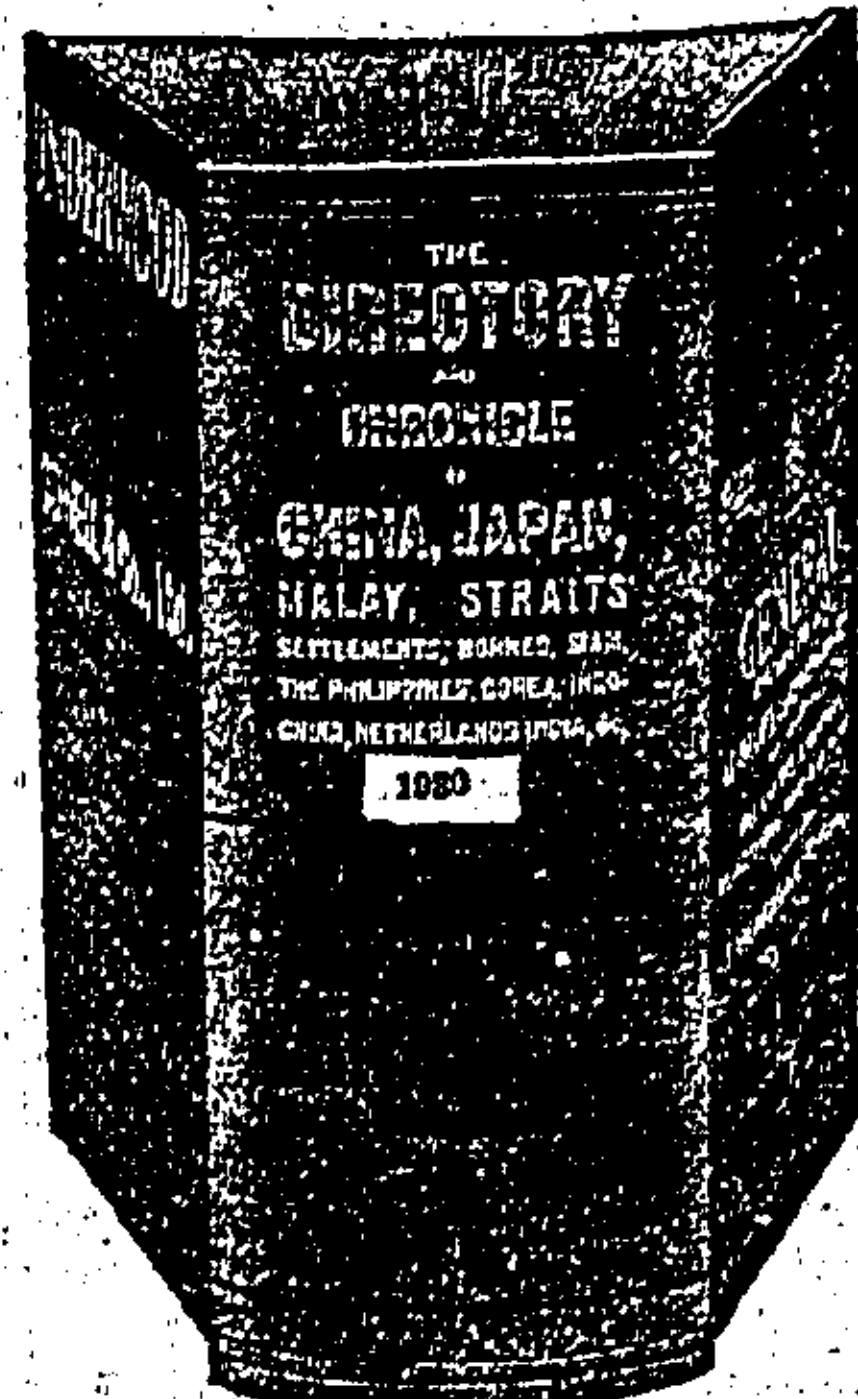
The Gold Coast won third, the Straits Settlements fourth, Sudan fifth, Trinidad (the holders) sixth, and the Federated Malay States seventh.

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BOXING.

TO-MORROW'S CONTEST IN NEW YORK.

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, July 16.

Sammy Mandell's annual appearance in defence of the lightweight championship, which he has guarded so carefully for nearly four years, will occur to-morrow night, when he meets Al Singer of New York in a 15-round bout at the Polo Grounds.

Since winning the world's lightweight championship from Rocky Kansas in Chicago on July 3, 1926, Sammy has established a record for elusiveness seldom equalled in prize-ring history. When he was chosen to fight he has whipped the best men of his weight in convincing fashion.

Mandell gave Jimmy McLarnin a boxing lesson in a title fight two years ago, and has beaten Phil McGraw, Jackie Fields, Billy Petrolle, Tony Canzoneri, and Luis Vincenti. Recently he lost twice to McLarnin at catchweights, conceding six or seven pounds.

Al Singer, darling of New York Jewry, lost a decision to Kid Chocolate last August and was knocked out unexpectedly by Ignacio Fernandez early in the winter, but otherwise has a good record. He fought a draw with Canzoneri in 1925, and defeated Bud Taylor, Andre Rottis, Young Zazzarino, Davey Abad and Pete Nebo among others. His latest victory was over Fernandez, whom he whipped in a return bout.

Keen Contest Expected.

To-morrow's fight is expected to be one of the toughest ever entered into by the champion in defence of his title. Singer is a clever boxer and hard hitter, and fight fans here favour him to win due to his youth and eagerness. Mandell's inactivity in defending his crown is also considered to be a point in Singer's favour.

One of the largest crowds ever to see a lightweight championship fight here is expected at the Yankee Stadium to-morrow night. Singer is very popular and is being hailed by his friends as a "second Benny Leonard."

If Al wins he probably will be matched to fight Jack "Kid" Berg, English lightweight. Experts here are of the opinion that Berg should have met Mandell as a result of his smashing victory over Tony Canzoneri, former featherweight champion, here last winter. It is pointed out, however, that the appearance of Singer almost guarantees the fight a financial success, while had Berg been pitted against the champion the gate receipts might not have been so large.

Winning the lightweight title has been Singer's one ambition since he was 14 years old.

"All the fellows in school wanted to be lightweight champion," he recalled, "because they idolized Benny Leonard as I did. We used to box a little in that school, and I usually brought the gloves. At that time I could lick any kid up to 115 pounds, and I only weighed 84 myself."

If Singer does win he will be the youngest lightweight champion of all time. He is listed at the offices of the Boxing Commission as 22 years old last September 3. Off the records, however, it is whispered he is not yet 21.

The dark-eyed Bronx boy broke into the business on July 2, 1927. Since then he has engaged in close upon 60 fights.

CHINESE LABOUR IN MALAYA.

GOOD RESULTS FROM FIRM METHODS.

SECRET SOCIETIES ON THE DECREASE.

The report of Mr. A. M. Goodman, the Secretary for Chinese Affairs for the Straits Settlements for the year 1929, states—

The number of Chinese immigrants arriving at Singapore by sea from China (including Hong Kong) was 293,167 compared with 205,709 in 1928. Of these 43,458 proceeded direct to Penang where 28,667 disembarked, the remaining 14,791 continuing their journey to Rangoon or Calcutta.

During the year 139,067 deck passengers left Singapore for China, thus leaving a balance at Singapore of 153,200, the corresponding figure for 1929 was 149,342. The following table shows the number of Chinese immigrants and the number of Chinese deck passengers leaving for China during the last ten years and for the year prior to the outbreak of the war—

	Deck passengers arriving	Deck passengers leaving	Balance.
1913	340,979	—	—
1920	126,077	65,737	60,340
1921	191,043	95,866	95,177
1922	132,388	96,369	36,017
1923	139,019	78,121	60,898
1924	151,430	87,749	63,681
1925	214,692	77,830	136,862
1926	248,393	120,368	128,025
1927	350,223	155,198	195,025
1928	293,167	149,342	143,825
1929	293,167	139,067	154,100

Passenger rates to and from China have remained normal throughout the year. The large majority of immigrants continue to come from the Kwangtung, Kwangsi, and Fukien provinces, though there has been an increase in number of immigrants speaking dialects of Mandarin.

Of the total of Chinese immigrants arriving at Singapore from China 293,139 or 70 per cent. were adult males, 48,325 15.8 per cent. were adult females, 29,514 or 10 per cent. were boys and 12,189 or 4.2 per cent. were girls.

Registration of Societies.

In Singapore 41 new societies were exempted from registration under Ordinance No. 116 (Societies) and six exempted societies ceased to exist. Thirty-eight new societies were registered, 11 ceased to exist and 5 were dissolved. The sum of \$1,930 was collected in fees.

Twelve new societies were exempted from registration in Penang and 37 new societies were registered. Six exempted and two registered societies ceased to exist. The sum of \$1,930 was collected in fees.

In Malacca 9 new societies were exempted from registration and 4 exempted societies ceased to exist. Nine new societies were registered: 1 registered society ceased to exist and 1 was dissolved. The fees collected amounted to \$510.

Lawful societies existing at the end of the year were as follows:—Singapore 742, Penang 432, Malacca 184.

Unlawful Societies.

In Singapore there were 36 prosecutions under Ordinance 116 (Societies) involving 89 persons. Eighty-seven were convicted and two discharged.

The Police raided seven triad initiation ceremonies during the year. Thirteen of the persons convicted under the Ordinance were Hailams, who were charged with membership of subversive labour societies.

There were no serious outbreaks during the year among the Fukien and Teochiu hooligan societies.

Penang was free from unlawful society disturbance throughout the year, except for one stabbing case in February in connection with which nine persons, all Fukien, were banished as members of the "Sin Ghee Hin" unlawful society.

Two Fukien were charged with assisting in the management of an unlawful society, the Firewood Dealers, under section 11 of the Societies Ordinance No. 116, in the District Court, and were acquitted.

Two Hailams arrested at the end of 1929 were convicted in 1929, as members of the "Siamen Union" a component of the "Nanyang General Labour Union."

Malacca was free from society disturbances during the year.

Protection of Women and Girls.

The number of inmates remaining in the Po Leung Kuk Home on York Hill, Singapore, at the end of 1929, was 183; during 1929 there were 347 admissions and 364 discharges, leaving 179 inmates at the end of the year. Nine girls from the Home were adopted and 25 married during the year. Work was found for 13.

At the beginning of the year there were 41 inmates in the Po Leung Kuk Home, Penang; there were 78 admissions and 70 discharges leaving 49 inmates at the end of the year.

Thirty-two girls were admitted to the Malacca Po Leung Kuk ward of whom 6 remained at the end of the year.

The income of the Singapore Po Leung Kuk Committee for the year was \$33,811.87 of which \$33,785 was brought forward from the previous year. The principal items of income were the Government contribution of \$10,000, annual subscriptions \$1,582.50, special subscriptions \$17,691.25 and interest \$2,007.07.

The expenditure on the Home during the year was \$23,371.40 and the year's working showed a gain of \$10,440.47 from which, after a deduction of \$3,000, being amount invested on fixed deposit at 6 per cent. as a reserve fund, there was a balance of \$6,500.37 at the close of the year.

The Endowment Fund for the maintenance of this Home has reached the sum of \$37,049 which has been invested as follows:—\$14,200 worth of Federated Malay States 5 per cent. Loan and \$15,000 worth of Singapore Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Stock have been bought at a total cost of \$30,003.13, and \$4,744.37 has been placed on fixed deposit with the Sze Hai Tong Bank and \$1,701.50 at the Ho Hong Bank.

The cost of the maintenance of the Po Leung Kuk Home, Penang, was \$7,090.71. The amount to the credit of the Committee at the end of the year was \$80,447.40 of which \$77,400 is invested in War Loan and Municipal Debentures.

The credit balance of the Malacca Ward at the end of the year was \$2,583.63 of which \$2,000 is invested.

Forty visits were paid to the Singapore Home by Committee members and 117 by the members of the Ladies Committee during the year. The inmates owe much to the interest in their welfare shown by the Ladies Committee.

Labour.

No indented immigrants were dealt with under Parts IV. and XII. of the Labour Ordinance.

In July, 1929, the Hakkas apprentices in several rattan shops struck work as a protest against the length of their period of apprenticeship and the low rate of wages paid. The incident was taken advantage of by Hailam Communists and cyclostyled notices of demands were served on the employers. At one time it seemed as if the strike might develop on the lines of the shoemakers' strike of the previous year, but the employers agreed to grant a small increase in the rate of wages paid during apprenticeship and the affair died out.

In August, the Municipality decided to give notice to a number of fitters in their machineshop on the ground that there was insufficient work to keep them all employed on full time. The whole body at once intimated that would cease work at the end of fourteen days unless the men under notice were reinstated and the machineshop run on the "rotation" system. The Municipal Engineer accepted their challenge and made it clear that he was prepared to close down for a number of months if necessary, rather than agree to dictation by the fitters in matters concerning the organisation of his shop. The fitters in the end withdrew their demands, thus admitting for the first time that an employer has the right when work is slack, to dismiss workmen for whom he can not find sufficient work instead of keeping his whole labour force on short time.

In December, there was trouble with the Hailam employees in rubber factories and one rubber estate. In the first factory the owner decided to close down; the coolies refused to leave and had to be ejected by the police. In the other factory, the coolies refused to work under the kapala appointed by the owner. The owner agreed to all-w them to appoint two of their own numbers as kapalas. The output at once fell off and discipline became bad. The owner finally gave them notice; as in other cases they refused to leave the factory and were ejected by the police. In the third case the owner of the estate gave notice on November 1 that wages were to be reduced as from December 1 from 17 cents to 16 cents per catty. The coolies refused to accept the reduction and refused to leave the coolie lines. Finally they began to tap the trees and treat the rubber themselves and again the police were called in to clear them off the estate. About 150 Hailams were involved in these three incidents.

Chinese Advisory Board.

The constitution of the Chinese Advisory Board, Singapore, was revised and the right of nominating one member each was given to the Straits Chinese British Association and to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce. The Chinese member of the Legislative Council is now a member of the Board.

The Board held three meetings during the year and discussed among other subjects the amendments of the regulations re firing of crackers during the Chinese New Year, Hawkers, and the question of opium restriction. Mr. Tan Tez Yew, a Teochiu, member of the Board, died at the close of the year.

The constitution of the Board at Penang was revised and the right of nominating one member each was given to the Straits Chinese British Association and to the Chinese British Association, and to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce. The Chinese member of the Legislative Council is now a member ex-officio of the Board.

The Board at Penang held three meetings to discuss cracker-firing during the Chinese New Year and various matters of local importance.

Repatriation of Destitute Chinese.

The income of the Protector of Chinese Deportees' Fund for the year was \$2,061.91 of which \$473.21 was brought forward from the previous year; \$500 was contribution by the Government and \$800 by the Chinese Community and the remaining \$3 being a refund of a gratuity given to a deportee who died on board ship.

Ninety deportees were repatriated at a cost of \$1,822.24 leaving a balance of \$238.97 at the close of the year.

One hundred and thirteen destitute and infirm inmates of Tan Tok Seng's Hospital were repatriated at a cost of \$2,223.50 by the Government.

Three hundred and five sick and aged Chinese were repatriated from Penang at a cost of \$3,940.66 which was borne partly by Government and partly by public subscriptions.

Ten deportees were repatriated from Malacca during the year at a cost of \$343.44 which was borne partly by Government and partly by public subscriptions.

THE CHEUNG ON MYSTERY.

STILL NO NEWS OF MISSING VESSEL.

It is now thirteen days since the a.s. Cheung On left Bangkok with a cargo of rice for Hong Kong, but up to a late hour yesterday, nothing has been heard of her, and in spite of the notice issued by the Harbour Master requesting any vessel that might have seen her to report the approximate position and time to him, not the slightest news had been forthcoming.

What has happened to her? Not even the local agents can answer this question, for, unfortunately, the vessel is not fitted with wireless. A Daily Press representative called at the Choo Yik Steamship Company yesterday afternoon and was informed by an official that the only possible solution is that the Cheung On ran into bad weather on the way down, and put into some bay for shelter, in which case the vessel ought to be in here as soon as the weather improves.

THE KOHATSU MARU SINKS.

NO DETAILS TO HAND.

A report issued by the Naval authorities states that the Kohatsu Maru, a Japanese vessel fairly well-known in the Colony, is lying sunk at Lat. 37 deg. 18' N. and Long. 121 deg. 50' E. No mention was made as to whether there was any loss of lives or property.

The Kohatsu Maru was built in 1902 and is owned by Matsura Shizuo. She is a steel screw steamer of 1,774 tons gross and her port of registry is Kobe. Enquiries made at the offices of Messrs. Wada & Co., China Building, threw no further light on the matter; an official told our representative that although they chartered the vessel for a time about six months ago, their contract had since expired.

DIVORCES BY POST.

DECREES NOW SAID TO BE ILLEGAL.

A score of English couples, who have recently secured "painless" Mexican divorces by post from the States of Sonora and Morelos have been placed in a bewildering situation by a judgment announced by the Supreme Court of Mexico.

The Morelos divorces are unconstitutional, says the court. A similar case concerning the Sonora laws is now pending before the same court, and as the legislation of the two States is identical there is little doubt about the other decision.

Puzzled Americans. In addition to the divorces granted to British subjects, tens of thousands of Americans have escaped their marriage bonds simply by writing to Mexico for a divorce decree—in many cases without notifying the other party—and now their status is, whether they are divorced or not, or, if they have married again, whether they have committed bigamy.

The judgment of the Supreme Court seems to imply that all the decrees granted by these courts are illegal.

These lightning Mexican divorces were becoming very popular among British people, and M. Eugene Silteau, a young American who operates a Mexican divorce agency in Paris, has several dozen applications pending at the moment for British clients.



Weekly Trans-Pacific Service

To San Francisco and Los Angeles. The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu. Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays. Pres. Taft ... Tues. July 29. Pres. Jefferson ... Tues. Aug. 12. Pres. Lincoln ... Tues. Aug. 26.

To Seattle and Victoria. The Short, Straight Route to America. Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays. Pres. Jackson Tues. July 22, 8 a.m. Pres. McKinley ... Tues. Aug. 5. Pres. Grant ... Tues. Aug. 19.

\$120, \$112 Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada. Liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

Europe and New York Direct

ROUND THE WORLD

Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Spain, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

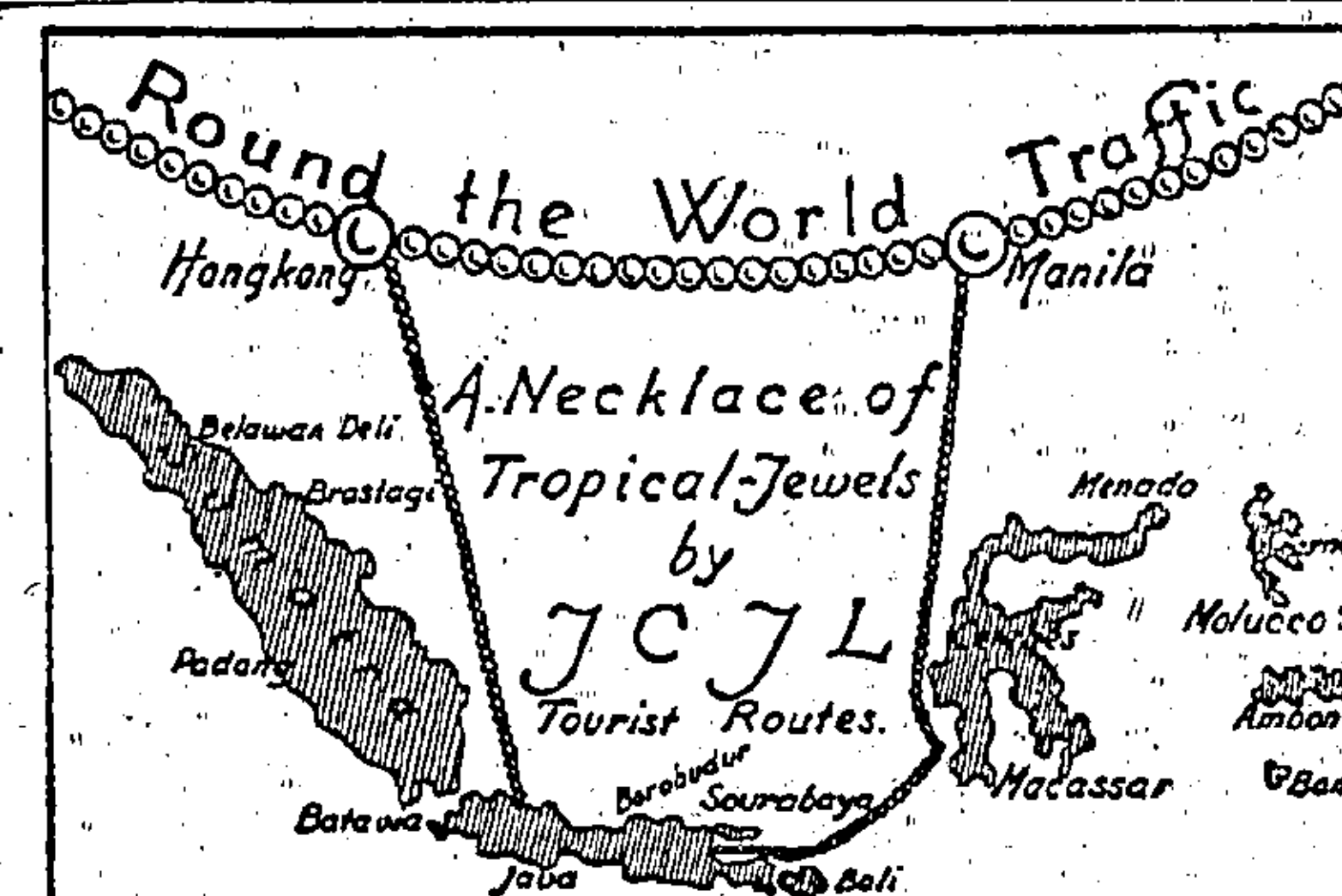
Pres. Van Buren Sun. July 27, 8 a.m. Pres. Polk ... Sun. Aug. 24, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield ... Sun. Aug. 10, 9 a.m. Pres. Adam ... Sun. Sept. 7, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. Taft ... July 19, 6 p.m. Pres. Jefferson ... Aug. 2, 6 p.m. Pres. McKinley ... July 29, 6 p.m. Pres. Grant ... Aug. 12, 6 p.m.

CANTON BRANCH—4, SHA KEE STREET.

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WHEN IT IS TERRIBLY HOT IN HONG KONG, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN IT IS THE DRY AND COOL SEASON IN JAVA.

NUMEROUS COOL MOUNTAIN RESORTS. GOOD TRAINS, MOTOR ROADS & HOTELS.

Do not go North in the Summer time but go South on a DELIGHTFUL, COOL MONTH'S CRUISE TO JAVA & BALI.

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SOUTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJISONDARI	S'HAL. & AMOY	20th July	22nd July	MANILA, M'BAR & SOERABAYA
TJIMANOEK	K'LONG & AMOY	27th July	29th July	BATAVIA
TJIKARANG	S'HAL. & AMOY	3rd Aug.	5th Aug.	MANILA, M'BAR & SOERABAYA
TJILEBOET	K'LONG & AMOY	10th Aug.	12th Aug.	BATAVIA

NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJILEBOET	JAVA, MAKASSAR	In Port	19th July	SWATOW & AMOY
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	23rd July	24th July	AMOY & S'HAL
TJISALAK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	30th July	2nd Aug.	SWATOW & AMOY
TJIRADAK	BATAVIA	6th Aug.	7th Aug.	AMOY & S'HAL

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JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

York Building. Telephone 2801E.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS FROM CAIRO & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMZUMBI" ... will sail from Colombo 10th August. Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports. Through Bills of Lading issued from Hong Kong. For Freight or Passage, apply to—

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ELECTRIC WELDERS.

MECHANICAL AND

ELECTRICAL

ENGINEERS.

—DRY DOCK—

Length 787 Feet.

Length on Blocks 760 Feet.

Depth on Centre of

SHE (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 ft. 6 ins.

—THREE SLIPWAYS—

Capable of Handling Ships Up to 4,777 Tons Displacement.

Electric Crane at Sea Wall.

Capable of Lifting 100 Tons at 70 Feet Radius.

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SAILINGS TO EUROPE.

VESSEL	DESTINATION.	LEAVING HONG KONG.
M.V. "BURGENLAND" (1)	Genoa, Barcelona, Rotterdam & Hamburg	17 July
M.V. "FRIESLAND" (2)	Genoa, Dunkirk, Rotterdam & Hamburg	26 July
M.V. "VOGTLAND" (1)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	5 Aug.
M.V. "DUISBURG" (1)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	16 Aug.

Other Ports of Call if Inducement offers.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

VESSEL	DUE HONG KONG.
M.V. "RAMSES" (1)	3 Aug.
M.V. "SAUERLAND" (1)	18 Aug.
M.V. "MUNSTERLAND" (2)	28 Sept.

Subject to Alteration without Notice.

(1) Excellent Accommodation for Passengers. Qualified Surgeon carried. Fare from Hong Kong to Genoa from £70.0.0.

(2) Limited Passenger Accommodation. Qualified Surgeon carried.

(3) Cargo Boat. No Passenger Accommodation.

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DUTCH EAST INDIES.

JAPANESE PENETRATION
OF NO IMPORTANCE.

Long recently manifested as to the eventual economic penetration of the Netherlands East Indies by Japan are entirely dismissed by Mr. C. Leckerkerker, of the Netherlands-Java Institute.

In an article in the *Indische Gids*, says the *China Express*, and *Telegraph*, he shows not only that Japanese immigration is of no importance, but that Japan's share of the industrial activities of the territory is so small as to be scarcely worth notice.

Of the Japanese who went to the Dutch East Indies in 1929, he says that 1,268 men and 468 women were resident in Java, and 1,350 men and 1,035 women in the outer possessions.

In the districts with the greatest number of Japanese, viz., the East Coast of Sumatra and Acheen, and Dependencies, besides Banca and Dependencies, where the tin mines employ a great number of men at high wages, there were many more women than men, and, according to Mr. Leckerkerker, anyone familiar with life in the Indies would understand why this was so, and that the occupation of these women was not that of military spies or industrial workers.

According to a recent census in Sumatra's East Coast, there were 373 Japanese men and 413 Japanese women; in Acheen 78 men and 90 women, and in Banca 13 men and 45 women. In any case, the increase in the men was not so considerable as to justify the fear of unfair economic competition.

As regards industries with Japanese capital during the last few years Japan had taken a modest share in rubber culture, in silk production, forest exploitation (Borneo), and in fisheries (Batavia, Padang, Manado). At Tandjong Priok alone there were 700 Japanese fishermen. A few devoted themselves to agriculture on a small scale (rubber, coconut, pepper, etc.), together with silk-worm cultivation in Bencoolen, and diamond digging in Borneo, while in the Aroe Islands, in New Guinea and in parts of Tidor one found Japanese pearl fishers.

Japan possesses a Department for the Colonies and Emigration, which naturally extends its activities to the Dutch East Indies, but Japanese immigration apparently makes very little response.

In 1929 only 211 Japanese applied for admission as compared with 4,400 Netherlands, 950 Europeans of other nationalities, 9,900 Chinese, 1,800 Arabs.

THE PERFECT SALES
MANAGER.QUALITIES HE SHOULD
POSSESS.

In his address delivered at the opening of the annual conference of the Incorporated Sales Managers' Association at Scarborough, the president, Mr. Francis W. Goodenough, said that a sales manager should possess—

Good character.
Attractive personality.
The capacity for making friends.
Suitable social qualities and manners.

Knowledge of human nature.
Good general education, including especially foreign languages if his firm trades abroad.
Ability to investigate and report.

Knowledge of the goods or services his firm has to sell.
Knowledge of the countries with which his firm deals; of its language, customs, geography, history, and peoples, and of the methods and facilities for doing business which prevail, including banking, credit, and transport.

Experience in selling.
The confidence of the firm and of his staff.

The sales manager must have the invaluable gift of leadership. He must be a man of wisdom and judgment as well as of sympathy and imagination. He must be a man of both foresight and insight. No education and training could be too good for him. Commerce in this country needed the very best human material—like in character and in ability—to plan and control the vital work of marketing its goods and services, and British commerce must be able to get the very best of its people.

The chief essential to sales management was a supply of first-class sales managers, and our educationalists must help us to secure an ever improving supply, which our manufacturers must show themselves willing to utilize and appreciate.

Money and Markets

TUNG OIL TREE.

CULTIVATION IN BRITISH
EMPIRE.

(THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.)

LONDON, July 16. Experimental cultivation in many parts of the British Empire, including Malaya, India, Africa and the West Indies, of the tree from which tung oil, formerly a Chinese monopoly, worth about 23,000,000 yearly, is obtained, forms the subject of a Memorandum by the Imperial Institute.

The Empire Marketing Board says that it is too early to state the result of the trials, but the preliminary reports from some of these countries, especially North-East India, are distinctly encouraging.

Tung oil is essential in the manufacture of varnish, and is important to the aeroplane, electrical and linoleum industries.

CHINA'S SILVER SITUATION

MINISTERIAL INVESTIGATOR
REPORTS.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao).

NANKING, July 16. Mr. H. H. Kung, the Minister of Industry, Labour and Commerce, who recently proceeded to Shanghai to investigate the silver situation, returned here to-day and made a report to the Central Government regarding the results of his investigation.

According to a recent census in Sumatra's East Coast, there were 373 Japanese men and 413 Japanese women; in Acheen 78 men and 90 women, and in Banca 13 men and 45 women. In any case, the increase in the men was not so considerable as to justify the fear of unfair economic competition.

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SOVIET TIMBER
INDUSTRY.CONVICT LABOUR
EMPLOYED.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, July 15. Asked in the House of Commons whether he was satisfied, after an examination of certain documents, that Russian timber being imported into Great Britain was produced by convict labour, Mr. W. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, said that the documents submitted lent support to the allegation which had been made in the House of Commons that some forced labour, including that of prisoners, was employed in the timber industry of the Soviet Union.

BRITISH BUILT
LOCOMOTIVES.BIG CONTRACT FROM
INDIAN N.W. RAILWAY.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, July 15. In the face of severe foreign competition, the Vulcan Foundry, of Newton-Le-Willows, Lancashire, has secured a big contract to supply the Indian North Western Railway with 27 locomotives.

The order provides nine months' work for 2,000 men.

AMERICAN STOCK QUOTATIONS.

LATEST WALL STREET PRICES.

The following quotations have been received from their correspondents, Messrs. Hayden, Stone & Co., of New York, by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz, Sassoon House, Shanghai, (cable address: "Swanstock," Shanghai), who are not responsible for cable mutilations.

	Last Dividend.	Latest Sales.
American Smelting	4	64
Anacosta Copper	3.50	50
Baltimore and Ohio	7	107
Borg Warner	3	29
Continental Oil	None	22
City Service Common	30c. A	29
Curtis Wright Common	None	108
Eastman Kodak	8B	208
Electric Bond and Share	8C	89
Erie Railroad	None	44
General Motors	3	43
General Ry. Signal	5	79
Gold Dust	2 1/2	41
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	5	64
Granby Consolidated	8	23
International Cement	Last Div.	68
International Nickel	3	28
Montgomery Ward	1.50	16
Nevada Consolidated Copper	None	40
Radio Corp	2 1/2	67
Sears Roebuck & Co.	3	25
Simmons Co.	Missing	73
Standard Oil of N.Y.	2.00	33
Standard Oil Co. of New York	2.50	73
Union Carbide and Carbon	None	23
U.S. Rubber	7	163
United States Steel		

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK
EXCHANGE.WEDNESDAY,
JULY 16.

BANKS

H.K. Banks .. \$1,500
Do. (London) .. \$1,500
Chartered Banks .. \$1,500
Mercantile Bk. .. \$1,500
Do. "C" .. \$1,500
Bank of East Asia .. \$1,500

INSURANCES

Canton Insurance .. \$900
Underwriters .. \$2.70
North China .. \$442
Union Insurance .. \$442
Yangtze Insurance .. \$400
China Fire .. \$950
H.K. Fire .. \$950

SHIPPING

Douglas .. \$34
Steamships .. \$33
Indos (pref) .. \$43
Do. (def) .. \$40
Shell Transports .. \$9/3
Water-boats .. \$31

MINING

Benquets .. \$4
Kailans .. \$13.10
Langkats (comb) .. \$7
Do. (single) .. \$1.30
Explorations .. \$24
Shanghai Loans .. \$1
Raubs .. \$1
Tronoh Mines .. \$1

DOCKS, WHARVES,
GODOWNS, ETC.

H.K. & K. Wharves .. \$170
Provident .. \$38
Shanghai Docks .. \$1.17
New Engineering .. \$1.74
Hongkows .. \$1.74

COTTON MILLS

Ewos .. \$1.53
Shai. Ctons (old) .. \$1.85
Do. (new) .. \$1.84
Zoong Sings .. \$1.10

LANDS, HOTELS AND
BUILDINGS

H.K. & S. Hotels .. \$11.60
H.K. Lands .. \$32
Shanghai Lands .. \$32
H.K. Realty .. \$3.15
Humphreys .. \$15
Chinese Estates .. \$15

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Tramways .. \$30.15
Peak Tram (old) .. \$12
Do. (new) .. \$8
Star Ferries .. \$88
C. Lights (old) .. \$26.60
Do. (new) .. \$80
H.K. Electric .. \$78.60
Macao do .. \$21
Sandakan Lights .. \$21
Telephones .. \$21
Do. (fully paid) .. \$21
China Buses .. \$6/8
Tramways .. \$6/8
Do. (pref) .. \$6/8

INDUSTRIALS

Caldbeck, (ord) .. \$1.10
Macgregor (pref) .. \$1.10
Canton Ice .. \$2.25
Cements (comb) .. \$18.70
Do. (old) .. \$13
Do. (new) .. \$13
Ropes .. \$10.80
China Sugars .. \$10.80
Malayan Sugars .. \$10.80
United Asbestos .. \$10.80

MISCELLANEOUS

Dairy Farms .. \$25
Der A. Wings .. \$25
Amusements .. \$25
Constructions .. \$1.90
Lane Crawford .. \$3.20
Mackintosh .. \$4
Nanyang Tobacco .. \$11
Sincere (old) .. \$11
Do. (new) .. \$11
Watsons .. \$12
Wm. Powells .. \$8
B. Ind. G. Bonds .. \$8
H.K. Govt. Loan .. \$10
Chin. Entertainment .. \$10

LOCAL AND REGULAR OUTWARD MAILS.

WEEK DAYS.

SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS

FOR

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FROM

FOREIGN MAILS

RADIO NOTICE.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic address at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DUE
SHANGHAI and SWATOW ..	Sciohoo ..	17th July
SHANGHAI and AMOY ..	Nanchang ..	17th July
AMOY ..	Takien ..	17th July
JAPAN ..	Montevideo Maru ..	17th July
EUROPE via SUEZ (Letters and parcels, 15th June) ..	Raiputana ..	17th July
JAPAN, SHANGHAI and EUROPE via SUEZ (Letters and parcels, 15th June) ..	Morea ..	18th July
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (Seattle, 28th June) ..	Pres. Taft ..	18th July
SHANGHAI and SWATOW ..	Emp. of Russia ..	19th July
MANILA ..	Chichibu Maru ..	20th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 28th June) ..	Ati Maru ..	21st July
JAPAN ..	Pres. Van Buren ..	28th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 28th June) ..	Pres. McKinley ..	28th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 28th June) ..	Yokohama Maru ..	28th July
JAPAN and SHANGHAI ..	Tanda ..	11th Aug

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 3 p.m. on the previous day.

FOR	PER	DATE and TIME
Straits ..	Greiner ..	Thursday, 17th, 10.30 a.m.
Straits and Formosa via Swatow ..	Loli Maru ..	10.30 a.m.
Haiphong ..	Gov. Gen. Merin ..	10.30 a.m.
Manila ..	British Prince ..	1.30 p.m.
Swatow ..	Hydrangos ..	3.00 p.m.
Japan ..	Raiputana ..	6.00 p.m.
Shanghai, and *EUROPE via Siberia ..	Raiputana ..	6.00 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa and *South American Ports ..	Montevideo Maru ..	9.30 a.m.
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Calcutta via Straits ..	Takien ..	Noon
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow ..	Hai Ning ..	1.00 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & South Africa, Aden, Egypt, and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 15th August	Morea	Reg., 19th Aug. 5.00 Letters 10.00 8.10 p.m. Reg., 19th Aug. 4.45 Letters 10.30 " "
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ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.

AMOEY

Kumsang, Jardine's, July 17.
Tatiana, B. & S., July 17.
Haining, Douglas, July 18.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., July 19.
Kiungchow, B. & S., July 20.
Haining, Douglas, July 22.
Tatiana, B. & S., July 24.
Tsinan, B. & S., July 24.
Haining, Douglas, July 25.
Suisang, Jardine's, July 25.
Anhui, B. & S., July 27.
Tatiana, B. & S., July 27.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., Aug. 2.
Namsang, Jardine's, Aug. 5.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., Aug. 7.
Tatiana, B. & S., Aug. 10.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Aug. 10.

ANTWERP

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Java, Manners, July 23.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 23.
Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Ceylon, Gilman's, Aug. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Aki Maru, N.Y.K., July 22.
Taiping, B. & S., July 22.
Nellore, E. & A., Aug. 3.
Kitoan, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.

BALTIC PORTS

Java, Manners, July 23.

BALTIMORE

Pyrrhus, B.F., July 25.
Birchbank, Bank, Aug. 1.
City of Delhi, Bank, Aug. 11.

BANGKOK

Kaying, B. & S., July 20.
Kwangchow, B. & S., July 27.

BARCELONA

Burgenland, Jebson, July 17.
Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.

BELAWAN-DELI

Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 17.

BOMBAY

Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Mirzapore, P. & O., July 23.
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 19.

BOSTON

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Pyrrhus, B.F., July 25.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Japanese Prince, Furness, July 29.
Birchbank, Bank, Aug. 1.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 2.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Chinese Prince, Furness, Aug. 12.
City of Delhi, Bank, Aug. 12.

BREMER

Fulda, Melchers, July 20.
Wittell, Melchers, Aug. 4.
Witram, Melchers, Aug. 14.

BRINDISI

Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 23.

CALCUTTA

Takliwa, B.I., July 18, 3 p.m.
Hosang, Jardine's, July 22.
Yuenang, Jardine's, July 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 6.
Tilawa, B.I., Aug. 16.

CEBU

Pyrrhus, B.F., July 25.

CHEFOO

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.

COLOMBO

Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Durban Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Mirzapore, P. & O., July 23.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 26.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Athos II, M.M., July 29.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 12.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 12.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 19.

COPENHAGEN

Java, Manners, July 24.

DALNY

Tea, B. & S., July 21.

DUTCH PORTS

Burgenland, Jebson, July 17.
Achilles, B.F., July 22.
Friesland, Jebson, July 25.
Fulda, Melchers, July 26.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Java, Manners, July 28.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 29.
Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Wittell, Melchers, Aug. 4.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.
Vogtland, Jebson, Aug. 5.
Ceylon, Gilman's, Aug. 8.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.
City of Madras, Bank, Aug. 9.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 12.
Witram, Melchers, Aug. 14.

FOOHOOW

Haining, Douglas, July 18.
Tea, B. & S., July 21.
Haining, Douglas, July 22.
Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, July 23.
Haining, Douglas, July 23.

GENOA

Burgenland, Jebson, July 17.
Kt. Companion, B.F., July 20.
Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 23.
Friesland, Jebson, July 25.
Fulda, Melchers, July 26.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Vogtland, Jebson, Aug. 5.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.

GLASGOW

Kt. Companion, B.F., July 20.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW

Chengtu, B. & S., July 24.
Kanchow, B. & S., Aug. 7.

HAMBURG

Burgenland, Jebson, July 17.
Achilles, B.F., July 22.
Friesland, Jebson, July 25.
Fulda, Melchers, July 26.
Java, Manners, July 26.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 26.
Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.
Wittell, Melchers, Aug. 4.
Vogtland, Jebson, Aug. 5.
Ceylon, Gilman's, Aug. 8.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.
City of Madras, Bank, Aug. 9.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 12.
Witram, Melchers, Aug. 14.

HAVRE

Kt. Companion, B.F., July 20.
Java, Manners, July 23.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.

HONOLULU

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., July 31.

JAPAN PORTS

Kamsang, Jardine's, July 17.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., July 18.
Main, Melchers, July 18.
Rajputana, P. & O., July 18, 6 a.m.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., July 19.
Menelaus, B.F., July 20.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., July 21.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., July 23.
Tilawa, B.I., July 24.
Suisang, Jardine's, July 25.
Agra, Gilman's, July 28.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Angers, M.M., July 29.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, July 30.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., July 31.
Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Aug. 1.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 1.
Tatiana, B.I., Aug. 2.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 2.
Borda, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Rames, Jebson, Aug. 3.
Lycan, B.F., Aug. 4.
Namsang, Jardine's, Aug. 5.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.
Anhalt, Melchers, Aug. 7.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Aug. 7.
Lahn, Melchers, Aug. 9.
Tatiana, B.I., Aug. 10.
Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 12.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 15.
Mantua, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.

JAVA PORTS

Tijsondari, J.C.J.L., July 22.
Tijmanock, J.C.J.L., July 29.
Tijkarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 5.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., Aug. 12.

LIVERPOOL

Kt. Companion, B.F., July 20.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.

LONDON

Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Achilles, B.F., July 22.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 28.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.
City of Madras, Bank, Aug. 9.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 12.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.

LOS ANGELES

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 29.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Aug. 12.

MANILA

Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 19.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., July 22.
Taiping, B. & S., July 22.
Tijsondari, J.C.J.L., July 22.
Pyrrhus, B.F., July 25.
Fulda, Melchers, July 26.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 29.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Aug. 2.
Nellore, E. & A., Aug. 3.
Tijkarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 5.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
City of Delhi, Bank, Aug. 12.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Aug. 12.

MARSEILLES

Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Achilles, B.F., July 22.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Java, Manners, July 28.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 28.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.
Athos II, M.M., July 28.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Wittell, Melchers, Aug. 4.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 6.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 12.
Witram, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.

NAPLES

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Chinese Prince, Furness, Aug. 12.
City of Delhi, Bank, Aug. 12.

NEWCHWANG

Tea, B. & S., July 21.

OSLO

Tudor, Thoresen, July 27.

PANAMA

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 2.

PENANG

Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 17.
Takliwa, B.I., July 18, 3 p.m.
Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Hosang, Jardine's, July 22.
Mirzapore, P. & O., July 23.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 28.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Yuenang, Jardine's, July 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 6.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 8.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Tilawa, B.I., Aug. 16.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 19.

RABAU

Bremerhaven, Melchers, July 24.

RANGOON

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.

SAIGON

Athos II, M.M., July 29.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 12.

SANDAKAN

Hinsang, Jardine's, July 20.
Mausang, Jardine's, July 31.
Nellore, E. & A., Aug. 3.

SAN FRANCISCO

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 29.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., July 31.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 2.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Aug. 12.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Java, Manners, July 28.
Ceylon, Gilman's, Aug. 8.

SEATTLE

Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., July 22.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 2.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Aug. 5.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Aug. 19.

SHANGHAI

Taiyuan, B. & S., July 17.
Rajputana, P. & O., July 18, 6 a.m.
Liangchow, B. & S., July 18.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., July 18.
Main, Melchers, July 18.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, July 18.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., July 19.
Menelaus, B.F., July 20.
Sochow, B. & S., July 20.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Yatsing, Jardine's, July 20.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., July 21.
Tea, B. & S., July 21.
Sunning, B. & S., July 22.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., July 23.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, July 23.
Tilawa, P. & O., July 24.
Tijkarang, J.C.J.L., July 24.
Tsinan, B. & S., July 24.
Suisang, Jardine's, July 25.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 26.
Chakasang, Jardine's, July 27.
Agra, Gilman's, July 28.
Angers, M.M., July 29.
Foonhing, Jardine's, July 30.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, July 30.
Chichibu Maru, N.Y.K., July 31.
Asia, Manners, Aug. 1.
Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Aug. 1.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 1.
Borda, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Rames, Jebson, Aug. 3.
Lycan, B.F., Aug. 4.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.
Anhalt, Melchers, Aug. 7.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Aug. 7.
Tijbadak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 7.
Lahn, Melchers, Aug. 9.
Oanfa, B.F., Aug. 12.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 15.
Mantua, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 18.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.

SINGAPORE

Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 17.
Takliwa, B.I., July 18, 3 p.m.
Morea, P. & O., July 19, noon.
Kiungchow, B. & S., July 20.
Knight Companion, B.F., July 20.
Achilles, B.F., July 22.
Hosang, Jardine's, July 22.
Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 23.
Mirzapore, P. & O., July 23.
Pyrrhus, B.F., July 25.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Jeppore, P. & O., July 28.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 28.
Anhui, B. & S., July 27.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, July 27.
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Yuenang, Jardine's, July 28.
Athos II, M.M., July 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Kalyan, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Wittell, Melchers, Aug. 4.
Aeneas, B.F., Aug. 5.
Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 6.
Doric Star, Dodwell's, Aug. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 12.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Aug. 12.
Witram, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Rajputana, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Tilawa, B.I., Aug. 16.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 19.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Tinhow, Bank, Aug. 4.
Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 28.
Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.

SWATOW

Haining, Douglas, July 18.
Liangchow, B. & S., July 18.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., July 19.
Kaying, B. & S., July 20.
Kiungchow, B. & S., July 20.
Sochow, B. & S., July 20.
Yatsing, Jardine's, July 20.
Haining, Douglas, July 22.
Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Sunning, B. & S., July 22.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, July 23.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, July 23.
Haining, Douglas, July 25.
Anhui, B. & S., July 27.
Chakasang, Jardine's, July 27.
Kwongchow, B. & S., July 27.
Foonhing, Jardine's, July 30.
Tijlbeet, J.C.J.L., Aug. 2.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Aug. 5.

TIENTSIN

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, July 25.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Aug. 5.

TRIESTE AND VENICE

Col. di Lana, Dodwell's, July 23.

TSINGTAO

Sochow, B. & S., July 20.
Yatsing, Jardine's, July 20.
Sunning, B. & S., July 22.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, July 23.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 23.
Chakasang, Jardine's, July 27.
Foonhing, Jardine's, July 30.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., July 23.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 2.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Aug. 7.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., July 22.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., July 23.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 2.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Aug. 5.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 6.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Aug. 7.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Aug. 19.

VLADIVOSTOCK

Agra, Gilman's, July 28.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, July 30.

WEIHAIWEI

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 28.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Co.'s Vessel
"DOLUS"
FROM UNITED KINGDOM AND
CONTINENTAL PORTS VIA
SINGAPORE
are hereby notified that their Cargo will
be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kow-
loon, where it will be at Consignees
risk and subject to Terms and Condi-
tions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. The
Cargo will be ready for Delivery from
Godown on and after 17th July.
Optional Cargo will not be landed
here, unless Notice has been given prior
to Vessel's arrival, but carried on from
port to port to the final port of call, to
which the option extends.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on any Tuesdays
and Fridays between the hours of
10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free
Storage period.
No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Vessel's Godown,
and all Goods remaining undelivered
after the 22nd July will be subject to
Rent.
All Claims against the Vessel must
be presented to the Undersigned on or
before the 6th August, or they will not
be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
17th July, 1930. [9651]

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Achilles due from Japan July 22.
Aeneas due from Shanghai Aug. 5.
Aki Maru due from Japan July 21.
Anhalt due from Europe Aug. 7.
Atago Maru due from New York July 22.
Athos II. due from Japan July 20.
Borda due from Europe Aug. 2.
Bremerhaven arrived from Rabaul July 16.
Burgenland due from Shanghai July 18, p.m.
Calchas due from Europe Aug. 17.
Change due from Australia Aug. 12.
Chichibu Maru due from Shanghai July 21.
City of Athens due from Europe Aug. 15.
City of Delhi due from Europe July 21.
City of Worcester due from New York Aug. 7.
Emp. of Japan due from South-
ampton Aug. 1.
Emp. of Russia due from Manila July 20, 9 a.m.
Glengarry due from Europe July 17.
Hakusan Maru due from Japan July 23.
Hilda due from Japan July 18.
Kashmir due from Europe July 31.
Knight Companion due from Japan July 20.
Lahn due from Europe Aug. 9.
Lycan due from Europe Aug. 4.
Main due from Europe July 18.
Mantua due from Europe Aug. 14.
Menelaus due from Europe July 20.
Moncalieri due from Trieste July 17.
Montevideo Maru due from Japan July 17.
Morea due from Shanghai July 18, 7 a.m.
Nellore due from Japan July 30.
Oanfa due from Europe Aug. 12.
Pres. McKinley due from Japan July 29.
Pres. Taft due from Shanghai July 18.
Pres. Van Buren due from Japan July 26.
Protoslaus due from Japan Aug. 14.
Rajputana due from Singapore July 17, 7 a.m.
Rakuyo Maru due from San Francisco July 23.
Rames due from Europe Aug. 3.
Sarpedon due from Europe July 25.
Sauerland due from Europe Aug. 18.

Taipei arrived from Manila July 10.
Taiwan due from Europe July 21.
Takliwa due from Amoy July 17, a.m.
Tatiana due from Calcutta July 27.
Tajna due from Calcutta Aug. 8.
Tanda due from Australia Aug. 11.
Tilawa due from Singapore July 22.
Tijbadak due from Java Aug. 6.
Tijkarang due from Java July 29.
Tijlbeet arrived from Java July 18.
Tijmanock due from Keelung July 27.
Tisalak due from Java July 30.
Tisarcen arrived from Amoy July 13.
Tijsondari due from Shanghai July 20.
Tyndareus due from Japan July 21.
Yokohama Maru due from Japan July 28.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

S.S. "D'ARTAGNAN"

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON
TUESDAY, THE 16TH JULY, 1930.

FROM MARSEILLES, etc.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the
above-named Steamer are hereby
informed that their Goods with the
exception of Opium, Treasure and Val-
ables are being landed and placed
at their risk in the Godowns of the
Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and
Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence
Delivery can be obtained as the Goods
are landed.
Goods not cleared within 7 days
including date of arrival will be subject
to Rent.
All Claims must be sent to the Under-
signed before Thursday, the 24th July,
1930, or they will not be recognized.
Damaged Packages must be left in
the Godowns for examination by the
Consignees and the Company's Sur-
veyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, at
10 a.m

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 17th July, Daylight
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"LIANGCHOW"	On 19th July, Noon
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KIANGCHOW"	On 20th July, 10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 24th July, Noon
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 24th July, 3 p.m.
FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALRY	"TEAN"	On 24th July, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 24th July, Noon
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"SUICHOW"	On 24th July, Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"OHENGTO"	On 24th July, 10 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 27th July, 10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 27th July, 3 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHAI & HAIPHONG	"KANCHOW"	On 7th Aug., 10 a.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

CARGO AND PASSENGER CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (P. I.), Thursday Is., Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTE - TAIPING (SUNNERS)

FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE.

ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SUGAR AND STEWARD'S CARRIED.

Enjoy Your Short Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hong Kong, Sydney—19 Days.

FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, £95 RETURN.

LONDON (via Australia) from £141/10/-

(Australian Newspapers on file)

STEAMER Due Hong Kong Leaves Hong Kong Leaves Manila Due Sydney

TAIPING In Port 12th Aug. 22nd July 25th July 10th Aug.

CHANGTE In Port 12th Aug. 22nd July 25th July 10th Sept.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents—HONG KONG-SHANGHAI

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "JAVA"

on or about

26th JULY

For PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, HAVRE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONTINENT, ETC.
M.S. "Asia"	1st August	10th Sept.
M.S. "Afrika"	1st Sept.	5th Oct.
M.S. "Malaya"	25th Sept.	1st Nov.
M.S. "Danmark"	31st Oct.	10th Dec.

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To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

ATHOS II ... 29th July

D'ARTAGNAN ... 12th Aug.

ANGERS ... 28th Aug.

SPINX ... 15th Sept.

G. METZINGER ... 29th Sept.

PORTHOUS ... 14th Oct.

CHENONCEAUX ... 28th Oct.

D'ARTAGNAN ... 11th Nov.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	JULY 15, 1930.										JULY 16, 1930.									
	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Clouds	Direction	Force	State	Remarks	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Clouds	Direction	Force	State	Remarks
Wladivostok	12	29.65	75.3	86	...	NW	2	c	5	29.69	75.4	70	...	N	2	o	...	...	...	...
Nemuro	11	29.65	75.0	...	...	NE	1	...	5	29.65	75.0	...	...	ENE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Hakodate	...	29.61	75.2	...	...	SW	1	...	...	29.67	75.5	...	...	WNW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	29.67	75.5	...	...	S	1	...	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kobe	...	29.74	75.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.75	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	29.74	75.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	29.74	75.5	...	...	SSE	1	...	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.55	75.0	...	...	SE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.68	75.2	...	...	E	1	...	...	29.33	74.5	...	...	ENE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.59	75.1	...	...	N	1	...	...	29.39	74.6	...	...	N	2	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	29.78	75.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	75.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	15	29.18	74.3	76	100	SE	6	r	6	29.32	74.7	75	...	SSW	2	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.48	74.8	86	81	SSE	4	o	...	29.52	74.9	79	...	S	1	...	...	...	...	...
Gutzlaff	...	29.57	75.1	78	95	SSE	4	o	...	29.58	75.1	76	...	S	4	...	...	...	...	...
Wenchow	...	29.58	75.1	82	84	S	2	b	7	29.55	75.0	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foochow	...	29.57	75.1	84	83	S	2	b	7	29.55	75.0	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	29.51	74.9	80	82	WNW	2	c	6	29.50	74.8	80	...	ESE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.50	74.9	80	84	S	2	c	6	29.46	74.8	79	...	E	2	...	...	...	...	...
Taihouk	11	29.59	75.1	86	78	NW	2	...	5	29.52	75.0	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taichu	...	29.59	75.1	86	...	...	...	...	...	29.55	75.0	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	...	29.58	75.1	84	...	...	...	...	...	29.59	75.0	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	29.58	75.1	86	...	...	...	...	...	29.52	74.8	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadores	...	29.58	75.1	82	...	WNW	4	...	...	29.52	74.8	79	...	SSE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.41	74.7	82	89	E	2	or	6	29.41	74.7	78	...	SSW	5	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.40	74.6	83	...	SE	4	...	...	29.39	74.6	82	...	SSW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.36	74.5	81	94	SSE	4	...	...	29.39	74.4	79	...	SSW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	...	29.39	74.6	80	96	W	2	...	7	29.46	75.2	82	...	ENE	4	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.50	74.9	85	88	SSW	4	...	6	29.54	75.0	82	...	E	6	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	16	29.39	74.6	90	66	W	2	...	7	29.46	75.2	82	...	ENE	4	...	...	...	...	...
Touran	...	29.43	74.8	90	...	E	2	...	6	29.54	75.0	82	...	E	6	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.78	75.6	79	...	SW	6	...	...	29.84	75.8	77	...	WSW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	14	29.52	74.9	84	81	WSW	4	...	6	29.50	74.9	81	...	W	4	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.55	75.0	82	...	SSE	2	...	...	29.58	75.1	79	...	S	2	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.62	75.2	84	74	SW	6	...	...	29.67	75.3	79	...	SW	6	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.65	75.3	86	75	SSW	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.65	75.3	86	75	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.69	75.4	90	57	SW	4	...	...	29.76	75.6	82	...	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	...	29.69	75.4	89	88	SW	6	...	...	29.74	75.5	82	...	SSW	6	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.71	75.5	89	88	SW	6	...	...	29.78	75.6	82	...	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.69	75.4	86	61	W	4	...	...	29.78	75.6	75	...	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.69	75.4	86	61	W	4	...	...	29.74	75.5	76	...	W	2	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	11.00	...	...	...	...	NW	1	b	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.78	75.6	...	...	SSW	2	r	5	29.83	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.85	75.9	...	...	SSW	2	r	5	29.83	75.7	76	...	SSE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.83	75.7	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	75.7	90	60	S	7	b	6	29.83	75.7	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

July 16d. 9h. 45m.—Warning to Hong Kong, Coast Ports, &c.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 60 miles of Lat. 25° N. Long. 127° E., moving N.E.
 July 16d. 10h. 38m.—A depression remains to the N.W. of Hong Kong.
 A typhoon to the S.W. of Naha is moving N.E.
 Shanghai, warning, 16d. 10h. 15m.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 30 miles of Lat. 21° N. Long. 128° E., moving N.N.W.—Reed 16d. 10h. 30m.
 Manila warning, 16d. 9h. 00m.—Typhoon S. of Naha moving E.N.E. Reed 16d. 9h. 40m.
 Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 3.45 inches. Total since January 1, 41.32 inches, against an average of 44.89 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JULY 17.

- 1.—Formosa Channel ... Light, variable winds.
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamocks ... S. winds, moderate; squally, generally overcast.
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock ... rain.
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan ... S.E. winds, moderate, squally.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, July 16.

	Previous Day	On Date	On Date
	at 4 p.m.	at 4 p.m.	at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.37	29.41	29.36
Temperature	86	84	80
Humidity	78	80	85
Wind	SE	SSE	S
Direction	SE	SSE	S
Force	2	3	3
Weather	2	OR	OP
Rain	1.72	0.00	3.21
Highest open-air Temperature, 15: 83			
Lowest open-air Temperature, 16: 78			
B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.			

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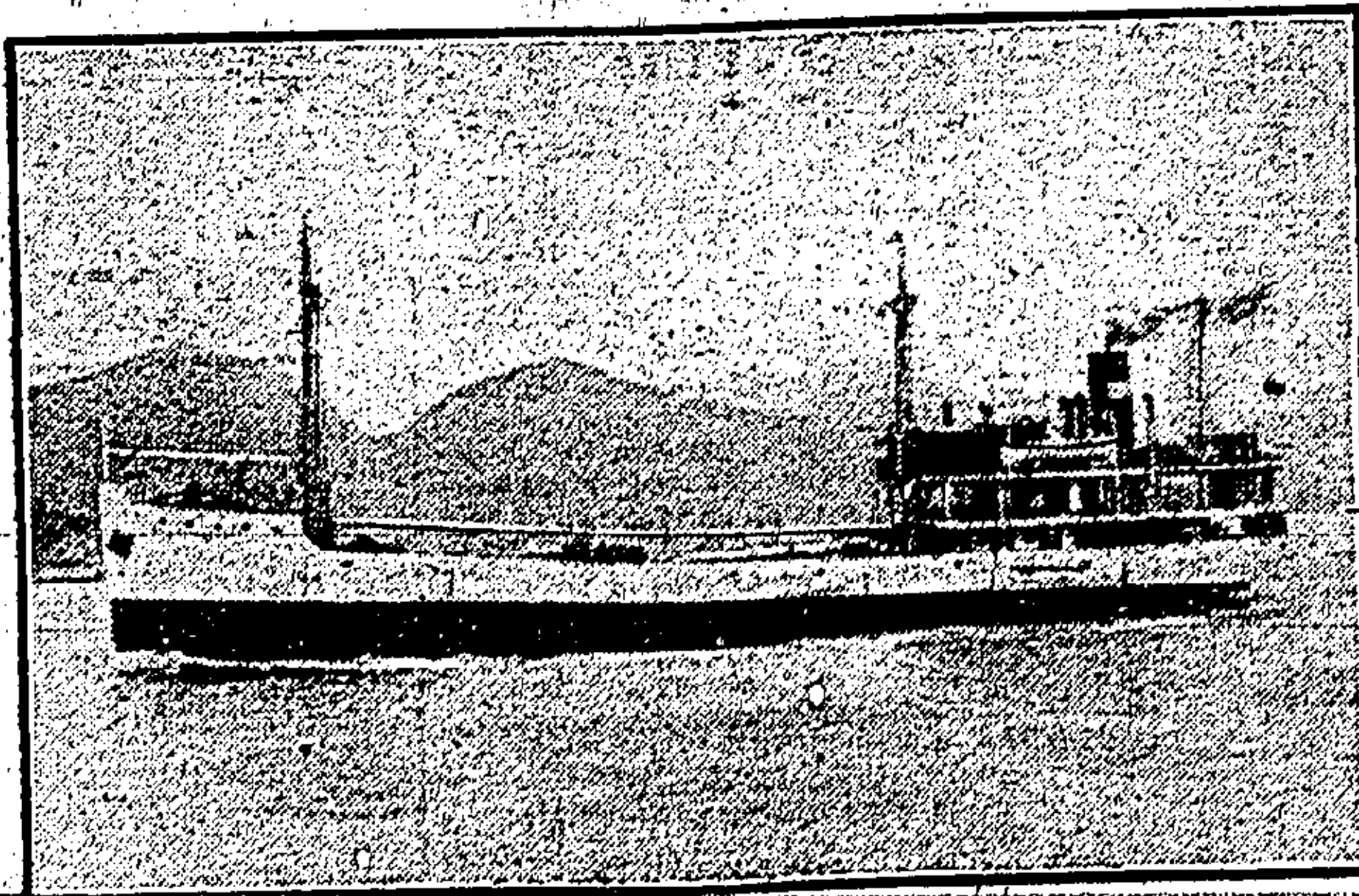
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CANADIAN PACIFIC

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Ship	Leave	Arrive	Ship	Leave	Arrive
Empress of Russia	July 23	July 29	July 31	Aug. 6	Aug. 12
Empress of Japan	Aug. 7	Aug. 10	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 23
Empress of Asia	Aug. 20	Aug. 23	Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Sept. 6
Empress of Canada	Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 11	Sept. 13	Sept. 19
Empress of Russia	Sept. 17	Sept. 20	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 4
Empress of Japan	Oct. 2	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 9	Oct. 17
Empress of Asia	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 21	Oct. 23	Nov. 1
Empress of Canada	Oct. 30	Nov. 2	Nov. 4	Nov. 6	Nov. 14
Empress of Russia	Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	Nov. 20	Nov. 29
Empress of Japan	Nov. 27	Nov. 30	Dec. 3	Dec. 5	Dec. 12
Empress of Asia	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 18	Dec. 27
Empress of Canada	Dec. 25	Dec. 28	Dec. 31	Jan. 1	Jan. 9
Empress of Russia	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 15	Jan. 24
Empress of Japan	Jan. 29	Feb. 1	Feb. 3	Feb. 5	Feb. 13
Empress of Asia	Feb. 25	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Mar. 5	Mar. 14

HONG KONG-MANILA

Ship	Leave	Arrive
EMP. OF ASIA	Aug. 12	Aug. 14
EMP. OF CANADA	Aug. 27	Aug. 29

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CHICHIBU MARU ... Thursday, 31st July

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

KOREA MARU ... Wednesday, 8th August

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

HAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 28th July, at 7 a.m.

HARUNA MARU ... Saturday, 9th August

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Porto.

AKI MARU ... Tuesday, 22nd July

KITANO MARU ... Tuesday, 18th August

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

RANGOON MARU ... Monday, 28th July

TAMBA MARU ... Monday, 11th August

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

RAKUYO MARU ... Monday, 22nd July

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Porto.

BINGO MARU ... Wednesday, 6th August

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

ATAGO MARU ... Saturday, 2nd August

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Samsoul (Constantinople), Genoa & Marseilles.

DELTA MARU ... Monday, 11th August

GALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

YAMAGATA MARU ... Tuesday, 29th July

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

LYONS MARU ... Friday, 18th July

MORIOKA MARU (Mojik direct) ... Saturday, 19th July

KATOBI MARU ... Monday, 21st July

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NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

Ship	For	For
M.V. "COL DI LANA"	Shanghai & Japan	23rd July
M.V. "MONCALIERI"	Singapore & Europe	24th Aug.
S.S. "FIUME-L"	Shanghai & Japan	1st Aug.
S.S. "FIUME-L"	Singapore & Europe	8th Sept.

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YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 10,400 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
21,760 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:—

Ship	Cargo for	Through
British	H.K.	Ports
Kumsang	Calcutta 623	2,348
Liangchow	Shanghai 310	1,150
Hydrangea	Swatow 189	—
Taiyuan	Swatow —	100
American	Golden Sun, Los Angeles 1,314	1,325
French	Chenonceaux, Yokohama 22	359
D'Artagnan	Saigon 232	2,783
G.G. Paul Doumer	Saigon 1,279	—
Dutch	Cremer, Amoy —	1,058
Tjileboet	Batavia 3,580	3,581
German	Duisburg, Singapore 1,544	4,640
Italian	Moncalieri, Trieste 93	1,200
Japanese	Kumakata Maru, Keelung 650	950
Durban Maru	Yokohama —	1,716
Deli Maru	Swatow —	30
Rokko Maru	Sea 45	695
Chinese	Shiu Hing, Macao 27	—
Total	10,417	21,769

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ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:—

Ship	Arr.	Dep.
British	4	8
American	2	1
French	3	4
Dutch	2	1
German	1	0
Italian	1	1
Japanese	4	3
Chinese	2	5
Norwegian	0	1
Total	19	24

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—
Kumsang (Br.) Calcutta, 1,110
Hydrangea (Br.) Swatow 309
Taiyuan (Br.) Canton 52
D'Artagnan (Fr.) Marseilles, Saigon 120
(Continued on next column.)

ARRIVALS.

July 15.
G.G. Paul Doumer, French str., 734 tons, Capt. Turrel, from Saigon, buoy No. C15—Botelle Brothers.
Kum Sang, for British str., 3,341 tons, Capt. J. H. Ferguson, from Singapore, Kowloon Wharf—J. M. & Co.
Liangchow, British str., 1,920 tons, Capt. John Taylor, from Swatow, buoy No. B13—B. & S.
July 16.
Bremerhaven, German str., 917 tons, Capt. W. Rohr, from Rabaul, buoy No. C35—Malchers & Co.
Corona, Norwegian str., 1,953 tons, Capt. E. Stormer, from Chemung, buoy No. B30—Doddwell & Co.
Cremer, Dutch str., 2,785 tons, Capt. G. J. Harmsen, from Swatow, buoy No. A24—J.C.J.L.
Duisburg, German str., 4,374 tons, Capt. H. Eckhorn, from Hamburg, Kowloon Wharf—Jensen & Co.
Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons, Capt. P. W. Grierson, from Swatow, Chiu On Wharf—Chiu On & Co.
Kumakata Maru, Japanese str., 783 tons, Capt. C. Kawamoto, from Keelung, buoy No. C49—M.B.K.
Tai Yuan, British str., 2,109 tons, Capt. R. Robertson, from Canton, buoy No. B12—B. & S.
Tjileboet, Dutch str., 3,635 tons, Capt. J. Adriance, from Batavia, buoy No. A5—J.C.J.L.

PASSENGERS

The following passengers left yesterday by the m.s. Hikawa Maru:—Mr. H. Holmberg, Dr. W. Nicol, Mr. J. Donaldson, Miss M. Eddings, Miss V. Hollingsworth, Mr. Driesen, Mr. G. Mikami, Mr. Otto Morgenstern, Mr. and Mrs. Cos. Miss Hannah T. W. Yap, Mr. Y. Hasegawa, Mr. and Mrs. G. Hadden, Mr. W. L. Arvin, Mr. Kwa Say Seng, Miss G. Ryan, Mr. Walter Benton Serfess, Mr. J. Durand, Mr. Madam M. Flint, Mr. T. Inatsugu, Mr. K. Yanoaka, Miss Edna Waples, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Victor, Mrs. H. Tochi, Mr. Foster Night, Mr. D. Martin, Mrs. S. A. de Vera, Mr. S. Arroyo, Mr. James Redman, Mrs. Myrtle Redman, Miss Ruth Campbell, Miss Kathryn Rossman, Miss Florence Ryan, Miss Olive Chenault, Miss Grace Williams, Miss M. L. J. Blot, Mrs. Wai, Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Ching, Mrs. Helen C. Lyann, and Mr. Yee Kan Wan.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following ships were in harbour yesterday:—
Wharves—Kowloon: Akita Maru, Kumsang, Duisburg; A. P. C.—North Point: Eburna; Socony—Laichikou: Golden Sun; Jardine Matheson's: Yatsing; Douglas—Lapraik: Venesia.
Docks—Kowloon: Taiping, Adamastor, Kwaishang, Hermes, Nan Ching, Nan Tack; Taihook: Kaimila, Shing Cheoni, Anhui, Natica; Cosmopolitan: Yuan Lee.
Buoys—A1 British Prince, A2 Maru, A4 Taiyuan, A5 Tjileboet, A6 Taiping, B7 Yatsing, A8 Kaying, B12 Taiyuan, C15 G.G. Paul Doumer, B24 Cremer, A25 Golden Dragon, A28 Lyons Maru, C67 Helikon, C80 G.G. Merin, C47 Hinsang, C49 Kumakata Maru, B31 Storviken.

CLEARANCES.

July 16.
Cremer, for Singapore.
Deli Maru, for Swatow.
Duisburg, for Shanghai.
G.G. Berlin, for Haiphong.
Golden Sun, for Saigon.
Kumakata Maru, for Canton.
Kum Sang, for Amoy.
Liangchow, for Canton.
Tai Yuan, for Amoy.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The R.M.S. Empress of Japan left Southampton on July 12, at 1.30 a.m., and is due at Hong Kong on August 1.
The P. & O. s.s. Morea left Shanghai for this port on the 15th instant, at 5 p.m., and is due here on the 16th instant, at about 7 a.m.
Quarantine restrictions have been imposed against arrivals from Cebu on account of cholera.

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NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE

S.S. "CITY OF DELHI" ... 11th August

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M.V. "BIRCHBANK" ... 1st August

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

S.S. "TINHOW" ... 4th August

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GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

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(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From	Destination
"MOREA"	10,954	19th July, Noon	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"MIRZAPUR"	6,715	23rd July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"JEYPORE"	5,318	25th July (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd Aug.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	16th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	18th Aug.	Straits, Colombo, B'ham & Karachi.
"KASHMIR"	8,955	30th Aug.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"MANTUA"	10,946	13th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	27th Sept.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"MALWA"	10,980	11th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	25th Oct.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,130	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"NAGPORE"	5,283	15th Nov.	Marseilles & London.
"KARMALA"	9,128	22nd Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	6th Dec.	do.
"KALYAN"	9,144	20th Dec.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"RANCHI"	16,660	1931	Marseilles & London.
"KASHMIR"	8,955	17th Jan.	Mars, L'don, Hull, B'ham & A'warp.
"COMORIN"	15,132	31st Jan.	Marseilles & London.

* Cargo only.

† Calls Casablanca.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the H.M. Royal Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Ship	Tons	From	Destination
"TAKIWA"	7,936	16th July, 3 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TILAWA"	10,006	16th Aug.	do.
"TALAMBA"	8,018	23rd Aug.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	31st Aug.	do.

R.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Ship	Tons	From	Destination
"NELLOBE"	6,853	3rd Aug.	Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"TANDA"	6,956	5th Sept.	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	3rd Oct.	do.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia
The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hanoi, Cebu, Kolambangan, Tawao, Timor, Durban, or other ports en route as indicated.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—

The

